INSURANCE
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Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXV NO. 46 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 24, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Italy Will Not Participate In London Coronation

Protest Against Invitation To Negus

Il Duce Will Not Take It Lying Down

ROME, Feb. 23.

It is believed that Italy may not be represented at the Coronation in London as a result of an invitation issued to the Emperor of Abyssinia, the news of which has been received with surprise by Italians, who thought that the recent Gentlemen's Agreement marked a reconciliation between Great Britain and Italy.

It is understood that the Prince of Piedmont and Princess Marie Jose would have represented Italy, but unofficially it is declared that this would be impossible, if the Negus or one of his few remaining supporters was present to represent "the Empire of Abyssinia."—Reuter.

INVITATION TO MARITIME POWERS

LONDON, Feb. 23.

Thirty-three maritime Powers will be invited to send a man-of-war each to the Coronation Naval Review at Spithead on May 20.

Spain is among those invited.—Reuter.

AIR-BOMB-FIRE-FIGHTERS

Britain Plans To Train 200,000 Men For Three Months

LONDON, Feb. 23.

Supplementary fire-fighting services to deal with the effects of incendiary bomb attacks will necessitate the employment of 200,000 men under a new Government plan. It will take three months to train a man to become an efficient fire-fighter. The minimum recruitment for the scheme will be a 100,000 and as the modern large aeroplane can carry 1,000 small incendiary bombs, at least 20,000 men will be required to fight-fires in London alone. Each man will be granted £5 for equipment, and there will be further grants of £3.

Auxiliary fire stations will be established and equipped with high-power fire-fighting appliances. Patrol systems will be established. Women will be enabled to fulfil certain duties.—Reuter.

ANGLO-BURMA TRADE PACT

LONDON, Feb. 23.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Charlton, Mr. Runciman said that no date had been yet fixed for trade negotiations with Burma. His department would continue to keep in close touch with industry.—Reuter.

ALL SHOT DEAD

Sequel To Attempt On Graziani

ROME, February 23

It is officially announced at Addis Ababa that all persons arrested after the attempt to kill Marshal Graziani found possessing arms have been shot.

The remaining several hundreds who were proved innocent have been released. Altogether 2,000 were arrested.—Reuter.

Congress Sweeps Polls In Madras

CAPTURES ALL SEATS IN CITY

Prospects Of Majority In Upper Chamber

MADRAS, Feb. 23.

Results in the Upper House elections are only available upto now in 38 constituencies, out of 46 including the unopposed returns.

The results indicate that the Congress has secured as many as 25 seats and lost 5 seats.

The party position based on the latest available results is as follows:—

Congress	25.
Justice Party	3.
People's Party	nil.
Independents	5.
Muslim League	2.
Independent Muslims	2.
Indian Christians	nil.
Europeans	1.

The total strength of the House is 54 to 56, 46 seats being elective and 8 to 10 being nominated by the Governor.—United Press.

CONGRESS GET SIX OUT OF EIGHT

Latest Result Of Madras Upper House Election

MADRAS, Feb. 23.

Mr. N. Sankara Reddi (Congress) was declared elected to the Madras Legislative Council from Kurnool, defeating Rao Bahadur S. P. Sesha Reddi (Justice).

Mr. Sankara Reddy secured 110 votes and Sesha Reddi 90 votes.

Out of the eight seats so far filled in the Upper House, Congress has secured six.—United Press.

Signal Success In Madras Upper House Election

MADRAS, Feb. 23.

Congress gave the first signal of its sweep at the polls with a couple of victories scored in elections to the Upper Chamber, Madras Legislative Council.

Counting finished to-day for the two seats allotted to the city and both the Congress nominees came out successful defeating Justicite Mr. Sunder Rao Naidu, Dewan Bahadur T. Raghaviah of the Peoples' Party and Mr. T. S. Ramaswamy Iyer, Independent. Following are details of votes:—

Mr. K. Venkataswamy Naidu (Congress)—587 votes. Dr. U. Rama Rao (Congress)—552. Mr. Sundera Rao Naidu (Justice Party)—480 votes. Dewan Bahadur Raghaviah (Peoples' Party)—163 votes. Mr. T. S. Ramaswamy Iyer—Independent—74 votes. Six votes were rejected as invalid.

Counting of votes in election of Madras Legislative Council takes place to-day in most constituencies in the Presidency from where Congress victories are awaited.—United Press.

R. S. IYENGAR ELECTED

CUDDALORE, February 23.

South Arcot Constituency (Upper House): R. Srinivasa Iyengar (Congress) was declared elected polling 398 votes defeating Mr. Rangaswamy Pillai (People's Party) who got 156 votes.

The total electorate is 734.—A.P.

(For Further Results See Page 7).

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY RESULTS AT A GLANCE

BOMBAY, Feb. 23.

Expecting for one result from Kaira District Muslim Constituency, all results in constituencies other than General and Women's are now known, making the total 60 in a House of 175.

Out of thirty seats reserved for Muslims in Bombay Legislative Assembly, the Muslim League has captured 19 and Independent Muslims 10. Prominent Muslim victories are those of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Minister for Local Self-Government and Mr. Fazal Rahimtoolah, ex-Member of the Tariff Board.

Prominent defeats are those of Sir Raffiuddin Ahmed, ex-Minister and Mr. S. A. Brelvi, (Congress). Congress had put up only two Muslims, one in Bombay and another in Sholapur but both were defeated. Notable Congress success from Special Constituencies were that of Mr. K. M. Munshi, (Congress), from University Constituency.

Mr. M. C. Ghia from the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Mr. A. A. Khedgikar from Sholapur Textile Union, with a majority of 6,000 and odd votes defeating Mr. R. R. Bakhale, Prominent Labour Leader and M. L. C.

The latest Party position is:—

Congress	12.
Muslim League	19.
Independent Muslims	10
Other Independents	10
European and Anglo-Indian	8.
Democratic Swaraj Party	1.
Total (in the House of 175)	60.

These 60 include 26 unopposed returns including Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, S. H. Jabwalla, G. L. Nanda, Labour Leaders, and Mrs. Leelavati Munshi (Congress), Mrs. Tyabji (Muslim League) and Mrs. Kanuga (Congress).

(For details see page 8).

R. A. F. 'Planes At Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 23.

Three R. A. F. Squadron flying boats arrived here this afternoon from Calcutta.—A. P.

THREE POWERS' PROPOSALS TO HITLER

PARIS, Feb. 23.

A striking speech by Mr. Bullitt, United States Ambassador in France, at banquet at which M. Blum was the guest of honour, is interpreted by the Press as foreshadowing an Anglo-Franco-American offer to Germany to lower trade barriers and reduce armaments.

Mr. Bullitt said that the question of world trade was linked with the question of limitation of Armament. It could not be expected that one nation would collaborate with another if it thought that the exported iron and steel might be returned in the form of bombs and bullets.

Mr. Bullitt added that the United States were prepared to participate in a conference for the revival of trade and limitation of armaments. He opined that high tariffs, and the policy of economic self-sufficiency, pursued by European nations, could only lead to war.—Reuter.

JUTE MILL DEADLOCK

Police Disperse 'Riotous' Crowd: Situation Panicky

CALCUTTA, Feb. 23.

About 2,000 operatives of the Howrah Jute Mills, who had been on strike since February 1 last, went back to work at the Mills to-day. While they were working, a large crowd of strikers assembled outside the Mill gate and assumed a threatening attitude. They are reported to have hurled brickbats inside the Mill. Police immediately arrived on the spot and dispersed the crowd and the Mills had to be closed. Panic prevailed for some time in the locality and all shops on both sides of the road, on which the Mills were situated, were closed.

The District Magistrate accompanied by the Police Superintendent visited the area and ordered the posting of a large police force in the vicinity of the Mills.

Later, Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, along with other Labour leaders, met the District Magistrate on behalf of strikers and discussed with him terms on which strikers were agreeable to join. No decision is arrived as yet.—United Press.

EFFORTS AT SETTLEMENT

Representations Of Labour And Mills Meet At D. M.'s House

CALCUTTA, Feb. 23.

While the tension among a certain section of the strikers was running high this evening, some representatives of the management of the three mills affected were closetted in the bungalow of the District Magistrate, Howrah, with selected representatives of Labour headed by Mr. Sibnath Banerjee in an effort to explore avenues of a settlement of the strike.

This conference did not lead to any tangible formula of settlement till it dispersed at about 8-30 p.m. but the very report that such an attempt was being made under the lead of the District Magistrate procured a sobering effect on the recalcitrant elements which eventually yielded to persuasion and retired to the workers' lines.

The situation is quiet now but armed police and military pickets will continue to patrol the affected area throughout the night.—United Press.

Col. Charles Lindbergh (to the extreme right) snapped at the Karachi Air Port as soon as he alighted on Indian Soil on February 20. He is seen conversing with the U. S. consul at Karachi

Leaving on the wing of his Miles Mohawk 'Plane, Charles Lindbergh is seen here conversing with Mrs. Lindbergh at the Karachi Air Port. The flying couple have come to India on a pleasure trip.

Sapru Disagrees With Morgan Report

If Constitution Breaks Down Remedy Lies In Extra-Legal Negotiations With Crown

NEW DELHI, Feb. 23.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who has been consulted by the Maharajah of Patiala on some of the points arising out of Mr. Morgan's opinion on the Government of India Act and the Instrument of Accession has given his opinion on those points which is in vital disagreement with Mr. Morgan's views.

NO ANALOGY

Sir Tej Bahadur proceeds by discussing the peculiar characters of the Indian Federation from Federations in Canada and Australia, and says that while cases coming up for discussion before the Privy Council or Federal Courts are useful upto a point, they are not conclusive guides for questions which might arise under the present constitution.

WHY BE DOGMATIC

It would, therefore not be proper to be dogmatic on any issue at this stage and create fears and confusions, where none at all would probably exist.

IN CASE OF BREAK-DOWN.

With regard to the question of secession in the event of a breakdown of the Constitutional machinery under Section 45 of the Government of India Act, Sir Tej Bahadur is of opinion that no provision has been made in the Act, as to what the next step would be secession is not contemplated, but in the event of any deadlock or extraordinary situation arising, the remedy would lie in the direction of extra-legal or extra-judicial negotiations with the Crown.

Questions were put to Sir T. B. Sapru in order to obtain definite opinion on some of the important issues, the most common and important of them being:

(1) How is the sovereignty of a State affected by the Act, except in so far as it has been voluntarily

(Continued on page 12 Col. 5)

And Germany Plans Central European 'Bloc' Pact

Nazis To Sabotage Hapsburgs Restoration

Sensational Offer To Austria

VIENNA, Feb. 23.

A restoration of the Triple Alliance is envisaged in a plan reported to have been proposed by Baron Von Neurath to Dr. Von Schuschnigg at a conference, whereby if Austria will promise not to restore the Hapsburgs, Germany will undertake to bring about a Four Power Defensive Pact between Germany, Italy, Austria and Hungary.

Austria and Hungary, if attacked, could rely on the active assistance of Germany and Italy, but if Germany and Italy went to war, Austria and Hungary would only be obliged to maintain "friendly neutrality."

The Pact would also be strengthened eventually by an economic agreement especially favourable to Austria.

The plan is understood to have been decided on by Germany because she was convinced that Dr. Von Schuschnigg had definitely determined to restore the Monarchy in Austria, which would mean a lasting check to Nazi aspirations in Austria. The Germans also realise that they cannot afford to prevent a restoration forcibly. Dr. Schuschnigg, it is reported, is not inclined to give up Austria's right to restore the Monarchy, whenever he pleases, and will point out to Baron Von Neurath that the Pact could also be concluded with an Austrian Monarch. He is also seriously concerned that such a pact might revive the Little Entente and Balkan Entente opposition.

This view is said also to be shared by Sgr. Mussolini.

Moreover Austrian Nazi demonstrations have annoyed Dr. Schuschnigg, while Germans are dissatisfied owing to the arrests of Austrian Nazis.

A Berlin message, however, says:—Wilhelmstrasse disclaims any knowledge of the proposal of a Defensive Pact with Austria.—Reuter.

PATROLLING SPANISH COAST

Non-Intervention Sub-Committee Fixes Zones

LONDON, February 23.

The zones into which the coast of Spain will be divided under the scheme to exercise and supervise sea control over the importation of war material have now been approved by the Non-Intervention Sub-Committee.

The divisions are:—

North Coast—Britain and Portugal; North-West Coast—France and Russia; South Coast from the Spanish-Portuguese border to Almeria—Britain; Almeria to Franco-Spanish frontier—Germany and Italy; the Island of Iviza and Majorca—France; Minorca—Italy; Spanish-Morocco—France; Canaries and Riodoro—Britain.

RUSSIAN PATROL

Russia has not finally accepted her zone. She formerly suggested the allocation of the East Coast as her nearest base is in the Black Sea. The section provisionally allotted to Russia includes part of the Bay of Biscay, regarding the patrol of which there appears no particular eagerness.

The ships in the various zones will patrol at a distance of ten miles from the shore, and will presumably have the power to examine any ship approaching any Spanish Port.

The scheme will operate from

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 6.)

To Produce

QUICK AND SATISFACTORY RESULTS

Use Tabulated Adlets Columns in The "Chronicle" which is the most effective medium for your low-cost sales message.

TABULATED ADLETS

Low-Cost Advertisements

INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile", "Bicycles and Motorcycles", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant" "To Rent", "Travel", "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week..25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement. All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed. Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt. Box No. ...., "The Bombay Chronicle", Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the six words "Box No..... "The Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for.

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No. .... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or unslaid in transit.

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Eminent young Hindu Publicist desires to marry young, cultured, wealthy lady, virgin or widow, respectable family any community. Please write to Post Box No. 452, Bombay. (7754).

European & Hindoo two Gentlemen want to marry fair, educated, cultured Poor Girls of any caste and creed. Apply Box No. 7811, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Companion Nurse for a Parsi lady. Must be over fifty years of age. Apply stating references, salary expected, etc. Box No. 7801, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—An Educated Hindu Lady Companion. Please apply Mrs. L. Rangildas Kapadia, Galemandi, Mohtishery, Surat. (7799).

Golden opportunity for the educated unemployed—To represent a leading purely National Indian Life Office. Liberal terms of commission recently revised. Apply personally or write to: The Tropical Insurance Co., Hornby Road, Fort. (4917).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a qualified nurse and midwife. Apply with testimonials to the Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur State. (7769).

Wanted ladies and gents Canvassers to organize sweet castor oil. See the manager between 5 to 6 p.m. Javeri and Co., 11. Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. (7815).

Please report any misrepresentations or request for cash bonds, deposit or investment for samples or service not stated in the advertisement to the "Chronicle." Telephone No. 22037.

Wanted Cheerful Young Men to work as salesmen in Bombay and Suburbs for the sale of good quality cigarettes. Salary Rs. 25 to Rs. 60. Only those that can furnish good reference need apply Box No. 7807, "Bombay Chronicle."

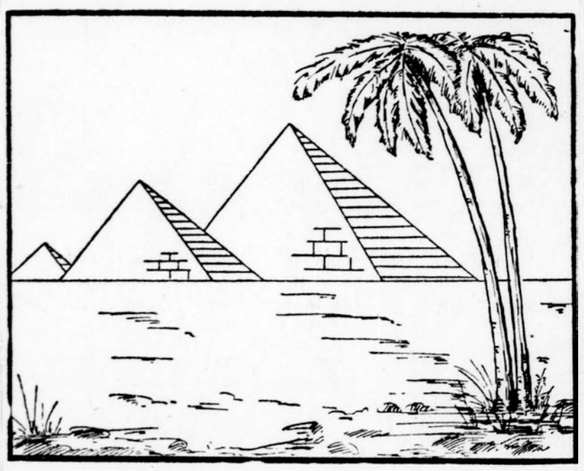
10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Arts graduate with 8 years of experience in teaching and legal work seeks position in school or in attorney's office. Good reference. Please write to Box No. 2531 "Bombay Chronicle."

Translation from French and German undertaken. Charges moderate. Apply to Box No. 2522, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced in office routine seeks temporary or permanent position as clerk, storekeeper or in any capacity. Has good knowledge of Hindi and English. Please write to Box No. 2534 "Bombay Chronicle."

Energetic and experienced civil engineer seeks employment in an Indian State or in a reputable firm. Is acquainted with Land Reserve Code and District Municipal Acts. Held responsible engineering post in Lloyd Barrage and Canal construction scheme. For five years acted as consulting Engineer and Architect to a firm in Sind Hyderabad. Please write to Box No. 2532 "Bombay Chronicle."



Archaeologists claim to have traced the history of domestic architecture by pointing to the remains found of the earliest houses in the village of Kahun in Egypt. These houses, they say, were built before the year 3,500 B. C. to house workmen employed in the building of the Pyramid at Illahun by Senusert II of the XIITH Dynasty. From this fact, it is evident that houses in ancient Egypt were not available for rent. But.....

Wanted Experienced Engineers and Supervisors, capable of independent charge for Up-country Works for big building Contractors firm. Apply Box No. 7808 with details of experience and pay desired.

Wanted Lady Subassistant Surgeons for Hospital, also fully qualified Nurses and Lady Compounders. Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, 381, Hornby Road. (7814).

Wanted in Rajputana State Trained Hindu Nurse Experienced in Midwifery and Welfare work. Pay 45, 2-8, 55. Apply Box No. 4934 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Englishman or England returned Indian possessing academic qualifications and coaching experience for the training of a young prince. Apply stating lowest terms with copies of testimonials, age, other qualifications etc. to Box 4939, "Bombay Chronicle."

Tell Your Wants Through The "Chronicle"

Wanted a lady teacher, knowing Gujarati with high academic qualifications for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat. The scale of salary is 150—10—250. One with previous experience and high qualifications may be given a higher start than the minimum within the scale. Apply before 1st March, 1937, stating age, qualifications and teaching and administrative experience to the Hon. Secretary, S. E. Society, Surat. (4604).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Experienced typist with knowledge of Gujrati, Marathi, Hindi and English seeks position part-time or full-time in any solicitors office. Please write to Box No. 2533 "Bombay Chronicle."

Entomologist with considerable experience. Available for consultation about developing cottage industries like Lac-culture and Seri-culture. Write to Box No. 2523, "Bombay Chronicle."

Engineering assistant experienced in surveying, estimating and supervising constructional works. Suitable for Public Works Department and Engineering concern. But will accept any kind of job on reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2524, "Bombay Chronicle."

Petroleum—Works Superintendent with sixteen years experience in charge of petrol tank installation. Best references. Knows oil business thoroughly. Box 2529, "The Bombay Chronicle".

12. TO BE LET

Andheri, Murazbanabad Road, westerly facing, spacious, 8&A, bungalows, first floor, excellent accommodation, for any community. Apply Navajbai Maneckshaw Contractor, 8, Nowroji Vakil Street, Grant Road. (7782).

TO ALL THOSE WHO ARE UNEMPLOYED.

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns. Free of Charge provided the unemployed is married, has been out of job for one full year, and has experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

13 SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for Shop which was lately occupied by Marcks & Co., now by Hoar & Co. at Esplanade Road from 1st April 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazi Trust, 95, Ash Lane, Fort. 7755.

WANTED TO RENT

Wanted—godown in Fort, must be at least 1000 sq. feet clear area. Apply Box. 2536, "Bombay Chronicle."

20. OFFICES TO LET.

Airy and well lighted office premises in Medows Street near Central Bank. Suitable for Solicitors, Architects. Apply Box No. 2535 "Bombay Chronicle".

31. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE.

For quick sale 1934 Ford tourer at Poona. Please apply Box 2537, "Bombay Chronicle."

32 MOTORCARS WANTED

Wanted—Little used Ford or Chevrolet motor car. No Brokers should apply. Give Particulars stating price to Box No. 2519, "Bombay Chronicle."

44. MEDICAL.

Before extracting teeth use magic tooth drops, it cures tooth-acne at once, to strengthen loose teeth use No. 1 Tooth Powder white. Don't extract teeth It hurts brain, eyes and produces sexual debility. Dr. Gorschall. Advice free, Bombay General Agency, Byculla Bridge. (7783).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted Candidates to Qualify as Sub-Engineers. Overseers through correspondence. British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (7698)

63. RADIO EQUIPMENT.

Big Sacrifice for Quick Sale Crosley—good tubes. Excellent condition. New resistance coil. Price Rs. 250. Apply to Box No. 2521, "Bombay Chronicle."

68. PARTNERSHIPS

With Wholesale and Retail Dealer in shoes or hosiery goods, Gentleman requires active or sleeping partnership. Apply Box No. 7806, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Partner to invest up to Rs. 10,000. Good line. Profit Guaranteed. Box 7794, "Bombay Chronicle".

78. STATIONERY.

White writing pad in two sizes. Ideal for office use. Price four annas per pound. Call telephone No. 22037 or write to "Bombay Chronicle". (2513)

99 MACHINERY FOR SALE

300 Horse Power Cross Compound Corless Engine; 12 tons weighbridge; 40" Roller reduction Mills 150 KVA Mirrless, 300 K.W. Ansaldo Diesel plants. Prices cheap Post Box 448, Bombay. (7797).

118 TAILORING

Will make a suit at 10 per cent. below market price for new customers only to convince them about our cut and quality of cloth. Jimmy and Co. Empress Mahal, Dadar Circle. (2528)

121 DAILY WANTS.

Tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at most moderate price. Straight from the plantations to be supplied only to dealers. Apply Box 2527, "The Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Wanted Steel Cabinets For Office use, must be in good condition. Write stating price expected to Box No. 2511 "Bombay Chronicle".

LAND ON LEASE

Land near Bombay about 50 acres with three wells, several mango and chikoo trees to be given on lease for cultivation. Apply Box 2530, "The Bombay Chronicle".

ART AND ANTIQUE.

Oil paintings by internationally famous artists with beautiful frames. Must see to appreciate. Various sizes. Price on request. Write to Box No. 2526, "Bombay Chronicle".

TUTORING.

Tutor knowing French perfectly to teach a matriculation student. Apply stating qualifications and salary Box 2539 "Bombay Chronicle."

Teacher Matric (Sanskrit) with best testimonials for Tuition in good family. Apply Box No. 7813, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

ANNUAL STOCK-TAKING.

Our office will be CLOSED on account of Annual Stock-taking on the 25th, 26th and 27th instant. The Zander Orthopaedic & Medico-Electric Department and our Dispensing Department will remain open as usual.

N. POWELL & CO., LTD.,
4937. Bombay 4.

S. S. "SHUNKO MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 22nd February, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed. Consignments of Tallow shipped per S. S. "MELBOURNE MARU" from Wellington and Auckland have also arrived per this steamer.

N. MATSURA,
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Public Notices.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Duplicate Share Certificates Nos. 26937 to 26941 for 25 Shares Nos. 316485 to 316509 of The Union Bank of India, Ltd., standing in the name of Kanayalal Gopaldas Gajria are LOST or MISLAID. Anybody having claim against them should intimate to the above Bank within one month from the date hereof after which Triplicates will be issued.

(Sd.) KANAYALAL GOPALDAS GAJRIA.
7812.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. BOMBAY.

LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 3 Share Certificates Nos. 31362,31364 in respect of 3 Shares numbered 128337/128339 of the NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, standing in the name of Pestonji H. Canteenwala have been LOST or MISLAID, and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate Share Certificates for the said Shares. Any person having any claim on the said Shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, after which no claim will be considered and the Company will proceed to issue duplicate Share Certificates.

PESTONJI H. CANTEENWALA,
(Signature of Shareholder).
Ahmedabad, Dt. 18-2-37.
7802.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the joint family property and credits standing in the name of Rangayya Manikam, late of Bombay Hindu building contractor, who resided at Kamatipura 10th Lane, without the Fort of Bombay: ..... Deceased.

NARAYAN MANIKAM, of Bombay Hindu, a brother and a Co-parcener of the deceased, residing at Belasis Road, without the Fort of Bombay: ..... Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 4th day of February in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

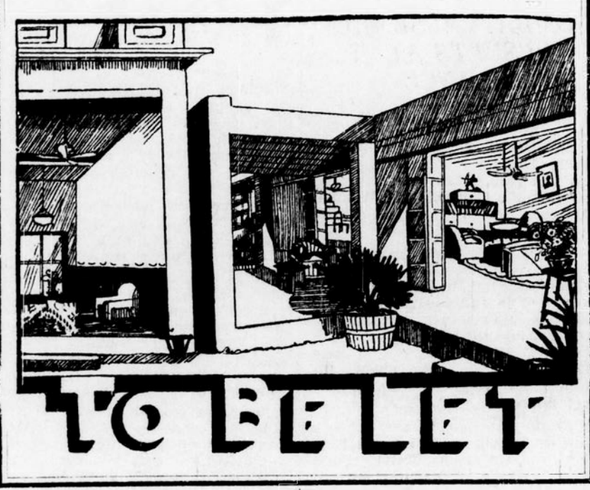
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R.B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 4th day of February, 1937.
Messrs. GOLWALLA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
4933.

..... the times have changed. To-day it is easy to rent modern houses, flats, offices etc., and Classified Ads. in the **"Chronicle"** will help you to locate, if you are on the look-out for one.



61. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Violin made by Bisiach the famous Italian maker. Price Rs. 300. Please write to Box No. 2538 "Bombay Chronicle."

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Influential and Energetic Chief Agents for Bombay, Karachi and Baroda for both ordinary and Industrial Branches of the "Palladium Assurance Co., Ltd." Excellent prospects for right type of men. Apply with credentials. Head Office, 5 Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta. (7810).

Wanted—Influential agents to represent a well established Indian Life Office of about 46 years standing at Surat, Broach, Godhra Baroda, Cambay and Nadiad. Apply immediately Box No. 7761 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Travelling Agents on salary Rs. 75 plus 50 T.A. to push the sales of cloth and hosiery. Apply sharp with one anna postal stamp to:—Dwarkadas Brijmohandas, Cloth and Hosiery Manufacturers. Phillaur Dt. Jullundur. (7770).

123. FURNITURE.

Wanted—Dining room table with extension and six chairs. Please write stating price to Box No. 2540, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Two Persian Rugs, good design, 6 by 9 feet. Only reasonably priced need write to Box No. 2541 "Bombay Chronicle."

PRINTING MATERIALS

Used Zinc Blocks of Public Functions and other illustrations except personalities are available at very cheap rate. Please apply to "Bombay Chronicle" 2508.

JEWELLERY, ETC.

Rs. 2,500 Ladies Diamond Earrings. Finest diamond, Loan Wanted, of Rs. 1,000 for six months. Please write to Box No. 2520, "The Bombay Chronicle", stating rate of interest.

TYPEWRITERS

Royal portable typewriter for sale. Sacrifice for cash Rs. 100. Please write to Box No. 2542 "Bombay Chronicle."

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Lox of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

AD WRITING ASSISTANCE

"Chronicle" maintains an Ad-writing Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results.

There is NO CHARGE for service. Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be type-written or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037
or you are invited to come to Chronicle office,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

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on 17 April, 2017

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1585 of 1930.

FATMABAI & Anr. .....Plaintiffs.
Vs.
YEMNABAI & Ors. .....Defendants

With reference to the Advertisement for sale by public auction on the 26th instant of the properties at Arthur Road and Cadell Road in Bombay and of the properties at Broach appearing in Sanj Vartaman of the 6th instant, the Broach Samachar of the 14th instant and the Bombay Chronicle of the 20th instant Notice is hereby given to all intending purchasers that the property at Arthur Road in Bombay described in Lot No. 1 in the said Advertisement is not a vacant piece of land or ground as therein described but consists of three buffalo stables a tin shed and a structure containing shops and godowns.

The title deeds of the properties can be inspected during office hours in the office of the Plaintiffs' Attorneys Messrs. DASTUR & CO., at Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort by any intending purchaser at his own cost.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1937.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
4942.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAPUJI DORABJI DARUWALLA has contracted with our client for absolute sale to him free from all claims and encumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 38, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at New Hanuman Lane without the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 126 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 1287 and Street Nos. 82-84 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1772, New Survey No. 1/1682 and Cadastral Survey No. 870 of Bhuleshwar Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by a passage, on or towards the North and West by the property of Mansukhlal Mughatla Munshi and on or towards the South by New Hanuman Lane and which said premises have been in the occupation of the Vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1937.

(Sd.) THAKOREDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4943.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 524 OF 1936.
Re: MANEKLAL BHOGILAL PATEL, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, till lately carrying on business at Dadar in the firm name & style of Shree Krishna Film Co.: A Debtor.

Ex parte: (1) Messrs. BATLIBOI LITHO WORKS and (2) VAMAN RAMSHANKAR MASTER: Petitioning Creditors.

On the 4th day of August, 1936, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1937.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
4938. Offg: Insolvency Registrar.

It is the Talk of the Town
3RD GLORIOUS WEEK! ! !
EAST INDIA'S
DESH-DIWAN
OR
"BAGHI SIPAHI"
"REBEL-SOLDIER."
The IMPERIAL
CINEMA:—:LAMINGTON RD.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45
Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT PANCHAYETWADI LANE, BHULESHWAR.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shroff and Co., Attorneys for the Administratrix of the second mortgagee Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 24th February, 1937, at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned properties under the power of sale reserved to the second mortgagee under the Indenture of Second Mortgage dated the 29th September, 1920.

First:—ALL that piece of land Pension and Tax tenure containing by admeasurement 1331 square yards or thereabouts with chawl assessed by the Municipality under C Street No. 9 and situate at Panchayetwadi Lane, Bhuleshwar and bounded on the East by the property of Tribhowandas Jadowjee and the property hereinafter secondly described, on the West by Panchayetwadi Lane, on the North by the properties of Rajaram Girdhar and Tribhowandas Jadowjee and on the South by the property of Karsondas Natha.

AND SECONDLY:—ALL that piece of land of Pension and Tax tenure but now redeemed containing by admeasurement 265 8/9 square yards or thereabouts with chawl assessed by the Municipality under C Street No. 2 situate at Bhuleshwar and bounded on the East by a Sweeper's passage on the West by the wall of the gully belonging to the premises firstly hereinbefore described, on the North by the property of Tribhowandas Jadowjee and on South by the property of Javerilal Vandrawandas.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shroff and Co., Attorneys for the Administratrix of the Second Mortgagee at their office at 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Coming Shortly
PRAKASH PICTURES
Finest Animal Thriller
CHALLENGE
Featuring:
Best Trained Animals like
BAHADUR
(THE HORSE)
and
TIGER
(THE DOG)
and other well-known Stars
AT
SUPER TALKIES
Charni Road.

GLORIOUS TRIBUTE
paid to the Teachings of Maharashtra's GREATEST SAINT—
TUKARAM
By PRABHAT'S
TUKARAM
GREATEST DEVOTIONAL PICTURE of the year, now in ITS
11TH CHARMING WEEK 11TH
AT
CENTRAL
TALKIES :: GIRGAUM NAKA.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.
SPECIAL MATINEE
for LADIES and CHILDREN:
at 2-30 P. M. on every
TUESDAY and THURSDAY
Fail not to ENJOY this SUPER Production with your Family

The Musical Social of Modern India....being enjoyed by hundreds every day.
PRATIMA
(PREM MURTI)
DARYANI PRODUCTIONS'
TALKIE SUPER.....
Directed By RAM DARYANI.
and Starring:—
SARDAR AKHTAR,
S. NAZIR,
D. MANEK,
GOPE, PREM and Others.
In Its
2ND GLORIOUS WEEK! !
AT
ROXY
TALKIES: QUEEN'S ROAD.
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 2-45 on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.

Crowds are pouring in daily
TO ENJOY
the Greatest Spectacular Talkie.....
PRABHAT'S and INDIA'S
1ST SEA PICTURE
AMAR JYOTI
Starring:—
Mrs. KHOTE, SHANTA APTE, VASANTEE, CHANDRAMOHAN
Nothing better has yet been presented on Indian Screen.....
See it with your Family and you will doubly enjoy it.....
AT
MINERVA
TALKIES: LAMINGTON ROAD.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

FIFTH WEEK
over a hundred shows and yet the crowds come to see
DEVIKA RANI
IN
Izzat
at
OPERA HOUSE
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p. m.

SAVKARI PASH
SHALINI CINETONE'S—
—GREAT RURAL SUPER
Could be enjoyed only:
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW and on DAY AFTER.....
AT
PLAZA
(Foot of TILAK BRIDGE, Dadar).
Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

DHARMAVEER
HUNS' 2ND SOCIAL COMEDY
in 6TH and LAST WEEK
AT
Majestic
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 on Sat., Sunday and Holidays.

Seth Gordhandas Gokuldas Morarji (seated in centre), who presided over and distributed prizes, at King George High School annual gathering on Monday.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Following a gaming raid in the "Otla" at Alice Building, Mahim, four persons were arrested by the Prevention of Gambling Squad on Saturday last.

Alleged sutta slips and cash of about Rs. 200 were seized.

The names of the suspects are: Sawlaram Atmaram Sridhar, Nanji Duda, Jairam Laxman.

They were placed before Dadar Police Court Magistrate and ordered to be released on bail for fourteen days.

Muthayya Madhuswami and twenty-one others arrested by the Mahim Police on Friday last on charges of rioting and incendiarism were placed before the Dadar Police Court Magistrate, to-day.

In applying for their remand into custody of the suspects, the police officer stated that some days ago a South Indian resident of Dharavi made an indecent gesture to a woman worker employed in Chawl building operation.

The South Indian was, it is stated, remonstrated on Thursday last. Some South Indians went to the workers' huts and are stated to have hurled missiles at them. The workers left the hut, whereupon the other party set fire to their huts.

The damage is estimated at Rs. 798. All the suspects were ordered to be remanded to custody for fourteen days.

A verdict of accidental death following the fall of a bag of flour on him was recorded by the Coroner to-day at the inquest on the body of one Krishna Tukaram (35) a cooly employed in the Wallace Flour Mills at Mazagaon.

On Saturday, the deceased was loading a lorry with bags of flour. Suddenly one of the bags fell on him. He was removed to J. J. Hospital where he died on Sunday.

The Pydhonie Police arrested on Saturday last six persons on charge of gambling in cards.

It is alleged that when the Police raided Room No. 28 of building No. 106 in Clive Road, Dana Bunder, they found Olaji and five others gambling with cards and money. All the six were arrested and later bailed out.

The accused were produced before the Mazagaon Court, to-day and their bail period was extended to March 2nd.

An infuriated mob hurled missiles last night at a man trying to escape after he is alleged to have stabbed a hotel servant for having refused to give him the 'Id' bakshis.

The Police and the crowd joined in chasing Mohiuddin Ismail. He was captured and was removed to hospital.

Ismail was placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day.

In applying for bail, the Police Officer stated that suspect was a notorious "dada" of the locality.

He approached the hotel servant when he was sitting on a cot along with others. He asked for the "Id" bakshis. The servant told him that he did not have any money.

Thereupon he whipped out his knife and is stated to have stabbed him three times.

The servant shouted out but the suspect took to his heels. A crowd followed him and, it is stated pelted him with stones.

He was granted bail in the sum of Rs. 100, or in default to be remanded to custody for a fortnight.

The City Coroner opened to-day the inquest on the body of one Radhabai Krishnarao Thakur (27), residing at Khattar lane.

Yesterday while she poured kerosene oil on the coal seghri to light it but the flames flared up and caught her sari. She sustained severe burns and was removed to the G. T. Hospital. She died there in the evening.

The inquest was adjourned to the 25th February.

BRITISH POLITICIANS' TACTICS EXPOSED

Sardar Sardul Singh Warns Princes Against Entering Federation

In the course of a letter addressed some of the important Indian Princes Sardar Sardul Singh, Caveeshar writes:

Indian people may or may not be benefited by the Federal Constitution, but there is no doubt about it that it is a veritable snare for the destruction of the Indian Princes. British politicians find themselves unable to face the rise of Indian democracy; to help themselves to meet the onrush of the public tide, they are manoeuvring to put forward the Indian Princes to do the impossible job for them. Under the new constitution it would be left to the Indian Princes to oppose the will of the people for progress and freedom. The British politician and the British bureaucrat will watch the game from behind; it will be left to the Indian Princes and the Indian people to fight it out amongst themselves. After ten years or so Indians must come to their own, they must be in their own homes as the English are in England and the French in France. What would be the position of the Indian Princes then after all this conflict as the result of the new constitution and the part of Indian Princes are required to play in it?

One Indian Prince recently stated that when after ten or fifteen years the new constitution is scrapped, and the Indian Princes ask the British for protection and privileges for the 'services rendered,' the British politician would ask them to go to the leaders of the Indian people to whom the British would be compelled to hand over the future Government of the country. After heavy Congress victories in the elections, Provincial Governors are now forced to beg Congress leaders to form Ministries; poor Srivastavs, Chettys, Raos, Bobbilis, all those who helped the British in their fight against Indian aspirations, are now thrown in the lumber room. Same, if not worse, is bound to be the fate of the Indian Princes after ten or fifteen years when the Indian constitution gets another overhauling. If the Indian Princes then approach Indian leaders, they would find no hearing.

Interested people are trying to hustle Indian Princes into a position which would do them absolutely no good; it is rather bound to do them incalculable harm. Before Your Highnesses decide to join the Federation, you should ponder very deeply over what is demanded of you. You will, I am sure, after due consideration, reject all proposals to join a Federation which bodes no good to you or to the Indian people.

SCINDIA'S MARRIAGE VENUE CHANGED

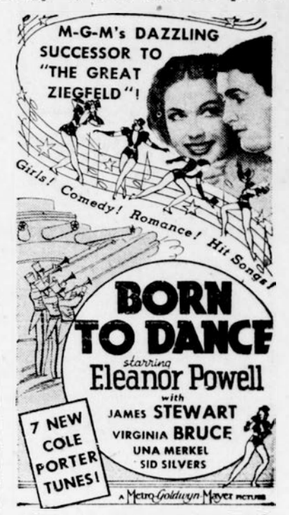
GWALIOR, Feb. 22.

It is learnt on high authority that the marriage of His Highness the Maharaja Scindia will take place in Gwalior and not in Calcutta as was announced in the Press earlier. Arrangements are being made here for the celebration of the marriage in a suitable manner. All arrangements in connection with the marriage are under the directions of the Huzoor Secretary, who is assisted by the Marriage Committee, which is composed of twelve sections. Every section is placed under the charge of a responsible officer of the State.

The date of the marriage will be announced later.—A. P.

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY AT 10 P. M. ONLY
THURS. AT 4 & 6-30 P.M.
FRI. AT 10 P. M. ONLY.
THRILL TO THE GREAT
PAUL ROBESON
SINGING HIS BEST SONGS IN
"THE SONG OF FREEDOM"
A Great African Epic.

Drawing Crowded Houses!
Tollywood Studio (Calcutta's)
Stirring Social Melodrama—
Mr. and Mrs. BOMBAY
Starring:—
JAL MERCHANT
and ZUBEIDA
at THE
WELLINGTON
TALKIES ..... DHOBI TALAO
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

THE EMPIRE
Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.


Also showing 'Columbia's Coloured Rhapsody "FOOTBALL BUGS"
Plans Open. 'Phone 20286.

"ATMA TARANG"
The great Sensational Screen Play
COMING
At
MINERVA
ATMA TARANG
Dashing ahead and supersiding all previous production.
The Cast include:
SOHRAB MODI
FEROZE DASTUR
PRABHA

And other well known and distinguished artiste.
Directed by: SOHRAB MODI.
Who has won the great fame of the great screen plays of 1936, The Hamlet & Saed-e-havas.
COMING

A Family Picture That Depicts
NOBILITY
DEVOTION
SACRIFICE
Of
An IDEAL WOMAN
For
HER HUSBAND
GOLDEN EAGLE
Present
PANNA,
In An Emotional Role
in
Prem Bandhan
with
MADHAV KALE, BENJAMIN, SITARA & D. MANEK
KRISHNA
TALKIES
Daily:—5-30, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

COMMENCING FROM
SATURDAY THE 27th
SULOCHANA
in
THE SCREEN'S GREAT ACHIEVEMENT
"JUNGLE QUEEN"
An epic of Indian jungle in its glittering grandeur, with herds of elephants and tigers.
With
D. BILLIMORIA, JILLOO, JAMSHEDJI, SAYED AHMED, GULAM RASOOL, LAXMI and others.
Director:—NANDLAL
MAJESTIC TALKIES
Girgaum, BOMBAY.

If your Skin is sensitive you need this Talcum Powder

Cools, soothes and refreshes the skin, protects against chafing and irritation. Absorbs perspiration and imparts a delicate fragrance. Specially recommended for babies
Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

Cuticura
TALCUM POWDER

Haille Selassie To Enter Monastery?

King Farouq To Meet Expenses Of Foreign Students?

(From Our Correspondent).

CAIRO, (By Air Mail).

One of the members of the retinue of His Majesty Haile Sellasie, has arrived at Jerusalem.

In a press interview, he stated that the Ethiopian Emperor will arrive at Jerusalem shortly and will enter into a monastery, to spend the remaining days of his life there.

It has been officially announced that Mr. Abdur Rahiman Azzan, the Egyptian Ambassador at Teheran, who is also looking after the Embassy at Hedjaz, is appointed to be in charge of the new Egyptian Embassy now being opened at Kabul. The central office for all these three Embassies will be situated in Teheran itself and Mr. Azzan will direct them.

All the officers for the new Embassy have been ordered to leave for Kabul by the end of this month and are expected to sail from Port Said.

His Majesty King George VI has been pleased to honour H. R. H. Prince Mahomed Ali Pasha, Head of the Egyptian Council of Regency, by conferring on him the title of K.G.C.B., on the occasion of the New Year's Honours List, publication of which was delayed upto February 1st, owing to the recent crisis in Britain.

AERONAUTICAL CONFERENCE.

The Swiss Government has sent an invitation to the Egyptian Government, requesting them to participate in the International Aeronautical Conference to be held in their country, from July 22nd next.

It is reported from Damascus, that Taha Pasha Hashmi, brother of the late Hashmi Pasha, ex-Premier of the Iraq Government, has been appointed the Commander-in-Chief of the Syrian Army.

It is announced semi-officially, that the Turkish Government has prohibited the export of iron, steel and copper to any outside countries.

RUSSIAN STUDENTS.

His Majesty King Farouq of Egypt, has announced that the expenses of all students from abroad, who come to this country for education, will be borne by him from his personal funds.

Just now a group of five students have arrived here from Kobe (Japan), whose expenses will be met by His Majesty. The students are: Allulla Agish, Abidulla Akchura, Abdul-Ahad Maski, Abidulla Tenish and Abdul-Ahad Tenish, all of them White Russians, despatched from the Kobe Islam Church to the University of Al-Azhar.

The Afghanistan Government has just written a letter to the Egyptian Government, stating that a new mission of students will be leaving Kabul shortly for Egypt, for studying in that country.

The expenses at these also will be met by King Farouq, as well as any other students coming for study in Egypt in future.

Mrs. Sharifa Hamid Ali, the great Indian woman leader, who arrived here, was given a hearty welcome by the local women leaders, headed by Lady Shahravi Pasha, President of the Egyptian Women's Association.

IRAN'S INDUSTRIES.

A deputation of twenty-six members from Iran has proceeded to Germany, to arrive at an agreement with the Krupps, for the establishment and working of dry-fish industry, and other chemical enterprises in the country, to be inaugurated shortly, as part of the industrial revival and reorganisation scheme contemplated and being put into practice by the Government of His Majesty King Reza Shah Pehlavi.

The Emir of Kelhat (Baluchistan) was given a grand reception here on his arrival by the authorities.

The Emir paid visits to most of the famous mosques of the city and other important sites as well.

The Government of King Ibn Saaud has decided to open two new Consulates, in Jerusalem (Palestine) and Amman, the capital of Transjordania.

AMBASSADORIAL CHANGES.

It is reported, semi-officially, that the Egyptian Consul at Manchester will be appointed the first Consul at Bombay, whose office will be opened in that city shortly. It is stated that his experience in a manifestly 'cotton' district, will be helpful to him at Bombay and in India, which is chiefly connected with Egypt for her supply of cotton for fine count clothing.

Another notable report mentioned is, that the Egyptian Consulate at present in Kobe, will be shifted to Tokyo and changed into an Embassy.

It will be recalled here incidentally, that, this year, Japan has ordered a large consignment of cotton from Egypt, bigger than hitherto.

IRAN'S STATE BAKERIES.

The Government of Iran, has, by an order, taken over control of all corns for the State, and all the food-stuffs, in future, will be monopolised by the Government. They have oponed many bakeries in the capital as well as in other towns of Iran, and the public can now obtain their bread only from State bakeries.

The Government has also prohibited the export of any corns or other food-stuffs to foreign countries.

Paul Robeson, the great Negro singer-actor, has arrived at Cairo along with the "unit" of the British Lion Film Corporation, for the 'shooting' of a new singing picture of his.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

An agreement has been signed by the Governments of Turkey and Greece, by which the former has expressed her willingness to supply Greece with one-and-a-half million Turkish pounds worth of bombs.

The high authorities of Beirut have taken into custody a large number of police officers of the City, in connection with the defalcation and misappropriation of State moneys.

This news has created a great sensation both in Syria and Arabia.

INDIAN MUSLIM ARRESTED.

The Egyptian Police authorities have arrested an Indian Muslim resident of Cairo, for his unauthorised intrusion into the Imperial Palace, without the permission of the authorities.

It is stated that when questioned, as regards his motive in entering the Palace, the man replied that he did so, because he wanted to have an audience with the King personally, as he wished to get from His Majesty a special flat in the Royal Palace for himself and his bride!

The man was suspected to be loony and was ordered to be sent to the lunatic asylum.

When Trifles worry You, You are run down and need

NERVINUS

This marvellous Elixir with Gold and other efficacious drugs acts as the best blood purifier and specific for general weakness, nervous debility out of youthful abuses and excesses in Life, Liver and Kidney troubles, Female weakness, Anaemia and loss of weight, Convalescence, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Brainfag. Used with an external Musk Liniment for local weakness it produces permanent effect. It removes promptly lassitude of the Tropics and can be safely used at all seasons. Is very useful after the bad effects of venereal diseases. P. K. Ram Esq., Chief Station Master, Kodaikanal Road Station, writes:—"According to your advertisement, in the "Hindu" of Madras, I managed to get one bottle of your **"Nervinus"** from M.S. Spenser and Co., Madras, at Rs. 5, which I used for about a month regularly. I am glad to write and tell you that your medicine has done me marvellous good and I feel quite young and energetic. Nervinus for a month's use bottle Rs. 5. Liniment Rs. 2-8. Both Rs. 7. V. P. Charges extra. If you wish to enjoy full pleasures of youthful life write now to:—BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, Shree Gauranga Bldgs., Bhagalpur. Bombay Agents:—P. M. ZAVERI & CO., THOMSON & TAYLOR, LTD., BELI RAM & SONS.

PULMOVIGOR

A Dose or Two and lose the 'Flu

Pulmovigor prevents and relieves throat and lung complaints. Its formula is the discovery of a first-class pharmacist of the faculty of Paris. It overcomes Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Coughs, Tuberculosis, Pleurisy, Laryngitis and Tenacious Chest Diseases. Palative and inexpensive, Pulmovigor never fails. It is a wonderful restorative after Pneumonia.

Bottle of 10 oz. Rs. 2-12-0.

Sole Agents:—**MALGHAM BROS.,**
26, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97m)
GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82m)
GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55m)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The BBC Dance Orchestra. Directed by Henry Hall. 8-5 p.m. 'Empire Exchange' Points of view by travellers from the Dominions and the Colonies. 8-20 p.m. The Northern Ireland Brass Band. Conductor, E. Godfrey Brown. 9-0 p.m. A Pianoforte Recital. 9-30 p.m. Variety. 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. "Morning Moods." The VUB Indian Orchestra. 8-15 a.m. Exposition of the Gathas. (Guzerati). Ervad Framroz A. Bode. 8-30 a.m. Light Music. Master Lahanoo Nagpure. "Kaun kare aur bhaktakaja." (Deepchandi). "Asavare Khayal." 8-45 a.m. Sanai Solos. Ganpatrao R. Barodkar. Misra Mand, Sanai Gat Durga. Sanai Gat. Shankara, Sanai Gat. Vasant, Sanai Gat. (Recorded). 9-0 a.m. Bhajan and Ghazal. (Film music.) Lahanoo Nagpure. "Bina nama Raghunath key apana koyi nahi." From the film "Jungle Queen." "Bina prem nahi kuccha jagamen" "Ghazal." From the film "Anarkali." (Accompanied by the VUB Indian Orchestra). 9-25 a.m. Bhairavi. Bai Kesarbai Kerkar. (Recorded).

1-0 p.m. Market Rates and Announcements. Favourite Selections. "Vienna Blood", Strauss. "Aubade", "Meischke." "Desert Song", "Romberg." "Cauzone Vesu Viana," "Marcucci." "Just a Cottage small", "Hanley." "Serenade", "Heykens." 5-30 p.m. Time Signal. "Polyglot Ditties." (Recored). 6-30 p.m. Classical Music. Khan Saheb Kadim Hussein. "Ho jo gayi ri ali" (Bilampat), "Ramgauri Khayal." "Rokat galla hamari", "Pilu Thumri." (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla). 7-0 p.m. Talk (Marathi): "Prachin Striya." No. 2. By Manju Mantri. 7-15 p.m. Tabla. A VUB Artist. "Thaptala" "Dheena Dhee Dheena" "Teena Dhee Dheena (10 matras). (Gat on Harmonium and Sarangi). 7-25 p.m. Naat. Abdul Rahiman Jalnawalla. "Gul khiley jab bagamey yamustufa kahatey huvey." "Ayey murganey chaman sailey ala kahatey huvey." 7-35 p.m. Instrumental Duet. N. Y. Chaudhari. "Mandolin." A. VUB Artist. "Piano." 7-45 p.m. Ghazal Rindana. Abdul Rahiman Jalnawalle. "Sakiya pike tere hatase mastana banu". Vajandame Rakse Kunao surte paimana banu. 7-55 p.m. Classical Music Khan Saheb Kadim Hussein "Ghadiya ginata" (Iktala), "Puriya Asthai." "Jham jham pani bhare" "Dadra." 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Foreign Affairs." By E. J. Gough. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Sway with the Rhythm. Ken Mac and his Dance Orchestra. Assisted by Lou Eagle. 10-0 p.m. Surprise Items. 10-30 p.m. The Orchestra (contd.).

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Indian Music (Recorded). Usharani, "Natts." Angurbala, "Ghazals." Mushtari Bai of Agra, "Ghazals." Janki Bai, "Ghazal and Malhar." Iqbal Putli, "Dadra and Ghazal." Mohboon Jan of Sholapur, "Thumri and Sarang." Manickwala, "Dadras." Kamla (Jahrai), "Ghazals." Faqira, "Sarangi, Hussaini Todo and Ram Kal. 9-0 a.m. Talk (Hindustani): "India's Wealth:" No. 2. Cotton. By Prof. Raj Narain Mathur. Another talk on India's Natural Resources. 9-15 a.m. Mushtari Bai of Agra. "Khas ik Shan hai yeh ap ke diwanon ki, Dhajiyan khud bakhud urti hain giribanon ki." "Woh Zindagi ke maze abeke gulistan men nahin, Koi bahar se kaih de ham ashiyan men nahim." "Dadra." 9-45 a.m. Brinder Singh Rawat. "Mar Katari mar jana dil na lagana kisi se." 9-55 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Multani. 10-5 a.m. Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala. "Ab mori Ram Rami re." "Khayal Mian ki Todi." "Ambua mole." "Khayal Khat."

1-0 p.m. Excerpts from "Opera" (Recorded). 2-0 p.m. AIR Orchestra. "Bhim." 2-10 p.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Paiyo ri main ne Ram ratan." "Thumri Pilu." "A piya a piya dil men umangen." "Dadra." "Ura ke le gai woh bhi hawa bamani ki, Zara si khak jo baqi thi ashiyane ki." 2-40 p.m. Brindar Singh Rawat. "Dinan dukh haran dev." "Bhajan." "Zahe nasib jo diwana-i-wafa hun main, Yeh hosh hai keh bara kam kar rahahun main." (Saghar). 5-0 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 AIR Orchestra. "Jait Kallyan." 5-30 p.m. Brindar Singh Rawat. "Raghubar tum ko mori laj." "Bhajan." "Khalwat men chup rahun sar-i-mahfil kah na jai, Un ki khushi yeh hai keh gham-i-dil kaha na jae." (Saghar). Dadra. 6-0 p.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 6-30 p.m. Ashiq Ali Khan of Patiala, "Arag jo gulae." "Khayal Hamir Kallyan." "Heri aj bahilwa." "Khayal Bhopali." "Sindhi Kafi." 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8-0 Talk (Hindistani): "People and Things." No. 4. By Abdul Majeed Khan Salik. 8-15 o.m. AIR Orchestra. "Kamod." 8-30 p.m. Mushtari Bai of Agra. "Khayal," "Thumri," "Dadra," "Ah yeh alam-i-kasrat teri raanai ka, Ek markaz na raha chashm-i-tamashi ka." (Jigar.). "Soz men bhi ik naghma hai jo soz men hai, Farq nazdik ki aur dur ki awaz men hai." (Jigar). 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 o.m. Talk (English): "The Salt Industry in India." By F. C. King, I.C.S., Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue. 10-0 p.m. "Music Hall Memories." A Chat by George Robey. "English Folk Songs." By Clive Carey. "Out of the Blue." A Short Story Read by Sapper. (A BBC Recorded Programme).

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s.
49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

12-36 p.m. S.B. The Grand Hotel Orchestra. Relayed from the Palm Court. 1-16 p.m. S.B. Talk (English) "Round the Globe" No. 1. India China and Japan. By A. V. Cowell, Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. Religious Song. Kamala Roy. 1-51 p.m. Kirtan. Karuna Ghose. 2-6 p.m. Sarengi Solo. Chamu Misra 2-20 p.m. Bengali Song. Gopen Mullick. 2-25 p.m. A Story: "The Head Hunters" Upendra Nath Bhattacharjee. 2-40 p.m. Bhajan. Gokul Mukherjee. 2-51 p.m. Readings from The Bhagavat Geeta. Bishnu Sharma. 5-6 p.m. A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 5-36 p.m. Folk Song. Sailesh Dutt Gupta. 5-51 p.m. The Jantri Sangha. Conducted by Surendra Lall Das. 6-6 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. 7-1 p.m. Thumri (Hindustani) Sachin Das. 7-21 p.m. "Kalikatar Prathan Vicharalaya" 8-6 p.m. S.B. Talk: "The March of Events" Nirad Chowdhury. 8-21 p.m. S.B. Modern Songs Fullanalini. 8-41 p.m. S.B. Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-46 p.m. S.B. The News and Announcements. 9-1 p.m. S.B. Commercial News and Weather Report (In English) 9-6 p.m. S.B. The News and Announcements. 9-21 p.m. S.B. "My Lady's Arms" A Play in one Act By Lal Narris. 9-51 p.m. S.B. A Non-Stop Vaudeville Programme. Relayed from the Continental Hotel.

Mysore Programme

7 to 9 p.m. (i) Flute Performance by Vidwan Palladam Nagaraja Rao and Party. (ii) Mysore News (8-30 p.m.)

EGYPTIAN FILM IN INDIA

(From A Correspondent.)

It is reliably understood that a deputation of representatives of the well-known Egyptian film companies will proceed very shortly to India with a view to popularise Egyptian films in India.

It is believed here that they will be successful in their mission. Though there is the question of language coming in the way, it is surmised that that in itself would not be an insurmountable difficulty to achieve a certain degree of popularity since even films in Urdu have been found to be very popular in South India where a very small number of people understand the language.

KING GEORGE ENGLISH SCHOOL

Mr Popatlal D. Rakkad was given a farewell party by the students of the King George English school on Monday He was presented with a tea-set and an address of farewell and goodwishes by the students.

SHILLONG, Feb. 23.—It is understood the Assam Public Service Commission will be appointed by the middle of March next, with Mr. J. Hazlett (Retired Commissioner of Assam) as Chairman and Moulvi Faiznoonrali, President of the last Assam Legislative Council, as one of the Members.—United Press.

USING FALSE TRADE MARK

Two Partners In Company Sentenced

In a big commercial city like Bombay honest traders should be protected against dishonest and fraudulent methods of this nature, observed Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Second Additional Court, Mazagaon while convicting Shivji Lavji and Abdul Malik 'alias' Bechu Shivji, partners in the Shivji Lavji and Company for practising fraud upon Blundell Spence and Co.

The first accused was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 in default three months' imprisonment and the second accused Rs. 500, in default one month's rigorous imprisonment.

The accused were charged under three sections of the Criminal Procedure Code, with using a false trade mark, selling goods with counterfeit trade mark and counterfeiting a trade mark and aiding and abetting each other.

Mr. E. B. Calvert, Bombay Manager of Blundell Spence and Co., the complainant, stated that for many years he had been getting complaint after complaint from merchants of Wadwan that spurious linseed oil was being sold in Indian market with their trade mark and in their drums. He could not get any clue until Mohammedally Rasulbhai found it out in May 1936. Mohammedally Rasulbhai was bent upon finding out the culprit and in the course of his inquiries went to the office of the accused. The accused Shivji Lavji said that he could supply him with Blundell's spurious oil at a certain rate and also showed him some spurious capsules to seal the drums. Rasulbhai told Mr. Calvert everything. To ascertain the fact Mr. Calvert put an order to the Shivji Lavji and Co. and thus the matter was brought to light.

S. G. Velinker instructed by Crawford and Bayley appeared for the complainant and A. I. Janaix assisted by Mr. J. I. A. Pinto appeared for the accused.

Late Mr. Kathavate

(From A Correspondent)

Mr. M. V. Kathavate alias Bapusaheb Kathavate, died on Saturday at the age of 82. Among his colleagues at the Deccan College were the late Lokamanya Tilak, Sir Narayanrao Chandavarkar, and Rao Bahadur Upasani. After taking his Law degree he entered Government Service and retired as a First Class Sub-Judge in 1911. Imbued with a spirit of service he devoted his life after retirement exclusively to social and educational work. He was the author of many works in Marathi, chief of them being "A History of Ancient India", "A History of Parsis", and "Lives of Caliph Abu-Baker and Omar".

3,000 WORKERS TURN JOBLESS

Katni Cement Factory To Close

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 23.

As a sequel to the recommendations of the All-India Cement Merger Association, which want to control cement prices and its production in India, the Management of the Katni Cement Factory, Katni, have decided to close the Factory from the first week of March.

The closing of this 40-years-old factory will render 3,000 workers jobless.—United Press.

SECRETARIAT STAFF SOCIAL

Dhurandhar Refutes Charge Of Exclusiveness

"Constitutions may come and Constitutions may go, but the Secretariat staff goes on working loyally and un-interruptedly" thus observed Mr. J. R. Dhurandhar, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary, Legal Department, in the course of his presidential address on the occasion of the Secretariat Social Gathering, held on Saturday and Sunday at the Muzafarabad Hall when a large and distinguished gathering was present "Loyalty and adaptability have been the two outstanding qualities of the Secretariat staff", continued Mr. Dhurandhar, "We have met here just on the eve of constitutional changes of far-reaching importance, but I am sure that our qualities mentioned before will enable us to adopt ourselves to new conditions. The charge has been levelled against the Secretariat men that they are living exclusively in a world of their own, un-responsive to outward conditions, but let me emphatically say that it is an entirely unfounded charge and has no basis in fact. Today's function is by itself a clear refutation of that charge".

He concluded by thanking the Secretariat staff for honouring him by electing him president for the occasion. Mr. Phanse, Chairman of the Managing Committee, then thanked Mr. Dhurandhar.

After an enjoyable programme of vocal music by Swaraswtibai Faterpekar, and instrumental music by the Oriental Orchestra, which was followed by dinner the gathering terminated late on Sunday evening.

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Magh Shud 13, 1993
Muslim: Jilhej 12, 1305
Parsi: Shehenrever 22, 1306
Hightide: 11-31
Lowtide: 5-41 17-34
Sunrise: 7h 2m
Sunset: 6h 42m
Bombay Legislative Assembly Election: Counting of Votes, General Constituencies, 8 a.m.
Municipal Schools Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Thursday, February 25.

Bombay Legislative Assembly Election: Counting of votes, Women's (general) constituency, Town Hall, 8 a.m.

SANGAT SABHA

Prof. N. R. Phatak will deliver his address on "Shankaracharya and Mayawad" to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Professor Menezes will meet his students in English Literature to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

M. Y. GAZNAVI'S LECTURE

"Salahuddin the Great" will be the subject of a lecture which will be delivered by Mr. Muhammad Yusuf Gaznavi at Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen's Hall (138, Nagdevi Street) to-day (Wednesday) at 9-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—La Meri will be on the Stage at 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Born to Dance" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Song of Freedom" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Iman-Farosh" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
IMPERIAL—"Desh-Diwan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dharmaveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Prem Bandhan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Izzat" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"The Jungle Princess" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Savkari Pash" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"The Road to Glory" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pratima" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Mr. and Mrs. Bombay" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Flower Girl" Time as usual

RAHNUMA-I MAZDAYASNAN SABHA

Under the auspices of the Rahnuma-i Mazdayasnan Sabha, Prof. P. A. Wadia, will deliver a public lecture in English at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (Sukhadvalla Building, Ravelin Street, Fort), to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) on "Parsis and the Problem of Poverty", Part II. All the members and their friends are invited.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Comorin' with the mails from London of 11th instant arrived at Aden at 10 a.m. on the 21st idem and left there at 2 p.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 11 p.m. on Thursday, the 25th instant.

The 'Comorin' will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 9 a.m. on the following day.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 25th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. 'Comorin' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 25th instant.

SWASTIK LEAGUE RUNNING RACES

(From A Correspondent)

Seven miles walking race was run on Monday last. Twenty-one competitors took part in the race. The race started from the Pathe Cinema, Lamington Road via the Queen's Road round the Oval twice and back to the starting point. There was hard contest between two competitors namely Mr. D. R. Mandrekar and Mr. C. R. Vessaoker. The former finished in 61.5 minutes and the latter finished second. Mr. D. K. Parab finished third.

Five Miles Running Race for the members of the League will be held on 6th March, 1937, at 6 a.m. starting from Pathe Cinema, Lamington Road.

CONGRESS SUCCESS IN MYSORE

(From Our Correspondent)
Bangalore. (By mail.)

The following is the first list of unopposed Congress candidates elected to the Council and Assembly:—

Legislative Council:—
Mr. G. Girimaji Rao, Kolar District.
Mr. D. V. Gundappa, special constituency of Registered Graduates.

Representative Assembly:
Mr. K. T. Bhashyam Iyengar (Special Constituency, Legal).
Mr. A. Venkatesiah (Special Constituency of Registered Graduates)
Mr. S. N. Ramanna, Chickmagalur Urban.
Mr. B. C. Nanjundiah, Tumkur Urban.
Mr. B. Chedrashekar Setty, Shimoga Urban.

Swami Paramananda's Lecture To-day

Swami Paramananda who has been preaching the religion of Vedanta for the last 31 years in the United States of America arrives to-day by s.s. "Conte Verde" to attend the Parliament of Religions in Calcutta.

Following in the footsteps of his world famous teacher Swami Vivekananda, the Swami has been emphasising the essential unity of the various religions of the world. He has established two Vedanta Centres in Boston and Los Angeles and written a number of books, widely read in America.

The Swami will deliver a public lecture to-day (Wednesday) at the Balvatsky Hall at 6-30 p.m. on "The Need of the Hour". Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia will preside.

Sir Francis Young-Husband, and other distinguished visitors from Europe and America are also arriving by the same boat to attend the Parliament of Religions at Calcutta in connection with the R. K. Centenary.

TO-DAY and FRIDAY at 6-30 p.m.
TO-MORROW, at 9-30 p.m.
THREE DAYS ONLY!
Bombay will be privileged to enjoy
TAGORE'S
DANCE-DRAMA
"CHITRANGADA"
To be staged by the pupils of
SANTINIKETAN
With unique songs and DANCE creations
IN AID OF
VISVA-BHARATI
PRICES OF ADMISSION:
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All seats bookable in advance except Gallery Rs. 1-2.
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FAREWELL PERFORMANCE!
To-night at 10 p.m. only
First Appearance in Bombay of the Beautiful and Famous International Celebrity Dancer.
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in her Superb
DANCE CONCERTS
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
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Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
The Season's Most Impressive cast:—
FREDRIC WARNER
MARCH—BAXTER
LIONEL
BARRYMORE
in the greatest of all love dramas
THE ROAD TO GLORY
(A 20th Century-Fox Picture).
LOVE . . . stronger. . . stranger . . . greater than you ever knew, love could be! DRAMA . . . fired with the inspired acting of a great cast!
ALSO LATEST NEWS BY AIR-MAIL
Free List Suspended.

SCARCITY PROGRAMME TO CONTINUE

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

The Government of Bombay have sanctioned the further continuance of the scarcity programme in the affected parts of Ahmednagar district up to March 31, and have authorised the Commissioner to start the following 'scarcity' works:—

(1) Wadgaon-Sautal tank.
(2) Miri-Tisgaon road.
(3) Shrigonda-Mandangaon road.
(4) Metal collection work in Jamkhed mahal.

The approved expenditure for a period of three months from January 1, to March 31 amounts to Rs. 158,073 and includes the following items:—

(1) Scarcity works ...	Rs.	1,16,000
(2) Gratuitous relief and doles	Rs.	23,000
(3) Establishment	Rs.	3,573
(4) Additional remuneration to patils	Rs.	1,500
(5) Water supply ...	Rs.	14,000
Total	Rs.	1,58,073

It has also been decided not to recover any instalment of tagai in the current year even in those villages of Ahmednagar district in which land revenue will be collected and to suspend the recovery of current year's interest.

KHOJA YOUTH DENIES MARRIAGE WITH PLAINTIFF

Says He Was Made To Sign Document Under Threats And Pleads For Declaring It Null And Void

Before Mr. Justice Blackwell at the Bombay High Court came on the suit filed by Sultana Yakub Husseinbhoy Laljee claiming a declaration that she was the lawfully wedded wife of the defendant, Yakub Husseinbhoy Laljee and for a decree against him for Rs. five lakhs.

In the alternative, she claimed Rs. 20,400 as arrears of maintenance allowance and residence and prayed that provision be made for her future maintenance and residence at the rate of Rs. 1,700 per month.

BASIS FOR CLAIM

The plaintiff based her claim on her alleged marriage of hers with the defendant which was stated to have been solemnised on June 6, 1930. The plaintiff stated that the defendant had agreed to pay her rupees five lakhs as dowry and in case he failed to maintain her she would be entitled to recover the said amount. At the time of the marriage which was solemnised in the presence of a Kazi, an Ikrarnama or Contract was executed by defendant, who also passed a pro-note in her favour for Rs. five lakhs.

Thereafter, according to the plaintiff, they lived together for a month and a half, but after that, the defendant neglected her and failed to maintain her. On the plaintiff's complaint, the Kazi served a notice on the defendant who however disregarded it.

THE DEFENCE

The suit was contested by the defendant, who denied any agreement of marriage or any promise to pay Rs. five lakhs to the plaintiff as dowry. He denied that any marriage of his with the plaintiff was solemnised.

The defendant stated that he was a Khoja, Shia, Ashna-e-Ashriff Mahomedan. He was 20 years of age and at all material times was a student at the Davar's College of Commerce and was dependent upon his father.

The defendant then went on to narrate the circumstances under which he happened to meet the plaintiff. Having seen a film in which the plaintiff had worked as an actress, he congratulated her on her performance on the telephone. Plaintiff thereupon invited the defendant to tea at the Taj Mahal Hotel. Invitations followed and at their meetings the plaintiff's mother and Kazi Lounday were also present.

AT THE TAJ

On June 6, 1930 the defendant stated the plaintiff telephoned to him requesting him to meet her at the Taj that night. Accordingly the defendant went to her room where he found the plaintiff with her mother, the Kazi and her chauffeur. He was treated to a drink by the plaintiff after which the Kazi handed to him a writing in Urdu, which he did not know and told him in a dictating tone to sign it without telling him the contents thereof. The plaintiff's mother and her chauffeur also insisted on his signing the paper. On the defendant's refusal, it was stated the Kazi and the chauffeur threatened to assault him. They also told him that if he did not sign the document he would be charged with outraging the modesty of the plaintiff and that they would also create a public scandal.

"UNDER THREATS"

Under these circumstances, the defendant stated, he was ultimately made to sign the document under threats, coercion and undue influence. He was also made to sign another document in Urdu and to pass a promissory note for five lakhs under threat and coercion. One of the documents was a marriage contract.

Under these circumstances the defendant claimed that the documents were null and void. He also counter-claimed for an injunction to restrain the plaintiff from representing herself to be his wife.

Western India Tennis

MALFROY EXTENDED BY AZIM

Stedman Beats Charanjiva

Exhilarating Tennis was provided in almost all the matches in the Western India Lawn Tennis Tournament, at the Bombay Gymkhana Courts, Queens Road, on Tuesday afternoon.

The first match in the Men's Singles between C. E. Malfroy, Newzealand's No. 3 and S. A. Azim, the well-known Bhopal player, who won the Singles title in the Presidency Hard Court Championships last year, was a stern struggle for supremacy and ended in a victory for the former, who is also a Cambridge Blue, at (7—5), (9—7). Though the Bhopal player lost in two straight sets, there was a glamour about his game. He put up a very hard fight against such a formidable opponent and extended him thoroughly.

In the first set, the score was four games all, after they had won games alternately, when Azim lead at 5—4 but the Newzealander drew level at 5—5 and went on to win the set at 7—5. The Bhopal player was rather poor in overhead shots, while his opponent excelled in the same.

Playing his backhand, to perfection, Azim, the Central India Champion, looked determined to win the Second set, which went to 7 games all, both the players establishing a lead of one game alternately. It was at this stage that Azim lost his confidence, and the Newzealander registered the victory by winning the next two games (9—7), though the loser extended him twice from the match-point. Thus the hard duel which lasted for an hour and twenty minutes came to an end and the winner was completely exhausted more or less due to the terrible heat. Azim, who has an advantage of his height and reach, should improve his over-head shots, but for which he should have run out winner to-day.

"SLICED STROKES"

Side by side, on the adjoining Court, another keen tussle was going on between J. E. Tew, the Bombay Gymkhana player and A. Gentien, the French player. This match was carried to three sets and resulted in a win for the French player at (4—6), (6—2), (6—2).

The Bombay Gymkhana player, who was fresh in the start, annexed the first set at 6—4, after they were four games all at a stage. Gentien had great difficulty in returning his opponent's terribly fast service, which earned Tew the first set.

The French player struck his form in the second set when he was seen volleying very well. A feature of his game were his "sliced" strokes which were nicely executed. Chopping and cutting in a beautiful manner, Gentien came on terms with his opponent winning the Second set at 6-2.

In the Third and the Final set, the French player had undoubtedly established his superiority and won the match at the cost of again two games only, repeating his performance of the Second set.

CHARANJIVA BEATEN

The Court, on which Malfroy and Azim, had just finished their great match, was again the centre of attraction, when A. C. Stedman, Newzealander No. 1 was pitched against J. Charanjiva, India's Davis Cup player—a Cambridge Blue—in yet another match in Men's Singles, which was productive of tennis of a very high class.

After the rival players were 2 games all, Charanjiva, driving with terrific force, established a lead of 5 games to 2 taking two consecutive games off Stedman's service, and it looked as if he would annex the First set easily. This was not to be so, as the Newzealander, like Azim, using his backhand to perfection, drew level, winning three consecutive games. Following this both the players, playing at their topping form, went on winning alternate games and at a stage the scoreboard read ten games all in the First set. The Newzealand player, in attempting to drive hard with fore-hand which was weaker than his back-hand, lost many points and Charanjiva rose to great heights at this time, using his fore-hand with great accuracy and force and ultimately won the set at 12—10 amidst roaring cheers.

Stedman kept his flag flying in the Second and the Final sets and yielded in all four games to win the match. The winner executed several winning shots with clever placements in these two sets when Charanjiva appeared to tire.

MALFROY AND MISS DIAS ELIMINATED

In the Mixed Doubles, S. C. Beatty, the Delhi Champion and Miss Woodbridge, runners-up in Ladies' Singles in the Presidency Hard Court Championships recently, succeeded in beating C. E. Malfroy, Newzealand's No. 3 and Miss Dias in straight sets, after an interesting match. Malfroy, despite the fact that he was over-exhausted after his match with Azim, acquitted himself very well, but he did not have a good partner in Miss Dias and lost the match at (5—7), (4—6).

The Results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

C. E. Falfroy beat S. A. Azim (7—5), (9—7).

A. C. Stedman beat J. Charanjiva (10—12), (6—2), (6—2).

A Gentien beat J. E. Tew (4—6), (6—2), (6—2).

Ahmed Hussain W. O. Y. R. Savur.

A. G. Gupte beat L. R. Pereira (6—4), (6—3).

B. T. Blake beat D. D. Yennemadi (6—0), (6—2).

MEN'S DOUBLES

J. M. Mehta and A. Gentien beat J. M. Lee and Rutnagar (6—1), (7—5).

E. V. Bobb and B. T. Blake beat S. A. Azim and M. Kaul (6—3), (6—1).

Ahmed Hussain and Vanarse beat W. N. Ghorpade and N. R. Suvarna (6—3), (6—2).

LADIES SINGLES

Miss Leela Row beat Miss Hannay (6—0), (6—2).

Miss Dubash beat Miss Woodbridge (7—5), (6—1).

MIXED DOUBLES

S. C. Beatty and Miss Woodbridge beat C. E. Malfroy and Miss Dias (7—5), (6—4).

J. M. Mehta and Miss Leela Row vs. J. E. Tew and Mrs. Pakenham Walsh (unfinished).

TO-DAY'S MATCHES
QUEEN'S ROAD COURTS:
AT 4 p.m.

Centre Court:—E. V. Bobb vs. C. E. Malfroy followed by: J. M. Mehta vs. A. Gentien; followed by: A. C. Stedman and C. E. Malfroy vs. E. V. Bobb and B. T. Blake.

Court No. 1:—B. T. Blake vs. A. G. Gupte, followed by: A. C. Stedman vs. Ahmed Hussain; followed by: Ahmed Hussain and Wanarse vs. J. M. Mehta and A. Gentien.

Court No. 4:—L. Brooke Edwards and A. N. Other vs. G. L. Mytton and Mrs. W. A. Bell, followed by: Miss Dubash and Miss L. Row vs. Mrs. Captain and Mrs. Johnston.

To Play On First Available Court:—H. L. Marshall and S. C. Beatty vs. J. E. Tew and G. L. Mytton; and J. Charanjiva and N. Brooke-Edwads vs. A. E. Browne and D. Stilliard.

CUSTOMS WIN AGAIN

Gwalior Cup Hockey

Playing in the Gwalior Cup Hockey Tournament, at the Cooperage, on Tuesday evening, the Customs "A" forged ahead into the next round by defeating the Christ Church "A" by 4 goals to 1.

THE TEAMS WERE:

CUSTOMS "A"

Lynn; Aslan, Abreo; S. M. Khan, Brewin, M. M. Hussain; Sweney, Milne, Ferozekhan, Pinto and Jagat Singh.

CHRIST CHURCH "A"

H. Llyod; R. Pereira, D'Souza; M. Barnett, G. Page, B. Peters; G. Walsh, J. Harper, Gateley, Grostrate and B. Lylod.

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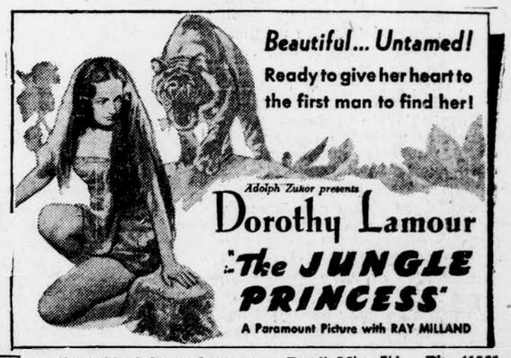
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1937

GAINS AND LOSSES

Tuesday's election news had nothing dramatic about them. They registered losses as well as gains for the Congress, the gains, of course, predominating. The capture of six seats by the Congress in the Madras Legislative Council out of the eight seats so far filled is certainly a harbinger of greater victories to be won in the province for the local legislative Assembly. In Bombay City the success of Mr. K. M. Munshi against Dr. Vad demonstrates unequivocally that University graduates, like the common people, are loyal to the Congress. The same may be said of the Indian Merchants' Chamber which has elected Mr. M. C. Ghia who, though he is not, strictly speaking, a Congress candidate, represents the Nationalist Group in the Chamber which has consistently supported the Congress cause. It is a pity that Messrs. Brelvi and Alwa have failed to win the suffrage of their respective communal electorates. But, as things are, allowances have got to be made for the pernicious influence of such electorates.

Campaign Of Vilification

A special word or two are necessary as regards the result of the Bombay City South Muslim Constituency. Of the two successful candidates, both Muslim Leaguers, one is committed—in the assurance given to Lord Linlithgow—to working the so-called Reforms in the two-fold spirit of gratitude and goodwill, and the other has openly boasted—in his circular letter about his "worth and worthiness"—of being a rebel against the Muslim League. Their success is, of course, a triumph which Mr. Jinnah richly deserves. But it also brings into relief the vile campaign of personal vilification, vulgar abuse, intimidation and actual hooliganism that had been consistently carried on against Mr. Brelvi or his workers, a campaign at which any decent minded opponent would feel ashamed but a campaign which no "leader" of the Muslim League ever had the courage to denounce. We are sorry that the cumulative effect of this campaign should have defeated Mr. Brelvi. But there is, of course, no doubt that it has. The electorate has been inveigled and stampeded into supporting an organisation the members of which, from the eminent Dictator down to his candidates, do not feel any compunction in denying the very objective and methods of their organisation, the All-India Muslim League, to say nothing of its election manifesto. It will not be long before disillusionment will come and the eyes of the 8,000 or so who voted for Mr. Jinnah's candidates, will be opened completely to the farce which paraded as the Bombay Presidency Muslim League. In the meantime the votes polled by Mr. Brelvi in defiance of adverse circumstances, which are by now well-known, encourage hopes for the future. They constitute a nucleus out of which can and must grow an organised body, which, at no distant date, will give a successful battle to sham and reaction on behalf of clean and patriotic political life among the Mussalmans of Bombay.

Need For Anti-Communalist Propaganda

It is time the Congress itself made more systematic efforts to counteract the evil influences of communal electorates and get the nation as a whole to demand joint electorates. It may be an up-hill task at present but one which must yield to patient and persistent propaganda. Intelligent anti-communalist propaganda is in any case essential; and the sooner it is systematically taken up, the better for the Congress cause. The good election work done in this connection by the Nationalist sections in the Muslim and Indian Christian electorates must be kept up, better organised and considerably widened. The problem is not now so formidable as it appeared a year or two ago. The very fact that in the Punjab, Bengal and U. P. Hindu and Muslim moneyed interests are combining and forming non-communal parties to safeguard their vested interests should bring home to the poor Hindus, Muslims and Christians the need for combining to defend their own common interests. This work of bringing the poor of all communities on a common platform has already begun in U. P. and is showing encouraging results. It needs to be extended to the whole country. It is indeed nothing more—and nothing less—than carrying to its logical conclusion the Congress programme of organising the masses irrespective of caste or creed.

Save Us From Experts!

The reports emanating from Delhi regarding the deliberations of the Princes are becoming "curiouser and curiouser" every passing day. While we are not quite sure on what particular question Their Highnesses are exercising their judgments at this very minute, it is very evident that one of the major problems that they are faced with at present is how to jettison the very weighty—and costly—opinions and advice which they have received from constitutional experts. Some of the Princes at any rate have become painfully aware that without such a drastic step on their part the ship of the Indian States will never reach the port of federation. A good deal of irony underlies this belated enlightenment, for it will be remembered that those experts were imported at great expense to help the Princes to make up their minds "vis-a-vis" federation. First one expert came and then another, until the cream of constitutional lore from two continents was available to instruct Their Highnesses upon the many intricacies and complexities of the Government of India Act and the Instrument of Accession. Once again, however, the old adage of "too many cooks spoiling the broth" has been found true, and to the consternation of Their Highnesses, it was found that the opinions of the experts not only conflicted but at some points cut across each other! Here was a pretty kettle of fish indeed, though considering that the experts were engaged by different principals,—who on their part, it must be noted, held widely divergent views—such a contingency was only to be expected by the critical observer. The experts have finished their jobs. Unfortunately, however, they have left Their Highnesses where they were!

The latest advice given by Mr. J. H. Morgan is, to say the least, a formidable indictment against the Princes joining the proposed federation. Mr. Morgan conclusively proves that the States' entry into federation is binding for all time; that the tie is "indissoluble", and there can be no talk of secession in the future; and, that the safeguards provided are at best short-lived if not altogether illusory. Mr. Morgan, therefore, in issuing this very grave warning has played the role of a candid friend to perfection, and the Princes, —those, that is, who are anxious to join federation—must be verily wondering how to save themselves from such a very candid expert, who like Portia, to her famous client, has given them law and nothing but the law. Their Highnesses, however, we are heartily glad to note, seem to be tired of any further tergiversation, and they have decided to dispense with the further advice of those very embarrassing experts altogether! The informal committee of Princes and Ministers, it is understood, will now launch upon their final (at least we hope so!) deliberations on their own, and come to a definite decision soon. Which is exactly what the Viceroy has asked them to do! And now the candid friends can book their passages with the satisfaction that they have done their jobs and earned their fees. It will not be their fault if their advice and warnings go unheeded.

WHAT NEXT?

Plea For Mass Action

(By M. N. ROY.)

The elections are practically over. During the last months all our efforts were concentrated upon the task of securing the support of the voters for the programme of the Congress. That task has been accomplished very satisfactorily. Now it is time to turn our attention to other problems which were temporarily set aside. Our splendid victory at the polls is not the only result of the election campaign. Indeed, it is a minor result. The major result is the mobilisation of the masses under the banner of the Congress. During the election campaign our appeal was not addressed only to the voters who constitute but a minute fraction of the people. We directed our appeal to the oppressed and exploited masses—with the object of making them conscious of their political bondage and social slavery. There has been a mighty response to that call. That is the major result of our election campaign. The plan of our future activity should be framed in the revealing light of that result. A powerful foundation has been laid Are we prepared to build on that foundation? That is the question of the moment.

Parliamentary Programme

If we take such a penetrating view of the situation, the controversy over the form of our parliamentary action can be easily composed. Whether in office or in opposition, the Congressmen are bound to implement the election manifesto which has aroused such an enthusiastic expectation in the masses. In other words, the sole object of our parliamentary activity should be to demonstrate that the new constitution does not confer any effective power upon the elected representatives of the people. This will be done by confronting the Government with the demand for the immediate redress of the most glaring grievanves of the masses. If the advocates of office-acceptance agree that Congress ministers should act on that line, no useful purpose will be served by the insistence upon non-acceptance. It is a minor issue. The sooner it is set aside, the better. Then we shall be able to turn our attention to more serious problems. The point is that there must be clear plan of concrete action. Further, it must be realised that the plan, however modest, cannot be executed by the parliamentarians alone. Their efforts must be backed up by extra-parliamentary mass action. The organisation of this, therefore, is the condition for the success of the parliamentary programme. On the other hand, parliamentary activity, whether as opposition or in office, will provide the impetus for the development of a powerful mass movement in the favourable atmosphere created by the election campaign.

Responsibility Without Power

The Faizpur Congress has opened before the country the perspective of the struggle for power. That perspective excludes the idea of accepting office with the object of securing some benefit for the people. Congressmen entertaining this idea fail to realise the fundamental defect of parliamentary government. Even in the most advanced democratic countries, such as France, United States of America or England, the executive function of the state is practically free from any effective control by its legislative branch. Possession of ministerial offices does not carry with it effective control over the executive machinery, which is the monopoly of the permanent staff. The vision of the steel-frame of the "Heaven-born Service" should damp the optimism of those who put forth the plausible argument that in office, backed by a clear majority in the legislature, Congressmen will be able to work for the welfare of the masses. We should learn from the bitter experience of the Liberals who accepted office under the Montford Constitution with high hopes. All their efforts in the so-called nation-building departments were checkmated by the all-powerful officials of the Civil Service. We should not forget how orders issued by the Ministers were disregarded by District Magistrates The new Constitution has not shorn the I.C.S of its autocratic power. On the other hand, it invests the Governors with even greater absolute authority. Consequently, under the new dispensation Ministers will be in no better position. They will not be able to introduce any administrative or legislative measures except with the sanction of the Governor on the top and co-operation of the executive officials below. And is it permissible to entertain the illusion that under this circumstance Congressmen in office will be able to secure the redress of popular grievances that result from im-

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4.)

Liberalism In U. S. A.

Roosevelt's Plan To Remove The Supreme Court's Obstruction

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

Things are happening in the United States that will shape the future. The victory John Lewis, the Labour leader, has won in the strike against General Motors Corporation, incomplete though it is, should enhance the prestige of industrial Unionism.

The men followed the example of the French workers and occupied the workshops of this mammoth company.

The moment was well chosen, for the motor trade is booming, and no firm can afford to be idle, week after week, while its rivals capture its market.

The employers, as usual, adopted their usual tactics; the militia and the police were mobilised. Yet no attempt was made to drive the strikers out of the workshops by armed force.

That is a result of the growing solidarity of the American workers; they have now some political influence, and State Governors who depend on their votes must think twice before they give the order to shoot. It is something new in this Republic.

The strike, like most of the industrial struggles since the New Deal, was, first of all, for recognition. Like other modern mass-production trades, the motor industry depends chiefly on unskilled men, the neglected proletarian mass—many of them immigrants belonging to the despised races.

The aristocrats who lead the craft unions of the American Federation of Labour would never organise them, and they fell a prey to the "yellow" company union. But John Lewis and the new industrial unionist organisation have roused them to stand up to this capitalist giant.

It was a struggle not merely between the men and their masters: it was also a battle between the new unionism and the old, for the federation did its utmost to thwart the rebels.

Now that Lewis has extorted recognition for a fighting industrial union in a hitherto hopeless trade, besides winning £5,000,000 a year increased wages for its men, his movements may sweep the Continent. That would do more to transform the outlook of the American workers than any other event on the horizon.

Until they stand together in industrial unions they will never feel themselves to be a class, and that is what they chiefly lack.

Once the sense of solidarity dawns in this vast unorganised mass, the possibility of effective political action will arrive.

The Obstructionists

Against this background, President Roosevelt's move against the Supreme Court gains significance.

America to-day enjoys political democracy only in name. Even if the masses were to awaken and create a vigorous political party to lead the working-class, they could hope to achieve very little, even in the modest field of reformist legislation.

The Constitution, as the Supreme Court interprets it, flatly forbids all the measures of social reform that are commonplaces in capitalist Europe.

In this great country, which leads the world in technical progress, there can be no general prohibition of child labour until the Constitution is amended.

That is a slow and difficult process. First, a Bill must secure a two-thirds majority in both Houses of Congress. Then it must be ratified by the Legislatures in three-fourths of the 39 States.

Such are the opportunities for obstruction that even for an elementary measure of humanity such as this, the prospect is nearly hopeless; at best the process spreads over many years.

Recently, New York State enacted a minimum wage measure for women in the sweated laundry industry; that was declared unconstitutional. A rather timid measure of social insurance for unemployment and old age is waiting its turn before the Supreme Court; everywhere expects a veto.

Then there is the Wagner Act, which defines the right of collective bargaining: that also is certainly doomed.

When it comes to any wider effort to regulate the anarchy of capitalist industry, the case is hopeless. Everyone remembers how this omnipotent court swept the New Deal into the dustbin.

In short, the Supreme Court has written 'laissez-faire' into this immutable Constitution. The electorate, not once but twice, may declare its will by overwhelming majorities in favour of Mr. Roosevelt and a modern view of society; but the Court has the power to keep a nation imprisoned in the 18th century.

"Nine Wise Men"

American liberalism can have no future until the Supreme Court is checked. No one was sure until last week that the President had the courage to do it.

It wants some audacity. Americans have been taught to regard the Supreme Court with awe-struck veneration. It comes down from the legendary period of their history.

No party dare assail it as English Liberals used to assail the House of Lords. The fiction still prevails that these nine elderly men are disinterested jurists who draw scientific conclusions from the logical fabric of law.

No one outside the thin ranks of the Communist and Socialist parties dares to say that the Court is simply the tool of Big Business and the champion of property.

Few even dare to think it. Yet nearly all its recent decisions rested on split votes, usually four against five. Science should come nearer to unanimity than that.

Mr. Roosevelt had, therefore, to walk warily. It is interesting that he kept silent throughout the election. Such is the usual technique of democracy; trust the people, but don't tell them too much.

Packing The Court

There will be no frontal attack. For good tactical reasons, the President does not propose to amend the Constitution. That would have meant a delay of many years, and then the Court would have interpreted the Amendment.

In plain words, Roosevelt proposes to pack the Court. He has done it rather subtly. These aged men are overworked; the business of the courts is in arrears. So for every judge over 70 he will appoint another additional Judge to help him bear the burden.

The President does not say, but

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 3.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

SURRENDERING TO JAPAN?

Is General Chiang-kai-Shek definitely going to surrender to Japanese Imperialism? This is what one can deduce, we are afraid, from the recent Nanking message. The plenary session of the Central Executive Council of the Kuomintang has issued a manifesto on the one hand "approving of the Nanking Government's pacific policy towards Japan" and reiterating, on the other "the necessity of suppressing communism in China. Considering what Japan has been consistently and blatantly demanding as evidence of China's "pacific policy" and considering what "communism in China" means in terms of the Japanese demands there can be no other interpretation of the manifesto than that General Chiang-kai-Shek is surrendering to Japan. And he is provoking a civil war with Chinese Nationalists.

ANOTHER TOTALITARIAN STATE

A broad hint has been broadcast by "the right hand man" of Marshal Ridzsmigly about converting Poland into a modified form of "the Totalitarian State". The announcement does not come as a shock or a surprise. Poland remained for long an almost complete Totalitarian State, in effect, under the late Marshal Pilsudski. On the death of the latter, his mantle fell on Marshal Ridzsmigly who is now evidently going to assume full dictatorial powers. With the formalising of his already virtual position, the Marshal will naturally play a more prominent part in European affairs. But we believe that his contribution will be on the side of peace. For it is largely due to him that Poland transferred her leanings from Nazi Germany back to France.

MUFTI SANCTIONS BIRTH-CONTROL

The Mufti of Egypt, one of the greatest living Muslim divines, has issued an opportune "fatwa" (religious interpretation) on the question of birth control. In response to an application from a number of prominent Muslims for a ruling, the Mufti Sahib declares that according to his interpretation of the tenets of Islam it is permissible for either spouse to use contraceptives when they are considered necessary, and without prejudice to health. This verdict of the Muslim divine is most welcome inasmuch as it gives a correct lead to the Muslims on a most vital question of social hygiene. Birth control is accepted to-day as a social necessity in all civilized countries and the Egyptian Mufti's interpretation is in keeping with the rational spirit of Islam.

"CUI BONO?"

The India—England Air Mail is to be speeded up and the new arrangement provides for five services weekly. The Air Mail rates too have been decreased. All this may be welcomed by the European and rich mercantile communities who can afford the luxury of Air Mail correspondence. But it will leave the average tax-payer cold inasmuch as it hardly touches upon his life. What concerns him is the fact that while he will pay for this new luxury for the rich to the extent of about 14 lakhs to be spent from the exchequer, no one has thought of giving him a cheaper post-card.

Homoeopathy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—As a registered medical practitioner and a constant reader of your esteemed journal, I am interested in the correspondence on "Homoeopathy" appearing in your columns. I like very much the letter of your correspondent "Meher-Davar" who, in my opinion, writes sensibly on the subject. He is right when he says that many bogus practitioners trade on Homoeopathy in India and there are not a few in Bombay. There can be no objection to a properly qualified medical practioner practising Homoeopathy although this system of treatment is not recognised by the modern medical science. Here, in India, there are some properly qualified doctors who practise this system and in Europe and America not a few well qualified doctors practise it. Hahnemann, the discoverer of Homoeopathy, was a clever doctor for the time he lived in. His idea that "like cures like" has been found to be correct in some instances, not universally as his present-day followers claim. Vaccine, sera, endocrine counter irritants, purgative in early cases of diarrhoea, emetic to relieve tendency to vomiting in overloaded stomach are some of the measures adopted by modern medical science which may be said to agree with the theory that "like cures like". There can be no doubt that since his time many of his followers have exaggerated his theory and turned it into ridicule. This is the case in the infinitesimal doses they believe can cure any disease under the sun. Many have tried to explain the theory of Homoeopathy but have failed to convince thoughtful and experienced doctors that this system is as successful as they claim. Sir John Weir, M.B., K.C.Vo. has actually done so, Ellis Barker, G. Charette, Lilicuthal, E. A. Farrington, J. T. Kent and many others have, written books and pamphlets on the subject, but their advocacy fails to convince most doctors who are not intolerant and wish to know both sides of the question. One, of course, must be guarded against the extravagant claims of these homoeopaths as, for instance, infinitesimal doses of common salt as a specific for neuralgias, and other idiotic beliefs. Their belief that they do not treat diseases but patients, while true in a restricted sense, must necessarily be disastrous if universally adopted. The modern medical science has rightly rejected their claim that drugs reproduce diseases in human beings as for instance Quinine causing ague and so forth. In, many cases one may ask if these people, however sincere they may be, are not self-deceived. For me they appear to be so in many of their preposterous claims and I may say that I have taken great trouble to study their system.—Yours, etc.

IMPARTIAL.

WITHOUT COMMENT

"It has become quite apparent that the Congress has succeeded in sweeping the Hindu Elections. In our view this victory of the Congress means a complete defeat of Hindusism".

—Bhai Parmanand's "Hindu Outlook".

* * * *

"The Hindu Outlook," the new weekly organ of the Hindu Mahasabha started by Bhai Parmanand, has as its emblem a flag bearing a sword and a Swastika.

Heil Hitler! And let democrats beware!

* * * *

By the way, Doctor B. S. Moonje (we had almost forgotten this great Mahasabha stalwart, so long has he been silent) sends a message to "The Hindu Herald" which is hardly optimistic. "There was a great need of such a paper to expound the cause of the Hindu Mahasabha which though unpopular for the present is destined to be the only instrument of the Hindus."

We sense a pathetic and desperate confession of an unwelcome fact in that "for the present" phrase. And the recent results in the Assembly election foreshadow no early consumation of Doctor Moonje's hoped-for ideal.

* * * *

"I wish it" concludes the worthy doctor, "a speedy and brilliant success."

Like a rocket that goes blazing into the sky.....to explode and then lose itself in the darkness?

* * * *

A decline in the population of Britain is reported by statisticians.

Many of the missing Britons will be found in India. They are called "experts," "advisers" and "special officers" of the Government of India.

* * * *

"The Associated Press understands that the British reply to the memorandum submitted by the Indian delegation on the question of revision of the Ottawa Agreement has been received in India. It is believed to be satisfactory."

Of course, of course. That goes without saying. In fact, the "It is believed to be satisfactory" might well be from an advance write-up appended to the report.

* * * *

Says a writer in Anglo-India—"Indians were in contact with East Africa long before the Portuguese "discovered" it and have actively participated in the economic development of the country since it became British."

And ever since they have enjoyed all forms of humiliating treatment and inferior status and subjected to discrimination based on colour.

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) A feature of the new Budget will be a tax on all title-holders and a premium to be paid to every owner of a stud bull.

(2) According to a new law which Government propose to enforce, only one question will be allowed to be asked in the Assembly—Is it or is it not the intention of the Government to take this house into confidence on any given matter.

(3) There will be one and only one stock reply to this question—and it will not be in affirmative.

(4) Mr. A. P. Sabavala and Mr. A. D. Shroff are arranging a reception to the crew of the "Emden," the Nazi German cruiser.

* * * *

"It is obvious that along with other communities, Europeans in India have a contribution to make to the common cause of working the new Constitution."

—Bori Bunder Junior.

One need hardly comment beyond quoting the next sentence: "In a way, their role is distinctive." Also wholly distinct.

CONGRESS VICTORY IN ASSEMBLY

Scathing Indictment Of Railway Policy

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, February 23.

The Assembly to-day presented an animated scene, to which Congress members lent a touch of lively aggressiveness. As the Congress members entered precincts of the Chamber—many of them for the first time since the last Delhi session—several non-Congress members were the first to congratulate them on their success in the elections.

A quiet question time was followed by a spirited half-hour during which Messrs. Asaf Ali and S. Satyamurti argued that the new Rules relating to the interpellations were "urgent matter" and that the House should adjourn to discuss it.

After ruling the motion out, the President announced that the following the usual practice, the mover of cuts would be given 20 minutes and supporters 15 minutes each and the Government Member 30 minutes for his reply.

Mr. Satyamurti suggested that the Opposition and the Government should be equally treated and the mover and the Government Member should be given 20 minutes each. The President, after further exchange of views, announced that the times, he had already given, would stand.

Mr. Satyamurti interjected: "Always Government wins" and added, "except in elections" (Loud laughter).

After a heated debate Sir Leslie Hudson's cut motion in respect of the Railway Budget raising debate on the control of Railway Finances, was pressed to a division by the Congress Party and carried by 56 votes against 37, amidst loud cheers from the Opposition.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

NEW DELHI: February 23.

When the Assembly met to-day after three days' recess, to vote on the railway demands for grants, there was a large attendance of elected members and while the Congress Party was not represented in full strength, there were about 30 members of the Party present on the Opposition benches. The visitors' galleries were also well filled.

Mr K. Santanam, an elected Congress member, was sworn in.

The President first took up Mr. Asaf Ali's adjournment motion regarding the new rules for interpellations and asked Mr. Asaf Ali why it should not be ruled out, as under the rules an adjournment motion could not be moved on a matter which had already been the subject of discussion in the Assembly and on which the House had given a decision.

Mr. Asaf Ali, in reply, said that he did not propose to enter into discussion regarding the merits or demerits of the rules. He merely wished to censure Government for giving effect to the rules.

Mr. Satyamurthi, supporting Mr. Asaf Ali's motion, pointed out that the rules were only made at the stage when they were published, and, therefore, the adjournment motion on this subject could not be moved earlier.

The President stated that this did not affect the position that the motion was to censure Government on a subject which had already been discussed.

APPEAL TO SPEAKER

Mr. Satyamurti reiterated his contention that the rules now were different from those proposed originally by Government. Furthermore, the new rules were now before the Parliament and any views that the Assembly members might express now in the course of discussion on the proposed adjournment motion would influence the members of Parliament. Mr. Satyamurti addressing the President urged that the chair should really make a precedent and help the House in this matter.

RULED OUT OF ORDER

The President ruling the Adjournment Motion out said that it was absolutely clear from the language of the relevant section that the matter discussed was rules themselves and the House could only have an opportunity of discussing whether such rules could be made or not. The House actually had had this opportunity and it could not be said that there was really any new matter.

'CUT' IN RLY. BOARD DEMAND

In accordance with the agreement arrived at among party leaders, Mr. A. C. Dutt on behalf of the Nationalist group moved a cut of Rs. 100 in the Demand under the head Railway Board in order to discuss the general policy of Railway administration.

Mr. Dutt strongly urged complete reorientation of the policy of what, after all, was the biggest single industry in this country. Its outlook, he complained, was anti-national and irrational. That had been their complaint for a quarter of a century. Its policy had been to encourage foreign industry and discourage Indian industry.

After criticising "the reckless extravagance" of the Railway Administration, he urged that the pay of all classes of Railway servants should be readjusted to the present price level. What was described as vested interest of some servants of the system should not allow to stand in the way of vested interest of shareholders.

CUT RLY BOARD ITSELF

Mr. Sriprakash wished that the motion had been that the whole demand be cut including the Railway Board itself. It was a useless body and more than that it had become the handmaid to the Political Department. A commercial concern, he declared, could not be run with a political bias and political prejudices. He quoted instances of harassment of passengers and referred to free passes given to C. I. D. men travelling in trains and to police officers to enter platforms.

The Railway Board, he said, had made contribution to the English Dictionary. When a person of the other sex travelled in the third class she was a female, when she entered the intermediate class she became a woman and when she went into the first class she was a lady. (Loud laughter).—A. P

OPERATING RATIO

As regards the complaint that the administration was costly Sir Mohammad Zafrullah informed the House that recently there had been a downward tendency in the operating ratio.

Continuing Sir Mohammad Zafrullah said that Mr. Sri Prakasa had accused that Railways of political bias.

NO POLITICAL BIAS

Sir Mohammad Zafrullah declared there was no political bias in the Railway Administration. He read a letter to the Railway Agent from the Secretaries of the Transport and Reception Committee of the All-India Congress Session at Faizpur, appreciating the excellent arrangements made by the Railways and the help rendered by the Railway officials.

Mr. Satyamurthi: That means arrangements would be better next year

Sir Mohammad Zafrullah said that whenever the Railways saw prospect of more revenue coming in, they always made special arrangements.

THIRD CLASS GRIEVANCES

As regards the question of treatment to third class passengers, Sir Mohammad Zafrullah said, at this stage he proposed to make only general observations, reserving detailed examination to a later occasion, when a specific matter was taken up. He had special reports sent to him from all Railway systems, pointing out improvements made in third class travel. These improvements were more on certain railways and comparatively less on others, but all the Railways were fully conscious of their responsibility.

The cut motion was put to the House and rejected without a division.

After lunch, Sir Leslie Hudson on behalf of the European Group, moved a reduction of one rupee in the demand under the head of the Railway Board, in order to discuss the control of expenditure. Sir Leslie Hudson stressed the need for a thorough overhaul of railway finances, and declared that to set up the proposed new statutory railway authority, before the whole position had been carefully examined would be a profound mistake.

Mr. B. Das said he was glad that the European Group were of one mind with the opposition in regard to the need for stricter control of Railway finances and in regard to over capitalisation. But he asked which particular community in India and which party in India was it that led the Government by the nose to over capitalise. It was the Bengal Chamber of Commerce that insisted on it first. Mr. B. Das referred to the period of frantic finance that followed, during which Indian industry and commerce were put to great strain and successive financial Commissioners and Chief Commissioners carried through a programme of capitalisation. The Government's refusal to manufacture locomotives in India, he at-

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 5.)

VICTORIA DRAW WITH M.C.C.

Gregory Scores 86 In 2nd Innings: Hardstaff Remains unbeaten With 60

MELBOURNE, Feb. 23.

The four-day match between Victoria and M. C. C. ended in a draw. Victoria scored 292 in their second innings, Gregory (86) and Hassett (54) being the top-scores.

At the close of to-day's (last day's) play, M. C. C. had made 132 for the loss of three wickets. Hardstaff remained unbeaten with 60, while Hammond was out at 56.

VICTORIA (2nd Innings.)

Gregory, c Ames, b Copson ...	86
Hassett, c Ames, b Voce	54
L. Edward, c Barnett, b Copson.	7
Pearson, c Ames, b Voce	15
Sievers, b Verity	6
Barnett 1-b-w b Robins	7
Nash c Barnett b Leyland	29
Tbeling l?b-w Sims	6
McCormick (not out)	10
Extras	14
Total	292

M. C. C. (Second Innings)

Verity, c Sievers, b Nash	6
Barnett, c Lee, b Nash	11
Hardstaff (not out)	60
Hammond, c Lee, b Ledward..	56
Leyland (not out)	5
Total (for 3 wickets)	132

CONGRESS WINS ALL MADRAS CITY SEATS

MADRAS, Feb. 23.

MADRAS CITY DOCK AND FACTORY LABOUR (one seat):—Mr. P. R. K. SARMA (CONGRESS) with 4,782 votes, was elected, defeating Mr. S. Rajagopalan (Peoples' Labour Party) with 1,724 votes.

The Congress has thus won all the seats allotted in the City for Labour in the Provincial Assembly.

SOUTHERN GENERAL LANDHOLDERS CONSTITUENCY:—Rao Bahadur K. C. M. SAPTHARISHI REDDIAR with 33 votes was elected, defeating Mrs. Radhabai Subbarayan with 24 votes.

NORTHERN LANDHOLDERS CONSTITUENCY:—The RAJA OF MIRJAPUR (Justice) with 62 votes, was elected, defeating the Raja of Yelamarro (Peoples' Party) with 6 votes. The latter forfeits his deposit.—A. P.

MADRAS LABOUR VOTES CONGRESS

MADRAS: February 23.

The results of the two Labour constituencies to the Provincial Assembly announced this morning show that Congress has scored victory in both.

RAILWAY TRADE UNION (ONE SEAT)

Mr. G. Krishnamurthi (Congress) 940 votes.

Mr. C. Chengalvaroyan 64 votes.

Mr. Krishnamurthi was declared elected.

MADRAS CITY TEXTILE WORKERS' TRADE UNION.

Mr. G. Selvapathy Chetty (Congress) 849 votes and Mr. Venkatadri Naidu 15 votes.

Mr. Selvapathy Chetty was declared elected.—A. P.

More Congress Victories

MADRAS, Feb. 23.

INDIAN CHRISTIAN WOMEN'S CONSTITUENCY

Tinnevelly District: (For three Municipal areas): MRS. JEBAMONY MASILAMONI (Congress) was declared elected by a majority of 2,000 votes against her rival Mrs. Azariah (Independent).

COIMBATORE MALABAR LABOUR CONSTITUENCY

MR. G. RAMASWAMY (Congress) with 3,669 votes was elected defeating Mr. C. Basudev, who polled 2,133 votes.

NELLORE DISTRICT

MR. SUBBARAMA REDDI (Congress) with 311 votes, was elected defeating Rao Bahadur A. S. Krishnarao (Independent) and Mr. Venkata Reddi (Independent).—A.P.

In the election to Madras Assembly from the GUNTUR LABOUR CONSTITUENCY: MR. V. V. NARASIMHAM (CONGRESS) with 3,505 votes was elected defeating Mr. M. Kasi Choudary (Independent) who polled 1,282 votes

In the INDIAN CHRISTIAN CONSTITUENCY (TRICHY, SALEM, SOUTH ARCOT, COIMBATORE DISTRICTS, IN THE MADRAS ASSEMBLY: MR. A. J. SAMU PILLAI (CONGRESS) with 6,164 votes was declared elected defeating Mr. Ponniah Pillai who polled 3,733 votes.—A. P

TRICHINOPOLY DISTRICT:—Mr. K. V. SHRINIVASA AYYANGAR (CONGRESS) with 265 votes was elected defeating Dewan Bahadur T. N. Narayansami Pillai (Independent) with 206 votes.

GUNTUR DISTRICT:—Mr. V. V. PUNIAH (CONGRESS) with 250 votes elected defeating Mr. G. Simachelam Pantulu (Justice) with 64 votes and Mr. Venkataraya Sarma (Independent) with 26 votes.

Mr. D. T. Kumaraswami Pillai, a Congressman who opposed the official Congress nominee from Tinnevelly was declared elected to the Madras Legislative Council.

Mr. D. T. Kumaraswamy Pillai secured 172 votes as against 120 secured by Mr. P. N. Marthandam (Independent) and 139 secured by Mr. Chavadi Subramaniam Pillai, official Congress nominee.

From Andhra

ELLORE, February 23.

West Godavari Constituency (two seats): Peddiraju (Independent) 638 votes, Gangaraju (Congress) 514 votes, Mr. Govindachari (Congress) 507 votes, Sarvarajudu (Justice) 299 votes.

The first two were declared elected.

Mr. Peddiraju originally applied for being taken as a Congress candidate and when refused he stood on the Independent ticket.—A.P.

MRS. SUBBARAYON DEFEATED

MADRAS, February 23.

Congress suffered the first defeat in the Assembly election when Mrs. Radhabhai Subbarayon was defeated in the Southern Landholders' Constituency by Rao Bahadur Saptharshi Reddiar who got 35 votes as against 24 votes secured by Mrs. Subbarayon.

The Raja of Mirzapuram (Justice) was elected to the Assembly from the Northern Landholders' Constituency by 62 votes against 6 votes obtained by his rival.—United Press.

Justicite Defeated

MADRAS: February 23.

KURNOOL DISTRICT.

Mr N. Sankara Reddi (Congress)—110, was declared elected, defeating Rao Bahadur B. P. Sesha Reddi, M.L.C., (Justice) 90.

TINNEVELLY DISTRICT.

Mr. T. Kumaraswami Mudaliar (Independent), 172 votes, was elected defeating Chavadi Subramania Pillai (Congress) 139 votes and P. N. Marthanda Pillai (Independent) 120.—A. P.

Ahmed Meeran Elected To Council

The Congress suffered the first defeat in the Madras Council elections, from the South Madras Muslim Constituency at Madura Mr. S. K. Ahmed Meeran Sahib having been declared elected defeating four other candidates including the one set up by Congress by a comfortable majority.—United Press.

Rebels Repulsed

Munitions And Prisoners Captured

BILBAO, Feb. 23.

A Government communique claims that Basque forces inflicted a serious reverse on insurgents on the Asturias front.

It asserts that Basques in a brilliant action penetrated Oviedo occupying a number of its streets and also cut the road between Oviedo and Grado, penetrated and fortified Pamdo and captured a number of other towns and heights, taking a number of prisoners and large quantities of munitions.

HEAVY SPANISH GOVT. LOSSES

Insurgents Claim Attack On Oviedo Repulsed

SALAMANCA, February 23.

Large contingents of the enemy were uselessly sacrificed in an attack on Oviedo, according to an insurgent headquarters communique. Prisoners put the Government losses as high as 4,000.

Other heavy losses were sustained by the enemy in the Asturias and Andalusian fronts.—Reuter

THREE KILLED IN AIR RAID ON VALENCIA

VALENCIA, Feb. 23.

Shortly before dawn and again later incendiary bombs were dropped on the Harbour Sector but little damage is reported.

A Paris message says:—

"A message from Valencia says that three were killed and several injured in the air raid. The bombs were dropped by insurgent seaplanes, it is believed, from Palma."—Reuter's Special.

INTERNATIONAL OASIS RALLY

Forty-One Planes Of Eleven Nations Take Off From Cairo

(SPECIAL CABLE).

CAIRO, Feb. 23.

Forty-one aeroplanes, piloted by airmen of eleven nations, took off this morning on a five day International Oasis Rally. They comprise nine British competitors, including the Misses Mabel and Sheila Glass (D. H. Moth) and Miss Lily Dillon (B. A. Swallow).

The four German entries include Capt. Von Blomberg, son of the German War Minister, with co-pilot Capt. Von Sternberg.

The ten French planes include one piloted by the Prince Bibesco Five Egyptian planes, one piloted by an Egyptian girl, Miss Loutfia-elnadi, three Italian, four Czechoslovak and two Belgian, besides Austrian, Polish, Rumanian and Syrian planes, complete the total.

The competitors fly to Assuan to-day, to Luxor to-morrow, then on Friday make a 690 mile circuit of the Oasis in the Libyan Desert and on February 28 a speed race of 310 miles over the Delta, similar to the King's Cup Race in England, will be held.

Sheffield Shield Match Drawn

SYDNEY, Feb. 23.

The Sheffield Shield match between New South Wales and Australia was drawn, New South Wales winning on the first innings. South Australia made 132 for three. Stumps were drawn early due to rain.—Reuter's Special.

CONGRESS PLANS FOR PUNJAB LEGISLATURE

Elected Members Meet Behind Barred Doors

LAHORE, Feb. 23.

A meeting of the Congress members of the Punjab Legislature was held last night, Lala Dunichand of Ambala presiding. The proceedings were not open to the press, but the meeting is believed to have favoured postponement to enable the absentee members to have their say.

It is understood that Lala Dunichand of Ambala and Dr. Gopichand were proposed for leadership. Dr. Gopichand suggested that they should first form a united opposition in conjunction with the Akali Sikhs and then choose a common leader. But Lala Dunichand is reported to have opposed this, maintaining that the Congress Party should elect its own leader.

The meeting "inter alia" protested against the continued internment of Sardar Harjab Singh who has been elected on the Congress ticket to the Punjab Assembly.—A. P.

SARASWAT MAHILA SAMAJ

Successful Benefit Performance

The variety entertainment organised on last Sunday by the Saraswat Mahila Samaj at the Baliwala Theatre in aid of the Industrial Section of the Samaj was a complete success from every point of view.

The programme was varied and elaborate and included classical music by Mrs. Vashikala Manjeshwar (Nee. Kerekatti); four dances, Vasant Dance, Japanese Dance, Radha-Krishna Dance and Maratha Dance; and two plays, Sadhvi Meerabai in Marathi by Shukla (abridged by Mrs. Mainabai Bhujanga Rao) and the other in Konkani, specially written for the occasion by Mrs. Kalyanibai Samsi, Ex-Secretary of the Samaj. About 50 girls and two boys took part in the various items. All items were executed with great care even to minute details and were highly appreciated by the packed house.

The function was presided over by Mrs. Sundrabai Sirur, ex-President of the Samaj. After Mrs. Leelabai, Mundkur, President of the Samaj had given an idea of the proposed Industrial Section, Mrs. Sirur dwelt on the need for such an activity for women in these days of depression and unemployment. She congratulated the Samaj on undertaking it and the organisers of the variety entertainment on the excellent manner in which it was gone through. She also appealed to the public to support the Industrial Section in every possible way.

Mrs. Sitabai Padbidri, Chairman of the Managing Committee of the Samaj, thanked Mrs. Sirur for presiding on the occasion and for her continued interest in the Samaj, the members of the Swastic Amateurs who helped in stage management, the volunteers of the Saraswati Volunteer Corps and other workers who in various ways helped to make the function a success. The performance concluded with a magnificent Hind Mata Tabban, depicting Mother India and her children engaged in various Arts and Crafts.

BATTLE OVER CUSTOMS ACT AMENDING BILL

Pattani's Move To Postpone Issue Till Advent Of Federation Defeated

NEW DELHI, February 23.

The Council of State met today, Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy presiding.

Two questions by the Hon. Mr. Naraindas Girdhardas, the first relating to non-purchase of company managed railways when an opportunity recently presented itself and the second seeking to obtain information as to the reason for Sir Osborne Smith's resignation from the governorship of the Reserve Bank of India were not answered, as the questioner was not present and has not been sworn in.

The House then proceeded to dispose of three Bills referred to it from the Lower House last week

Sir Jagdish Prasad moved consideration of the Bill providing for grading and marketing of agricultural produce.

The Bill was passed.

The Commander-in-Chief, Sir Robert Cassels then moved consideration of the Bill amending the Indian Naval Armaments Act, 1923 which was passed.

CUSTOMS ACT AMENDMENT

There was some interesting discussion on the Bill to amend the last Customs Act of 1924 designed to prevent smuggling between British India and Indian States.

Mr. A. H. Lloyd moving consideration said that the Government of India had the inherent rights to impose land customs on the frontiers between British India and Indian States.

The President said Sir Prabhashankar Pattani had sent in two amendments, one to refer the Bill to a Select Committee, and the other to circulate it for eliciting opinion thereon.

He pointed out that in the Second Chamber, it was not usual to make a motion for circulation of a Bill emanating from the Lower House, hence the motion for circulation was not in order. As regards the Select Committee motion, the President pointed out certain defects, but stated, however, that in view of the importance of the measure, he would allow the Hon. Member to move the motion.

PRINCES' FEARS

Sir Prabhashanker Pattani, moving that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee with instruction to report within two weeks, said India was under one sovereign, and there was no distinction between British India and Indian States. For the first time, an attempt was being made in the Bill before the House for introducing a new principle of great constitutional character which had created certain amount of fear in the minds of Princes who had assembled in Delhi for the session of the Chamber of Princes. He emphasised that there were several important points in the Bill which would be cleared in the Select Committee.

Mr. Sapru and Mr. Ramdas Pantulu supported the motion for Select Committee.

Mr. Lloyd opposed the motion which was rejected without a division.

Speaking on Mr Lloyd's motion for consideration, Lala Ramsarandas said that it was dangerous to entrust such wide powers to the customs authorities.

NO EX-PARTE DECISION

The clauses were then taken up. Sir Prabhashanker Pattani took objection to the provision which defined the land frontiers between British India and Indian States. He declared that such a provision was most dangerous, both for the view point of British India and the Indian states. It was thrusting a wedge between one part of the country and another part of India which had worked together for over a century. Sir Prabhashanker Pattani felt that it was wrong, on the pretext of preventing smuggling to do anything which affected independent territories which were governed under treaties in a House in which there were no representatives of one of the parties present.

Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy: "You are from an Indian State".

Sir Prabhashanker Pattani: "But when I am in this House I am not representing the interests of any State."

Continuing, Sir Prabhashanker Pattani said it would be better if the measure was dropped now and brought later when the other party was also present to defend its case. He urged that the treaty rights should be honestly carried out in the spirit and letter, and declared that the Bill was too drastic in dubbing all Indian states as foreign territory for the sake of one or two isolated cases of smuggling.

After Mr. Lloyd's reply the Bill was passed, and the Council adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

Spanish Ports Control

(Continued from page 1)

March 6 simultaneously with the Land Control scheme.

Britain will defray the cost of keeping the British Naval ships exercising supervision. It is authoritatively estimated that she will also pay £100,000 for a full year in connection with scheme for the Land Control of importation of war material, this being 16 per cent. of the total cost.—Reuter's Special.

SUPERVISION OF FRONTIERS

British Observers To Be Kept In Portugal

LONDON, Feb. 22.

Complete Anglo-Portuguese agreement on supervision of Portuguese Frontier is announced at the conclusion of the meeting of the Non-Intervention Sub-Committee.

There will be 130 British observers which in Lord Londonderry's opinion was adequate.

The question of reducing the number of international observers on the Franco-Spanish frontier at present fixed at 170 will be reconsidered.

Von Ribbentrop raised the question of the immobilisation of Valencia Government foreign gold deposits.

Maisky objected to it on the ground of irrelevancy.

The naval supervision plan was agreed to except for the Soviets who objected to the zone allotted to them and undertook to consult Moscow.

NAVAL PATROL SCHEME.

The scheme for naval patrol of Spain was generally agreed to at to-nights meeting of the Non-Intervention Sub-Committee.

The meeting, however, further adjourned the question of the Spano-Portuguese frontier supervision. Portugal suggested that sixty observers were sufficient whereas France pointed out that on the far shorter Franco-Spanish frontier the Committee had proposed to place 180.—Reuter.

ANTI-ASIATIC BILLS

S. African Union Assembly Refers Them To Select Committee

CAPE TOWN, February 23.

Gen. Hertzog, in the course of a statement in the Assembly, explained that reference to Select Committee did not mean acceptance of Gen. Pienaar's and Mr. Grobler's Bills, but that investigation in connection with them was desirable, and the Government were prepared to accept Mr. Grobler's motion not to proceed with the second reading, but refer the subject matter of the Bills to a Select Committee.

Mr. Erasmus (Nationalist Party) moved an amendment that the Mixed Marriages Bill, which had been all but killed last month, should also be referred to a Select Committee, together with these two Bills.

SOCIALIST OPPOSITION

Col. Stallard, Leader of the Dominion Party, and Mr. Burnside, Socialist, expressed the view that the proposed legislation was unnecessary.

Mr. Erasmus' amendment being negatived on the division. The motion for reference to the Select Committee, which was required to report by March 30, was carried by an overwhelming majority, only 6 members voting against.

(The first Bill by General Piennar seeks to prohibit marriages between Europeans and Asiatics:

The second Bill of General Piennar empower the Provincial Councils to prohibit employment of Europeans by non-Europeans in South Africa. Mr. Grobler's Bill prohibits European, coloured and Malay women married to Asiatics and all children from such marriages from owning fixed property in Transvaal.)

NAGPUR:—A young Muslim named Khairukhan (30) who is alleged to have waylaid a Hindu woman on a road last evening and attempted to snatch away her ornaments has been arrested by the police.

Bombay Assembly Election Results

Munshi's Victory: Brelvi And Alva Defeated: Bakhle And Sir Rafiuddin Unseated: Ali Bahadur Scores Over League Candidate

When the results of elections from all the Constituencies, other than the General and Women's Constituencies were declared by the Collector of Bombay on Tuesday, there were many surprises in store for the supporters of different candidates. While the result of the election in some of the Constituencies was a foregone conclusion, in some others, especially in the Bombay North and Suburbs Muslim Constituency, there were many upsets.

The counting of votes commenced at 8 a.m. under the supervision of Mr. T. E. Streatfield, the Collector of Bombay and Mr. Smith, the Election Officer, when 250 clerks set about collecting votes from the different constituencies.

The first result was declared within an hour, and that was the result of the Polling from the Indian Merchants' Chamber Constituency. Mr. Maganlal Ghia of the Nationalist Group was declared elected by a majority of about 100 votes. The fight in this constituency was considered very important, in view of the claim made by a few that the Bombay merchants were not behind the Congress. The Nationalist Group refuted that claim and fought the elections on that platform. The result gave a conclusive reply to the claim of a few individuals. It definitely proves that Bombay Merchants are always with the Indian National Congress.

MUNSHI SCORES

The next counting was that from the Bombay Registered Graduates' Constituency. Mr. K. M. Munshi contested on behalf of the Congress, while Dr. B. G. Vad contested as an Independent. During the last two months and more, propaganda had been carried on against Mr. Munshi personally and against the Congress. Communal feelings had been roused, and hence the victory of the Congress in this constituency is all the more important. The Registered Graduates have given a crushing reply to that propaganda by sending in Mr. Munshi, the Congress nominee. Telegrams of congratulations are pouring in, in Mr. Munshi's office, the most important being from Mr. Shankerrao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee.

The counting of the votes cast in the Indian Christian Constituency was next taken up, and the results showed a surprisingly small support for the Congress candidate Mr. Joachim Alva. However, Mr. Joachim Alva put up a brave fight against heavy odds. "Religion in Danger" was one of the slogans used against Mr. Alva while the priests worked against him. The voting shows that he has certainly succeeded in converting a good number of Christians to Nationalism and Congress.

The results of the election from the Bombay City and Suburbs Textile Labour and Bombay City Seamen and Dockworkers' constituencies had no element of surprise.

ALI BAHADUR TOPS POLLS

The topping of the polls by Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan in the Bombay North and Suburbs Muslim Constituency came as a surprise to everyone. The most interesting point about this constituency was that both the League candidates were not sure till the very end as to which one of them would get the second seat.

DEFEAT OF BRELVI

One of the bravest fights put up against heavy odds was that of Mr. S. A. Brelvi, the Congress candidate contesting from the Bombay South Muslim Constituency. Those who have followed the Election campaign in this constituency will have noticed that all sorts of vile propaganda were carried on against Mr. Brelvi, and the opponents even went to the extent of calling him a "slave of the Hindus", his only crime being his refusal to desert the Indian National Congress and stand on the Muslim League ticket. He and his workers fought bravely and lost gloriously. Long purses and communal sentiments triumphed, though temporarily, the only consultation being that more than two thousands voted for Nationalism.

Mr. Brelvi, who took the defeat very sportingly was the first to congratulate Messrs Hussein Begmahomed and Mahomedali Allabux, the successful candidates. He conceded them the victory by not wanting to hold up the declaration of the result till to-morrow by saying that he was not anxious that the invalid voting papers should be gone through. There were nearly 500 of them, which would have made a difference of about a thousand votes.

GARLANDS AND CHEERS

After each election result was declared, the successful candidates were cheered by their supporters who had gathered hundreds and garlanded them.

The Merchants (Nationalist Group) were the first to extend congratulations to Mr. M. C. Ghia, while a large number of Christians who had gathered outside the Town Hall and had been waiting for a long time garlanded Dr. J. A. Collaco.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan got a very good reception on coming out from the Town Hall, and he addressed a miniature meeting at the Elphinstone Gardens, after he had been profusely garlanded.

Mr. Hussein Begmahomed was profusely garlanded by hundreds of Mussalmans who had gathered outside and had been waiting for him for hours together. He was lustily cheered.

Mr. Mahomedali Allabux's supporters had brought banners and flags, besides several garlands. On the declaration of results, the successful Borah candidate was garlanded, and taken in a procession.

MUNSHI CONGRATULATED

All Congressmen were waiting out the Hall eagerly awaiting Mr. K. M. Munshi to congratulate him on his grand success. Immediately after he came, he was profusely garlanded and surrounded by Congressmen.

The following results were declared on Tuesday:—

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

	Votes.
MR. MAGANLAL C. GHIA (Nationalist)	163
Mr. M. M. Amersey	65
Invalid	3
Total	231

THE REGISTERED GRADUATES

	Votes.
MR. K. M. MUNSHI (Congress)	2,255
Dr. B. G. Vad	1,450
Invalid	20
Total	3,725

SEAMEN AND DOCKWORKERS

	Votes.
MR. A. H. MIRZA (League)	6
Mr. Syed Munawar	3

CITY AND SUBURBS TEXTILE LABOUR

	Votes.
MR. D. K. JAGTAP (Peasant Party)	137
Mr. R. S. Asavale	96

INDIAN CHRISTIAN CONSTITUENCY

	Votes.
DR. J. A. COLLACO	4,180
Mr. Joachim Alva	1,482
Invalid	182

BOMBAY CITY NORTH AND SUBURBS

	Votes.
MR. ALI BAHADUR KHAN	6,009
MR. M. M. KILLEDAR (League)	5,636
Mr. T. T. Barodavala (League)	5,091
Moulana Irfan	1,856
Mr. H. T. Noorani	119
Mr. Haji Hassam Ibrahim	488
Invalid	369
Tender votes	74

The first two were declared elected and the last three lose their deposits.

BOMBAY SOUTH MUSLIM

	Votes.
MR. HUSSEIN BEGMAHOMAD (League)	9,548
MR. MAHOMEDALI ALLABUX (League)	7,233
Mr. S. A. Brelvi (Congress)	4,250
Mr. Gulamhussein Single	2,412
Mr. Hai Hassan	317
Mr. Ismail Jaffer	81

The first two were declared elected, and the last three forfeit their deposits.

Munshi Thanks M. P. C. C. President

Mr. K. M. Munshi received the following telegram from Mr. Shankerrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee:—

"Hearty congratulations on behalf of Maharashtra on splendid success.—Shankerrao Deo".

Mr. Munshi replied him as follows:—

"Thanks. Deeply grateful for Maharashtra's support in spite of propaganda against Congress and myself in reactionary circles.—Munshi."

MOFUSSIL RESULTS

SIR ALI MOHAMED DEHLAVI ELECTED.

Surat and Rander city Mahomedan, Sir Ali Mahomedkhan Dehlavi, minister (Muslim League) 1,930 votes, Golandaz (Independent) 735 votes, Dr. Mahomed Hasham Hakim (Independent) 274 votes. Sir Ali Mohamed Dehlavi was declared elected. The last named forfeited his security.

Gujerat Sardars and Inamdars: Sir Girja Prasad Chinubhai (Independent) 47 declared elected defeating four other rivals one whereof forfeited security.

Surat District Mahomedan, one seat: Ahmed Ibrahim Singapuri (Independent) 1,687 votes, Abdulkadar Mahomed Sheikh (Independent) 878, former elected

AHMEDABAD RURAL MAHOMEDAN:—Ismail Ibrahim Chundrigar 1,850 (Muslim League) was elected, Sardar Shermiya Bapumiya 1,497, Mohamed Umar Abdul Rasul 577, Ishabhai Kalubhaj Mukhi 324, last named forfeits deposit.

AHMEDABAD CITY MAHOMEDAN:—Mohamad Yasin Noorie (Independent) 4,841 was elected, Sir M. I. Kadri (League) 3,745, Abdul Rehmankhan Karimkhan Resaldar 767, Mustfamiya Badamiya Saryad 318, last two forfeit deposits.—A. P.

PANCHMAHALS SUB-DIV. (one seat) Abdullahaji Isa Bhagat (Independent) elected defeating three rivals including Muslim League nominee.

BROACH SUB-DIV. (two seats) Musaji Esufji Patel (Muslim League) Asmalmussa Abhram (Independent) elected defeating two Independents.

Ratnagiri District Mahomedan one seat: Aziz Gafoorkhazi (Muslim League) 1,889 votes was elected, defeating two other Independents.

East Khandesh District Mahomedan two seats: S. M. Hasan (Independent)—3,196 and Mahomed Suleman Cassim Mitha (Muslim League)—2,951 declared elected defeating five others including Sir Fazl-Uddin-Ahmed ex-Minister who secured 259 votes

Ahmednagar District Mahomedan one seat: Mahomadbava Maidubava Patel (Muslim League) declared elected defeating Ismail-Haji Ibrahim (Independent).

Poona-cum-Ahmednagar Indian Christian one seat: B. B. Chakranarayan (Independent) 2,438 votes was elected defeating R. S. Modak (Independent) 1,254.—Associated Press

NASIK DISTRICT (one seat) K. S. Abdulrahim Babuhakim (Muslim League) 2,945 votes elected A. R. M. Abdul Majid (Independent) 2,034 votes.

WEST KHANDESH DISTRICT Mahomedan (one seat) Kazi Bashiruddin Moinuddin (Independent) elected defeating two rivals.

SHOLAPUR CITY

Of the four candidates K. B. Abdul Latif (Muslim League) was declared elected by a majority of 1,117 votes. The polling resulted as follows:—

Abdul Latif Haji Hajaratkhan (Muslim League) 2,952 votes.

Ahmedsaheb Chandarki (no Party) 1,835.

Abdul Karim Lunje (Congress) 535.

Ahmed Master (No Party) 368. The last two forfeit deposits.—A.P.

MUSLIM LEAGUE SCORES IN KARNATAK

BELGAUM, February 23.

Mr. Gheewala (Muslim League) was elected with 2,475 votes from the Belgaum Muslim Constituency. Mr. Patil Hattarwat—1,219 votes; Valli Mohamad—1,144 votes, were both defeated.

Karwar Muslim Constituency: Siddik (Muslim League)—877 votes was elected defeating Mr. Kittur—782 votes.

DHARWAR DISTRICT (two seats) Abdul Karim Aminsaheb Hanigi (Independent), M. A. A. Savanur (Independent) elected defeating two rivals including one Muslim League nominee.

BIJAPUR DISTRICT (two seats). A. N. Ilkal and K. A. Janvekar (both Muslim League) elected defeating two Independent rivals.—United Press.

BAKLE DEFEATED

SHOLAPUR CITY LABOUR (one seat) R. A. Khadgikar (Congress) 7,719 votes elected defeating two other candidates including R. R. Bakle (Independent) who polled 829 votes. Seventy per cent. of the voters polled. Defeated candidates forfeit their securities. "Excepting for one result from Kaira District, Muslim constituency all results are now complete. Counting of votes for general constituency takes place to-morrow throughout the presidency.—A P.

HIDAYATULLAH ELECTED

KARACHI: February 23.

Sir Gulam Hussain Hidayatullah (Muslim Party) and Mr. Dialmal Doulatram (Hindu Sabha) were elected to the Sind Assembly from the Landholders' Constituency, defeating four others including Mr. S. S. Tolani, Sitting Member. Sir Gulam Hussain polled 1,024; Mr. Dialmal—846; Mr. Muhmmud Ali Shah—253; Mr. Bhorgri—305; Mr. Tolani—74; Mr. Jashanmal—21 votes. The last two candidates have forfeited their securities.

Mr. Narandas Bechar was declared elected to the Sind Assembly from the Labour Constituency, defeating Messrs. Wadumal and Mirza Adam. Mr Narandas secured 2,504; Mr. Wadumal—102; Mirza Adam—83 votes.—United Press.

MORGAN'S BOGEY DOES NOT FRIGHTEN PRINCES

But They Plead For Legal Protection For Extra-Statal Rights Within Federal Sphere

NEW DELHI, February 23.

The Associated Press understands that the Constitution Committee and the Federal Finance Committee, which had already submitted their reports to the Chamber of Princes, have sent a joint report on the opinions of Mr. Morgan. The Committee was presided over by the Maharaja of Patiala and among the members present were the Yuvaraja of Limbdi, Sir Prabha Shanker Pattani, Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Mr. K. Madhava Rao, Mir Ali Yar Khan, Mr. Powar, Pandit Amarnath Atal, Mr. Sen, Mr. Rushbrook Williams, Sir Manubhai Mehta and Mr. Zafdi.

WADHAM NOT TO BLAME

Before coming to the opinion proper the Committee, while considering the first section of Mr. Morgan's opinion containing certain remarks against Judge Wadham's as irrelevant to the discussion of the subject, have expressed appreciation of the valuable assistance rendered by Judge Wadham throughout their discussions. They proceed to state that the suggestion in Mr. Morgan's opinion that Judge Wadham was "imported for the occasion" and the inference that the Committee's report was based solely upon the advice of the Judge was entirely incorrect. They point out that they have had before them opinions of eminent English counsels, such as Sir Wilfrid Greene, Sir Walter Monckton, Sir William Jowit and Mr. Gavin Simonds, in addition to other counsels, such as Tej Bahadur Sapru, Judge Wadhams and Mr. Morgan. They observe that the details into which Mr. Morgan had gone with meticulous care had been carefully considered and evaluated by other eminent counsels, in the course of the last four years, and had either been embodied in the advice already given or disposed of by the States' political and legal advisers, long anterior to the present stage. No new issue had been raised by these details, requiring a wholesale reconsideration.

SECRET DISPATCH MYTH CRITICISED

The Committee also comment on Mr. Morgan's remarks on the possibility of the Act in disregard of Section 6 (5) being radically amended, the instrument of Accession being overridden by the Federal Executive and His Majesty's Instruments of Instructions to the Governor-General rendered nugatory by secret dispatch of the Secretary of State.

They say that on that basis it would be impossible to negotiate a Treaty or Agreement even between independent parties and that it is not practicable to isolate the three documents, which form the integral structure in which each has a distinct function and value of its own.

The Committee further comment that Mr. Morgan's opinion is based more on the criticism of the literature placed before the Committee than on the fundamental problems arising from the occasion.

SOVEREIGNTY SAFEGUARDED.

Regarding Mr. Morgan's view that the sovereignty of the States would be impaired by Accession, the Committee state that the original safeguards was formulated by the Chamber, regarding sovereignty remaining unimpaired relating to that portion of the States' sovereignty, the exercise of which was not made over to Federation and that it was all along clear to the States that to the extent, to which they would accede, they would be contributing to Federation, constituted by themselves in conjunction with the Crown, in exercise of certain other sovereign powers' authority and rights, a contribution implicit in the conception of Federation itself. They have no doubt whatever that the rights had been adequately safeguarded and had been fortified.

OBJECTIONS REMOVED

In the view of the Committee, Mr. Morgan had misunderstood the reasons that had led the States to demand an amendment of Clause 6. Their objection to "subjects" being included in the clause as originally drafted was only secondary and was on the ground that the subjects would only be affected by virtue of the Ruler's accession and that, therefore, only a ruler, as a sovereign and high contracting party, required mention. The States' real objection was, however, to the proposal implicit in the Clause, as first drafted, that the rulers of the Indian States should "accept" a piece of British Parliamentary legislation binding upon themselves and that the Committee were satisfied that the amendments in this essential regard were not illusory or purely verbal. They have, in this connection, annexed "in extenso" the opinion expressed by Sir Wilfrid Greene and Sir Walter Monckton, which they regard as decisive. Those opinions express the view that the amendments sufficiently meet the objections taken by the States.

MORGAN'S EARLIER VIEW

The Committee have replied to Mr. Morgan's opinion in regard to the question of sanction of "Coercive Powers" by quoting his own earlier opinion expressed in 1935, in which Mr. Morgan had stated that there was no such subordination as was the case with province, of State Governments and State servants to the Governor-General and that the Federal Government had no means of compelling State servants to act in aid of the Federal Court.

Mr. Morgan had also stated in that earlier opinion that the internal sovereignty of Federated States was, in all these respects, saved by the Bill, which did not contemplate to exercise any Federal authority over the Government of the States.

The Constitutional Committee express their agreement with this earlier view stated by Mr. Morgan and adhere to their view that Paramountcy is the ultimate sanction for the enforcement of Federal obligations and that Federation has no power to penalise a contumacious State, beyond resorting to the Governor-General's power "in his discretion" to issue directions to the rulers. They state that the failure to carry out those directions, would clearly set into motion the play of Paramountcy Powers and that Section 123 is decisive on the point.

FEDERAL VIOLATION

In regard to Section 124 also, which Mr. Morgan regards as a manifest violation of the Federal principles in so far as it empowers the Federal Legislature to impose duties or confer functions on the States, the Committee state at no previous stage was any objection taken to this by the States, as a result of strong support of that Clause by the counsel in the above quotation. Besides, the States had also in mind the alternative, namely, planting of Federal officers in States to execute Federal duties or functions—an alternative which the States throughout had been anxious to avoid.

"PURPOSE" CLAUSE MUST GO

The Committee proceed to explain that Hyderabad's objection to the word "uniting" occurring in the Clause of "Purpose" was only secondary. It was true that Sec. 5 itself contained the word "uniting" but it was a different matter altogether. According to Hyderabad, to put that word in the mouth of a ruler himself by inserting it in his Instrument of Accession.

Hyderabad's more serious objection was, however, to the entire Clause, which imported political ideal into a legal document and Hyderabad had, therefore, urged the deletion of the entire Clause and the Committee in their own report had agreed with this larger proposal and had, on the lines of Hyderabad, recommended the entire omission of the Clause.

The Committee proceed to state that they have had no misconception in their minds in regard to the implications of Sec. 45, nor had they even thought that the right, as such, of secession existed in that Section. They were glad to note that Mr. Morgan agreed with the view expressed in the course of the Constitutional Committee's discussion that it was not necessary to go into the matter at this state. They were satisfied, however, that Schedule 2 of the Act read in conjunction with Sec. 6 (1) (A) and Sec. 6 (5) adequately safeguarded the fundamental structure, to which the States would accede, and that the amendment of provisions saved from amendment under Schedule 2 will affect Accession of States in altering the basis given to the Constitution, to which they have acceded. The Committee refer to the opinion expressed by Sir Wilfrid Greene, Sir Thomas Inskip and Sir Donald Somerville in this connection which confirm their own view.

"PURELY ACADEMIC"

They proceed to state that the argument employed by Mr. Morgan that ff, later on Parliament chose to amend Sec. 5 itself, the States would have no remedy was purely academic inasmuch as in a similarly inconceivable event of Parliament deciding to annex their territories, the States would equally have no remedy. They fear that to take into account of such contingencies is a procedure, as remote from reality as speculation of the effect likely to be produced if the Law of Gravitation were suddenly to cease to operate.

DANGERS OF ANALOGIES

Commenting on the cases cited by Mr. Morgan, on which a separate Annexure has been added, the Committee in Mr. Morgan's own words have uttered a warning regarding the dangers of analogies, stating that the proposed Federal Constitution for India has no precedent or parallel, either in Dominion Constitutions or in other Federations outside the Empire. They point out that no such element as Paramountcy functions of the crown, or for that matter, the instrument of Accession, overriding the Act, exists elsewhere and that nowhere within the Empire, to which Mr. Morgan has confined his references, are there any such sovereignties as Indian States uniting with the Crown for the purpose of forming a Federation.

PRIVY COUNCIL

The Committee state "while accepting in general the possibility of the interpretations being given by the Privy Council on the basis of precedents, wherever applicable, the Committee cannot believe that the Privy Council would be incapable of distinguishing between two such essentially different types of political structures, as are represented on the one hand by the proposed Federation of India and on the other by any one of the Constitutions of the Empire."

LEGAL PROTECTION

The Committee deal at length with two suggestions made by Sir Akbar Hydari and the Hydari Committee namely the request to Government of India to sympathetically explore the possibility of placing on record agreed understandings between the parties, so as to throw light on the Construction of the instrument and the suggestion that extra Statal rights within the Federal sphere should be given legal protection.

The Committee express the view that both the Hydari Committee and they themselves have throughout been aware of the difficulties inherent in the inclusion of provisions in the Instrument itself for realising these two objects and that the states had, therefore, left it to the Government of India to devise other methods, if inclusion in the Instrument was impossible, for implementing the requirements of the States.

HOW TO ACHIEVE IT

One of the methods which the Hydari Committee and the Constitution Committee had in mind in regard to the first proposal was the incorporation of provisions in Rules of Practice and Procedure of the Federal Court, which would make this possible. Particularly in view of the essentially contractual nature of the Instrument, as distinguished from the Statute itself.

In regard to the second proposal, the Government of India had been requested to explore the possibility of agreements with the Federation, regarding such extra-Statal rights and such agreements were contemplated in Section 204 (1) (A) part (III) of the Act.

NO ALTERNATIVE SUGGESTED

The Committee remark that they are pleased to see that Mr. Morgan regards the first proposal emanating from Sir Akbar Hydari as a valuable one. They state that, however, while arguments against the request of the nature made to the Government of India for the exploration did not require such elaborate enumeration by the counsel engaged on behalf of the States, no attempts had been made by Mr Morgan to suggest any other alternative in the matter such as legal protection of the extra-Statal rights, which the States regard as important.

The Committee are, however, confident that the difficulties are by no means insurmountable. They are glad that Mr. Morgan agrees with their own views regarding the power to contract out of operation of particular provisions of the Act.—A.P.

ROLE OF INDIAN FOLK-SONGS

That Indian life was the culturally united was the view expressed by Mr. Davendra Satyarthi at a P. E. N. lecture on Tuesday at the National Medical College Hall. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presided.

The lecturer who had spent years in the study of folk-songs of India's villages profusely illustrated by singing the songs depicting folk-lore in various dialects.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu said that the lecturer had done a distinct service to India through his studies.

Mr. Satyarthi referred to a tradition current in Simla Hills, when 'Tanjhuti Rag' was much prevalent and was invariably mixed up in any Rag that was sung there. An old villager told him that Narada who came to rest there after a prolonged stroll had sung in that 'Rag'.

He found the Hill tribes, who were generally shepherds, were strongly patriotic in their outlook.

He pointed out a folk-song which was strikingly common in Cutch as well as in Sindh and narrated how a beautiful dame of the 'tribe' was carried away by a warrior from another country but could not be converted but only yearned for her country and its life.

Generally it was found a woman was the one who sang and poured out her feelings whether as a lover or mother or a sister.

The collector of the songs found the villagers hospitable and had an interesting though arduous time in collecting and getting them translated. He would soon be publishing his work in the form of a book. He deplored the general apathy of the middle classes towards folk-songs.

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AGRICULTURAL BIAS COURSE

Teachers' Refresher Training In Poona

Poona, (By Mail).

The Inspector of Agricultural Schools, Bombay Presidency, Poona writes:—

The public are aware that attempts have been made to adapt rural education to suit rural needs. Government of Bombay have arranged since 1924 to introduce a special syllabus of studies called the Agricultural Bias Course in some of the Primary Schools in Rural areas. Such schools number about 80 in the Presidency proper and teaching of all subjects in these schools is modified to suit rural requirements drawing illustrations from rural life and the subject of nature study and gardening which is included to introduce the boy to agriculture through it. Since these classes are under the control of the District School Boards, Government have found it desirable to give special training to its officers for a week and Refresher Course to its teachers for a fortnight.

Accordingly these classes have been sanctioned for the three linguistic areas. The classes for Karnatak were held on Arbhavi Farm near Gokak from 1st to 13th February 1937. Those for Maharashtra will be held on the Poona Agricultural College Farm from the 23rd February, 1937 to 7th March 1937. The opening address will be given by the Hon. Mr. B S Kamat, one of the members of the Royal Commission on Agriculture in India that recommended the multiplication of these classes, on Tuesday the 23rd instant at 9 a.m. at the Chemistry Lecture Hall of the Agricultural College, Poona.

CATHOLICS LEAVING FOLD?

Sequel To Rioting In Tinnevelly Village

PUNNAIKKAYAL,
(By Mail).

A correspondent informs:

Hundreds of Roman Catholic Bharatha families in Punnaikkayal, (Tinnevelly Dist.) S. India, have resolved to leave the Roman Catholic fold. As a result of a recent riot their families have taken refuge in the surrounding villages and they are resolved to carry out this irrevocable determination as soon as they are recruited.

Punnaikkayal is a village of about 4000 inhabitants. It is situated in the centre of the Pearl Fishery Coast. It has a glorious historic past and it was once a flourishing Sea Port, and was the head quarters of Saint Francis Xavier. It was there that the first Tamil Printing Press and the first Indian Seminary were established. A Dutch godown and other ruins still bespeak its historic past.

FOUNDER OF WHEELERS BOOK-STALL SERVICE

Death Of Mr. E. E. Moreau, C. B. E.

News has been received in Bombay of the death at Brighton of the man who might be said to have put Rudyard Kipling on the road to fame. He was Mr. Emile Edouard Moreau, C.B.E. the founder of A. H. Wheeler and Co., the firm which provides a country-wide service of bookstalls at railway stations in India.

Born at Nyon in France in 1856 the late Mr. Moreau was educated at Framlingham College. From 1891 to 1911 he worked as a partner in the firm of Bird and Co. of Calcutta.

During the 1914 war he was with the Ministry of Munitions and later organised and controlled in India the distribution of propaganda in vernaculars.

He was a senior partner of Arthur H. Wheeler and Co. London. He founded the firm of A. H. Wheeler and Co. over 50 years ago. When Kipling was still a struggling sub-editor on the staff of a newspaper at Allahabad, Mr. Moreau, recognising the exceptional merit of his writing, volunteered to publish his books and also to pay him advance royalties which enabled Kipling to make a journey round the world.

Mr. Moreau was one of the first Europeans to realize the value of Indianisation and at the moment the senior partner in India in the head office at Allahabad is an Indian.

Mr. Moreau died at his residence at Fairlie Place, Withdean, Brighton on Saturday the 20th inst.

RIOT AT ZIRA

MOGA, Feb. 22.

A Hindu-Muslim riot occurred at Zira on the occasion of Id-Ul-Zaha, according to reports received here. It is stated that Muslims had applied for licence for cow slaughter for Bakr-Id, but after persuasion the application was withdrawn.

To-day, on a report that a cow had been slaughtered, feelings began to run high, culminating in serious rioting as a result of which several persons are wounded.

An unconfirmed report says that two were killed.

A Magistrate and Deputy Superintendent of Police have proceeded to the spot.—A.P.

SUCCESSFUL HAJ IN MECCA

Ibn-e-Saud Honours Pilgrims Of All Nationalities

BOMBAY, Feb. 23.

A correspondent wires to the Associated Press from Muna (Saudi Arabia) that the pilgrimage is quite satisfactory. The health of pilgrims is good and sanitary and police arrangements are excellent. Prince Yeman Talaath Arb Pasha of Egypt, Kamil-Kassab Amin-ul-Hussaini of Palestine, His Highness Khan Kalat, Head Priest of the Bohra Community and Pir Pagaro of India are among the prominent people participating in the pilgrimage. They were all received in Mecca with great pomp.

RECEPTION TO PILGRIMS.

The sacred Kaaba was covered with the Holy Carpet on the tenth Zilhijja, His Imperial Majesty honoured the Indians, Egyptians and other nationalities by giving a royal banquet for each nationality. His Excellency Abdulla Sulaiman, Haj and Finance Minister is doing much for the comfort of the pilgrims.

JEDDAH MADINA SERVICE.

The service between Jeddah and Madina was enjoyed by many pilgrims. The return fair per pilgrim was 18 gold. The shortest time taken was one hour and ten minutes one way.—A. P.

POPAT UNIVERSITY OF AYURVED

The following are the names of the successful candidates of the different Ayurvedic Institutions, who appeared in the Prabhuram Ayurvedic College Examinations, conducted by the Dr. Popat University of Ayurved, during January 1937.

BHISHAGVAR EXAM.

Parekh, Gordhanbhai Girdharbhai, Baroda.

Vaidya, Amritlal Jayashanker, Chikhali.

Bhatnagar, Prem Lall, Gujranwala.

Jani, Ambalal Nanalal, Vasai Dabhala.

(Passing in 'Nidan Chikitsa' only) Icewala, Cavashow Khurshedji Shapurji, Bombay.

(Passing in 'Shalya' Shalakya Shastra' only) Maharaj, Tokersey Nyaysagar, Bombay.

BHISHAK EXAM.

Joshi, Jamietram Vallabhram, Navsari.

RASAVAIDYA EXAM.

Dalal, Rameshchandra Tribhovandas, Bombay.

Vaidya, Prabodhchandra Madhavlal, Palanpur.

(Passing in 'Vanaspati Shastra' only) Gajiwala, Shantilal Maganlal, Surat.

UPAVAIDYA EXAM.

Shah, Manilal Panachand, Devgad Baria.

(Passing in 'Sharir Shastra' only) Bhalerao, Yeshwant N. Vir.

Hindustan Tyre Workers On Strike

(From A Correspondent).

There was trouble in the Hindustan Tyre Works situated at Lamington Road on Tuesday morning when six workers employed in the factory had to leave work when their demands for increase in wages, payment for overtime etc. were not conceded by the management.

The work in the factory came to a standstill as soon as these workers left work. It appears that the management is intending to restart work in a day or two by employing new men. The strikers are also determined to see that no blacklegs are recruited.

Negotiations were immediately opened with the management but the situation does not seem to be encouraging.

Ladies "At Home" To Mrs. Simms

((From A Correspondent)
AHMEDNAGAR (By Mail).

A function took place on Saturday evening when about 30 ladies of the sewing party were at-home to Mrs. Simms, wife of the Collector of Ahmednagar, in the Silver Jubilee building of the Welfare Association.

It will be remembered that Mrs Simms was holding a weekly and fortnightly sewing and knitting party of women of all classes in her bungalow which ended in a Fancy Bazaar Show on the 9th and 10th of January in aid of the Maternity and Child Welfare work. A substantial sum of over Rs. 700 was then realised.

This entertainment was arranged, as Mrs. Simms is shortly leaving for home with her children.

SENSATION IN BORAH COMMUNITY

Sequel To Bara Mullanji's Order On Mullan Of Dohad

(From Our Correspondent)
DOHAD, Feb. 21.

Mr. A. R. Hudghton, Foreman and Ag. A. L. O. of the Loco Workshops of Dohad is retiring on March 23. Mr. Hudghton will proceed to England immediately. Mr. A. Hudghton, his son and the Assistant Foreman at Ajmer, will take over the charge from him.

The local agent of the Bara Mullanji of Surat of Borah community issued an order asking Hakimuddin, the Mullan, who was performing the Namaj ceremony in one of the Masjids to discontinue his duties and another Mahmadali Faria has been given over the charge. This has created a great stir among the Borahs which is likely to result in a communal dislocation and about 75 persons, who attended daily the Namaj in that Masjid at once went to the agent and lodged their protest against his order.

WHAT NEXT?

(Continued From Page 6)

perialist exploitation? Can we expect that, vested with absolute power, the representatives of imperialism would permit the slightest encroachment upon the preserves of vested interests. Who would say that under the new Constitution Ministers will have any effective power? Have we not denounced it as a retrograde measure, worse than the Montford Reform? Let us not be lured into the ridiculous position where we shall have to shoulder responsibility of administration without the requisite political power.

Need For Mass Action

The fact that Congressmen will constitute the majority in a number of provincial legislature does not compel them to shoulder the responsibility of administration. It is frivolous to seize upon that fact as the conclusive argument in favour of accepting office. That fact simply places us in the position to demonstrate that the new Constitution does not transfer any power to the people. That is the only inducement for our accepting office. Should Congress decide to accept office, the purpose of that policy must be to utilise our strategic position for organising the struggle for the capture of power. For implementing the election manifesto, Congressmen in office will be obliged to press for legislation for relieving the masses of the intolerable burden of taxes, rent, interest. They must sponsor or support social legislation to give some relief to the wage-earners. Interest of imperialism does not permit such reforms urgently required for the welfare of the people. Consequently Congressmen in office will not be able to introduce measures for fulfilling the promises made to the masses during the election campaign. They then shall have to go to their constituents to explain why they are unable to satisfy popular expectations. The cause of their failure is that they do not possess the requisite power. The experience will help the masses to realise the necessity for the struggle for power. Thus carrying through the parliamentary policy, even to the extent of accepting office, we shall come to realise, more clearly than ever, that mass action is the only road to freedom. We shall teach the masses that they must themselves work out their salvation. Then they will be ready to take up higher form of struggle to do something more than cast their votes for the Congress candidates. To organise the masses in that struggle for the capture of power is the task before the Congress. How to accomplish that task? That is the question of the day.

Extra-Parliamentary Movement

At its next meeting the A.I.C.C. should occupy itself with this question. If the majority will favour accepting office, the Ministers should be instructed to insist upon legislation necessary for implementing the Congress election manifesto. There should be no shilly-shallying on that score. On the other hand, the A.I.C.C. should inaugurate an extra-parliamentary movement supporting the legislation sponsored by the Congressmen in office. That movement should be developed by demanding immediate redress of a number of specified grievances of the people. In addition to the well-known economic grievances, our demand should include removal of the galling restrictions upon the elementary democratic right of the freedom of Press, speech and association. In short, masses mobilised during the election campaign should be drawn into an organised movement to be developed step by step under the banner of the Congress, with a clear plan of action for the realisation of the programme of National Democratic Revolution.

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

"Experiment Lead To Progress"

Intelligent British Film Interests Recognise The Maxim

The British film industry compared with the similar industry at Hollywood, is not exactly happy. It seeks to establish its international place and clientele. It is now driven to recognise that it must invest as much in new ideas, new film technique, stories and stars as much as in the yellow metal currency. 'Experiments lead to progress' is a maxim and a slogan still unrecognised by most of the Indian studios. The following observations from the "Film Weekly" is therefore, an opportune pointer.

"For several weeks now, Film Weekly readers have been conducting a fierce argument over the casting of three important stars.

Some of the letters on this subject have appeared in our correspondence pages. Many others have been kept out through lack of space.

One in particular, published this week, criticises the suggestion made in a recent article that Kay Francis should return to the sophisticated roles which first brought her success.

Our correspondent points out, as many others have done, that Miss Francis's performance as Florence Nightingale was not only an experiment but also a successful experiment.

She should not be condemned to revert to her old sophisticated or mother-love parts. She should be given the chance to experiment some more.

What of the other two actors about whom our readers have been quarrelling? They are Clark Gable and Robert Montgomery.

Both have raised quite a storm of protest. Gable has been criticised for attempting to portray Parnell.

Montgomery has come under heavy fire because of his intention to play Emlyn Williams's original role in "Night Must Fall."

Both actors, say their critics, are unsuited to these roles, and consequently such a drastic departure from type must fail.

But what is sauce for Miss Francis must also be sauce for Messrs. Gable and Montgomery.

It is surely no more fantastic that Montgomery and Gable should succeed as a murderer and a politician than that Kay Francis should have given a fine performance as Florence Nightingale—a piece of casting which was also much criticised when it was first announced?

To say that audiences will not be entertained by an actor who provides entertainment outside his usual type is merely to say that audiences will not be entertained by entertainment. And that doesn't sound true.

Bold experiments are always worth making—provided both stars and producer are sincere and not stunting.

They are a sign of new enterprise and virility in the cinema.

Experiments lead to progress. If they fail, they indicate an actor's limitations and will not be repeated. If they succeeed, they extend not only the scope of the player concerned but also of the cinema as a whole."

Tagore's Dance-Drama At The Excelsior

To-day's Performance

BY Shantiniketan Artistes

A troupe of 25 artistes from Shantiniketan—both boys and girls—will stage Poet Tagore's famous dance drama "Chitrangda" at the Excelsion theatre for three days commencing from to-day. The proceeds of the shows will go to the fund for the Poet's Vishwa Bharati University.

The artistes are well-known to the art-lovers of the city by their previous appearance three years ago, when they staged the Poet's two popular plays "Shap Mochan" and "Tasher Desh".

Dancing and music predominate in "Chitrangda", which is an epic story of the romance between Arjun and Princess Chitrangda as described in the Mahabharata.

The costumes are beautifully designed by the Bengali artist, Nandlal Bose, and the settings are by another famous artist, Mr. Surendra Kar.

The play drew packed house in Calcutta, Allahabad, Meerut, Delhi, Lahore and at Lucknow where it was performed in the presence of H. E. the Viceroy, who expressed his great appreciation. 'Chitrangda" has been acclaimed as the best success of the Shantiniketan artistes and should provide a real treat for the lovers of Indian dancing and music in this city.

During the interval of Tagore's drama, a young lady wearing a copy of Vora Modes, Bombay, of the costume worn in "Mary of Scotland", (an R.K.O. Radio Picture to be shown at the Excelsior on Saturday next) will distribute souvenir leaflets and will wear Max Factor's society make-up.

"Chitrangada"

"Arjun"

Sabita Devi Mobbed At Ahmedabad

(From A Correspondent.)

Sabita Devi, the prominent star of Sagar Movietone, was invited to Ahmedabad for the anniversary celebration of Krishna Talkies on the 15th instant.

At a Zanana show of "Jivan Lata" specially arranged, Lady Vidyagowri Nilkanth presented Sabita Devi to an audience of over 2,000 prominent ladies in the city.

Lady Vidyagowri paid a warm tribute to the rare histrionic abilities of Sabita Devi and gave an intimate description of the sincerity and high ideals which the star observes in her pursuit of art.

In reply, Sabita Devi spoke a few words thanking the ladies for the warm and kind reception given to her.

Again, at the evening show ex-Mayor Malvanker presented Sabita Devi to the citizens of Ahmedabad. The whole house, which was crowded to capacity, stoop up to honour the great star.

In a day Sabita Devi had become so popular with the ladies of Ahmedabad that the proprietors of Krishna Talkies were compelled to arrange another "Zanana" show on the 19th and before three thousand ladies, Sabita Devi was once again presented to the house.

On the 19th there was a big rush to the Ahmedabad station, because Sabita Devi was leaving for Bombay by the evening train. So tremendous was this rush that for hours in advance all approaches to the station were blocked thereby causing considerable inconvenience to the usual passengers.

After overcoming numerous small obstacles, somehow the party accompanying Sabita Devi managed to reach the platform by private entrance, but there again the enthusiastic crowd in its anxiety to see the star caused enough obstruction to delay the departure of the train for a considerable time. At last the train left the platform amidst a deafening roar of "Good Luck Sabita".

Question Of The Week

Will Indian film producers see their country and the people before they picturise them?

"JUNGLE QUEEN" AT THE MAJESTIC CINEMA

"Jungle Queen" which commences this week at the Majestic Cinema is a remarkable and fascinating picture. The story is of abiding interest and has dramatic force both in Jungle scenes and at the court.

Kurangi is a daughter of a chief of a hilly tribe. Free and full of animal spirits she roves in jungles and has at her command some elephants. They are so tamed that at her bidding they will obey the command of their mistress. Once a tiger is about to pounce on her, when she holds the brute skilfully on the point of her lance which pierces through the abdomen of the brute and it drops dead. Kamal, an heir-apparent to the throne of Alakhpur, chances to observe her heroic deed and cries out 'Hurarah', and 'Bravo' Kurangi does not relish this and commands him to quit the place. Kamal apparently obeys her, but hids himself behind the trunk of a tree and observes her sporting in waters of a transparent brook. Soon she begins to hum a ditty and Kamal takes up the chorus. Wild with rage Kurangi hurls a stone at him with the result that it hits Kamal on the temple and he swoons. She is about to sever his head, when a Yogini appears and in a commanding voice asks her to stop her nefarious act. In Kurangi she recognises some one who was dear and near to her, but she abruptly leaves them as she hears a warning from a saint named Bhala Baba.

Kurangi's prejudice against Kamal gives way to love and Kurangi's father who has inherent dislike for city bred youths learns about Kurangi's affairs and he orders his men to burn Kamal alive. Kurangi contrives to save him with the aid of her elephants and both flee from the horrible place.

Their later adventures are of a most thrilling character.

Sulochana plays the leading role and by her magnificent acting moves the audience. Zilloo shines brilliantly in the role of Yeshodevi and Billimoria maintains his standard the scenes of the jungle with elephants, pythons and wild animals enhence the beauty of the picture.

Verily the "Jungle Queen" is a triumph of the Imperial, which has given the public such good pictures.

Kumari Sulochana in the role of the "Jungle Queen" which will be shown at the Imperial on Saturday next.

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

(CONTRIBUTED)

Bengal Chemical Factory was again the site of Director Nitin Bose's shooting of factory scenes where about a week's shooting has been made. The filming of the Bengal Chemical Power House in many detailed aspects required about five hundred workmen who had to be dressed up in a like manner. Great care had to be bestowed, as slight carelessness might cause fatal accidents.

A few more days' indoor work will see the entire completion of the taking of "Didi". We can now legitimately expect to see this eagerly awaited film which gives fair promise of being a bold departure from the school of present day Indian films, flashing on the screen towards the end of February.

It need not be mentioned that along which "Didi," "The President" (its Hindi version) will also be ready.

Director P. C. Barua, in company with Mr. P. N. Roy, the production Chief of N. T. and Phani Mazumdar, Mr. Barua's assistant in direction, has left for Assam to select location in jungle for the next double version picture of Mr. Barua which he hopes to take up very soon.

The title of the Bengali version has been "Mukti" and the casting is mainly complete. Smti. Molina by virtue of her exceptionally fine rendering of "Mrinal" in "Grihadaha" has been chosen for the role of the feminine lead while Barua, Pahari Sanyal and Amar Mullick will be cast in three important male roles.

Mr. Hem Chander, now directing the Hindi film suggested by Mr. Sailajanand Mukherjee's "Anath Asram" is now busy taking interior shots at the "B" Sound Studio (Studio No. 1). By the end of March next, the film, only the Hindi version of course, is expected to be ready. Umashashi and Najam (who we believe is identical with Mr. Nazimal Hossain, formerly with Bombay Talkies.) are reported to be doing well in the roles of the hero and the heroine.

Prithviraj, Jagdish and Nawab are in important supporting roles.

Director Prafulla Roy of the same concern whose last production was "Pujarin" (the filmization in Hindi of Sarat Chandra's "Dena-Paona") has selected the novel, "Abhijnan" written by Mr. Upendranath Ganguly, one of the eminent Bengali novelists of the day as the subject matter of his next. The film will be made in both Bengali and Hindi versions.

Srimati Sadhona Bose:—The long awaited picture "Alibaba" of Shree Bharat Lakshmi Pictures has been completed. Director Modhu Bose is at present busy editing the picture. Sadhona Bose famous for her dance-eloquence, has acquitted herself creditably in portraying the character of Morzina, Suprova Mukherjee, as Fatima, Indira Roy as Shakina, Bibhuti Ganguli as Alibaba, Kamal Biswas as Kassim B. P. Mehra as Hussein, Priti Mozumdar as Mastafa, Kali Ghose as Robber chief and the director himself as the Abyssinian slave "Abdulla" are expected to do justice to their respective parts.

PRABHAT STUDIOS (POONA).

Their latest picture "Vaha" or Beyond the Horizon" has been censored and is now ready for release.

The picture will first be released in Punjab and Bengal. Mr. V. Shantaram, the versatile Screen Technician and Director is busy day and night with his social masterpiece, "The Unexpected" in two versions (Hindi and Maharathi). This unique production is expected to be the rarest Indian Picture of the Day "Rarest" in every respect.

MINERVA STUDIOS (BOMBAY).

Based on the appealing theme that the sin of man against man entails a calamity, but the sin of man against God precipitates a catastrophe the story of "Atma-Tarang" presents an intriguing assemblage of novel and touching episodes. Opening on the tense atmosphere rife on the eve of the visitation of famine in the village of Shigri, the picture unravels the vicissitudes of Mohan, the son of the village headman, till the sequence ends in a grim spectacle, when every cottage in the village is burnt as a pyre of its dead iccyoabts. A calamity often opens a door to happiness and so when Mohan is left an orphan to struggle alone in the world, he meets Guru Harischaran the guiding spirit of a sect of sadhus who keep on travelling from place to place on the mission of human service. Here in the soul-elevating presence of the Guru and the exhilarating company of Puran, Mohan finds peace of mind and interest in the world again. Mohan's happiness knows no bounds when he finds himself deeply in love with Nalini, the daughter of Dharamdas, whose aristocratic way on Neetinagar is an ominous shadow on the lives of the poor inhabitants in the slums. But the heart of Nalini is the direct antithesis of that of her monstrous father—it bleeds for the sufferings of the weak and helpless and in that she finds a common cause with Mohan. Both come to help Jamuna in her bereavement, caused by Dharamdas' lust for oppression. The Guru however changes the outlook of these down-trodden men by spreading among them a new philosophy of life by the help of his sadhus, but thus he incurs the wrath of Dharamdas, who swings, the sword of persecution on him and his men. This starts a clash between the sweeping forces of relentless cruelty and selfless service culminating in a climax that will leave you dazed as you see the sinister town of Neetinagar rocking in the crushing grip of an earthquake. How the sadhus, the slum men and the only worthy aristocrat Nalini, escape the terrible 'quake that annihilates the Nagar, is the most logical episode based on a cogent chain of circumstances. The love between Mohan and Nalini blooms into a beautiful blossom in Prem Puri, where the immigrants start settling, but just when everything seems to go beautifully, the sadhus decide to leave in pursuance of their mission and with that comes to Mohan the shocking realisation of the clash between his love for Nalini and his vow of celebacy to the sect. He chooses to preserve his oath and break his truth and with that the tender heart of Nalini. The unfortunate girl finds an easy escape from the wracking agony and the suicide of Nalini leaves Mohan shattered. What happens to Mohan after the soul stirring symphony of love was broken is revealed in a sequence, which is short but so poignant that you will applaud the picture as an exotic tragedy of love's sublime cruelty.

With the above emotional story and a cast consisting of names like Sohrab Modi, Firoze Dastur, Prabha, Gulzor, Kiran Shashi Eruch Tarapore, Vasant Pahelwan, and Puri, "Atma Tarang" would click at any box office. But add to that the lucid lyrical language for which Minerva has gained an enviable reputation, the grand settings, the songs of Firoze and Kiran Shashi and the sweeping dance ensembles; the picture looks like creating a furore. The picture is having finishing touches under the able directions of the versatile Director and Artist Mr. Sorab Modi who needs no introduction.

Kumari Panna in Golden Eagle Movietone's "Prem Bandhan" now running at the Krishna Cinema

Devika Rani starring with Ashok Kumar in "Izzat," now running in its fifth week at the Royal Opera House

Jal and Zubeida in "Mr. and Mrs. Bombay" now showing at the Wellington.

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TURKEY'S NEW IMPORT REGIME

Quotas To Be Substituted By Arbitrary Permits

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

The Indian Government Trade Commissioner at Milan, has forwarded a translation of a Decree bringing into force in Turkey a new General Import Regime as from January 1, 1937. The feature which particularly distinguishes the new regime from the present is that there will no longer be any specific quotas and that the importation of goods will either be permitted without restriction as to quantity or will be prohibited altogether.

The new regime does not affect the quotas laid down in the various Clearing or analogous Agreements made by Turkey with other countries.

Lists are annexed to the Decree showing the position of all goods under the new regime. These Lists are as follows:—

List S.—Goods which may be imported free of quota restriction from all countries.

List KL.—Goods which may be imported free of quota restriction from any country which has a clearing or analogous agreement with Turkey or whose trade balance is favourable to Turkey.

List V.—Goods which may be imported without restriction as to quantity, but for which the prior authorisation of the Ministry concerned must be obtained.

List A.—Goods which figure in the various schedules annexed to Clearing Agreements with Turkey. These goods may be introduced up to the limits laid down in the schedules which remain in force during the validity of the Agreement to which they are annexed.

List M.—Goods of which the importation is entirely prohibited.

The new regime will remain in force until December 31, 1937.—United Press.

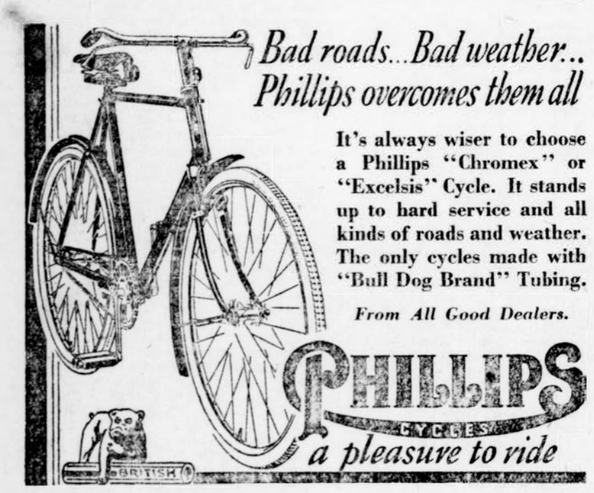
45,000 Attend "Haj" Ceremony

KARACHI: February 23.

A cable received here from Sheikh Abdullah Suleman, Finance Minister in Mecca for India, states that 45,000 pilgrims from India, Egypt, Palestine and other places attended this year's "Haj" ceremony at Arafat in Mecca.—United Press.

The funds of the Ahmedabad Education Society are swelling day by day. The Society has to collect one lakh rupees by the end of March.

Mrs. Ambalal Sarabhai has donated Rs. 4,000.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BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

Leaders Demand Committee Of Inquiry

(Continued From Page 14.)

of Mr. Agnihotri, and are expressing their surprise as to how in spite of their voting solidly for him in the "white box" of the Congress, his ballot boxes showed a poor return when they were brought and opened here for the counting of the voting papers.

Inquiry Demanded.

It is really still a great surprise as to how Mr Agnihotri, who had been leading by a majority of over 70 per cent of the total votes polled, was defeated so miserably when the votes were counted here.

The atmosphere of Bilaspur is surcharged with a variety of rumours, and it is publicly alleged that the ballot boxes, containing the votes for Mr. Agnihotri, were tampered with, and the votes for Mr. Rao were swelled at the cost of the Congress candidate.

The public of the Bilaspur district in general and the voters in particular, under the existing dubious circumstances, are insisting upon institution of an inquiry committee, consisting of the official and non-official members, to investigate into the whole affair.

The supporters of Mr. Agnihotri and Mr. Agnihotri himself are contemplating to file an election petition against the election of Mr. Rao, and claim to have got strong evidence and material in their possession to prove their allegations before any court of Law, and expose the whole of the alleged scandal.

Petition Contemplated.

The supporters of Mr. Rao, on the other hand, are alleged to be busy coercing the tenants for their solid support to the Congress and in some places bringing pressure to sign that they have voted for Mr. Rao in his red box. And all this is being done only to counteract the agitation and the legal action that is in the public mind.

Fury And Suspicion.

On my arrival on the eve of the conclusion of the counting of the votes, I found the public feelings running high at Bilaspur, and the atmosphere full of fury and suspicion. The people alleged with one voice that the election was a 'farce' and that any body could be defeated under these circumstances.

LEADERS' STATEMENT

Following the announcement of the result, Thakur Chhedilal, Barat-Law; Dr. S. D. Mishra; Mr. M. K. Chitale, advocate; Messrs. C. M. Otalwar; S. D. Bajpeyi; K. R. Tewari; Murlidhar Mishra R. G. Tiwari, pleaders and Ganpatilal Bais, all influential and highly respected residents of Bilaspur, on being interviewed by me, issued the following signed statement to the Press, disclosing the circumstances in which Mr. Agnihotri, the Congress nominee was made to suffer a defeat in the hand of Mr. Rao.

"People outside Bilaspur do not know what has been happening here since the 12th of February when the polling took place for the Bilaspur General Rural constituency, with Pandit Kunj-Behari Lal Agnihotri, advocate, as Congress candidate pitched against his rival the hon'ble Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, ex-Governor and present Home Member to the Government of the Central Provinces.

Official Pressure.

News concerning numerous instances of official pressure, previous to the date of election, had already found its way into the public press, but beyond a denial of such interference, no enquiry was ever held by the Government of the Central Provinces.

However, despite heavies todds when polling took place every observer forecasted a clear majority of votes for the Congress candidate.

Pundit Krishna Kant Malaviya, M.L.A., of Allahabad, Babu Mohan Lal Saksena, M.L.A., of Lucknow, Pundit Ravi Shanker Shukla, advocate of Raipur, Pundit Dwarka Prasad Mishra of Jubbulpore and Mr. Lakshmi Narayan Mishra of Sambalpur, in Orissa, were at Bilaspur on the occasion of elections and openly declared that the Congress candidate would secure at least 90 per cent of the total votes polled.

In the majority of polling booths, the presiding officer refused permission to the election agent of the Congress candidate to affix their seals to the ballot boxes of the honourable Mr. Rao. Their attempt to seal their own boxes to their satisfaction were frustrated in many cases by the presiding officer.

In this connection it may be stated that even on the eve of polling there were rumours that the ballot boxes would be tampered with and, therefore, in the public meeting held at Bilaspur on the 10th February, the Congressmen openly expressed their apprehensions.

Deputation To Commissioner

On the day following the polling, fresh rumours arose and Mr. Murlidhar Mishra and Pundit Kashi Ram Tewari, prominent supporters of the Congress nominee approached the Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur, and requested him to be extra cautious in view of what was being rumoured regarding the tampering of the ballot boxes. The Deputy Commissioner said that he had also heard the rumour, but Bilaspur was full of suspicions and he knew his duty

The same evening, a meeting was held in the course of which the Congressmen expressed their fears and doubts publicly. These fears, suspicions and rumours continued to intensify till the 19th when the counting of votes began.

When the polling boxes relating to Sakarra polling booth, where the Congress candidate was expected to secure at least 70 per cent of votes polled, was opened, Congressmen were surprised and and shocked to find that the Congress box showed only 132 votes and that of the Hon'ble Mr. Rao 1,264.

They were now alert and when Bartori boxes were brought, the latch of the Congress box was found so loose that it fell down as soon as the seals were removed. On examination, the hinges gave distinct proof of the box having been tampered with. The bottom had a big crevice just at the place where two planks met, and the paper pasted at the ends of the joints had cracks.

Not Sealed

It may be mentioned here that after the conclusion of the polling, the presiding officer at this booth had not allowed the polling agent of the Congress candidate to seal the non-Congress boxes, and the packets contain the unused ballot papers of the counterfoils of the used ballot papers and the electoral roll showing the number of votes polled. He even refused to seal them in his presence. The box of Deori centre also showed a wide crack at the bottom.

It may be pointed out here that above 200 voters had come to this polling booth in a procession, carrying National tricoloured flag and each cast both of his votes in the "White" Congress box.

The most surprising feature is that in those centres, which were the Congress strongholds, the Congress candidate's box was found practically empty, and his rival, Mr. Rao's box showed thousand votes and more.

In those stations where the fight was even, Mr. Agnihotri has secured a bare majority, which shows that these boxes have not been touched and only the boxes of those centres have been tampered with, where Mr. Agnihotri was expected to poll heaviest.

All these facts noticed at the time of counting were brought to the notice of the returning officer, and a written application, covering the entire field of evidence has also been made to him.

We hope and trust that our allegations will not be overlooked in view of the persistent rumours in the town, the belief of the people that the boxes have been tampered with, the condition of the ballot boxes revealed at the time of counting, the official interference that was openly practised during the election and the success of the Home Member, contrary to the expectations of all impartial observers present at the polling booths, and that an impartial enquiry will be instituted.

We are making this statement deliberately and are prepared to shoulder the responsibility for our allegations and charges.

It is needless to add that if such serious offences are allowed to pass un-noticed, Democracy will become a farce, and it would be useless for any non-official to stand as a candidate against an official."

WINDFALL FOR G. M. COLLEGE

Munificent Offer For New Hostel For Medical Students

With reference to the Press Note which recently appeared announcing the donation of a sum of Rs. 5,00,000 by Mr Prabhashanker R. Bhatt, the son and heir of the late Mr Ramchandra M. Bhatt, for the construction of a Hostel for the students of the Grant Medical College, Bombay, he has made the following statement to our representative

HIS FATHER'S LEGACY.

"My father, long before his death, had decided to endow a good sum for charities of permanent character connected with education as he was a strong believer in education as the infallible remedy against communal troubles in the country. During the last fifteen years, almost all his charities amounting to not less than Rs. 25,000 were confined to the field of education. As if he had some presentiment of his approaching end a few days before his death he called me to his side and charged me in a most solemn tone with the duty that I should do something educational that will keep his memory alive for all time. As I did not expected his end so soon, I did not take his words with as much seriousness as I should have done. But alas! the unexpected happened.

DR. PATEL'S SCHEME.

Even though he is gone out of my sight, his words charging me with a solemn duty have been ringing in my ears ever and anon. I have mentioned this to several friends of mine including Dr. C. S. Patel of the Grant Medical College who eventually turned out to be the man for the job. When I told Dr. Patel about my anxiety to do something of an imperishable character connected with education to perpetuate the memory of my late lamented father for whom education was something of a Faith, Dr. Patel put it to me that the want of a good hostel for the students of the Grant Medical College was being very keenly felt and that the Dean of the College, Lt.-Col. S. L. Bhatia has been at it for the past so many years and that he could not think of a better way of perpetuating the memory of my father than by giving a Hostel to the students of the Grant Medical College in my father's name. Certainly I jumped at the idea of a Hostel. The amount earmarked was to be utilised for the benefit of Hindus only.

SCHEME ACCEPTED

Nevertheless after consulting my friend and guide and co-trustee Mr. Natverlal B. Desai (Solicitor), I made up my mind on the Hostel idea and informed Dr. Patel accordingly. Dr. Patel with his characteristic promptness prepared a scheme at the suggestion of Lt.-Col. S. L. Bhatia for the consideration of the Surgeon-General, E. W. C. Bradfield, who not only welcomed the scheme but also had an estimate of the hostel costing Rs. 267,000 prepared and later on helped in the final approval. As this estimate cost more than a lakh in excess of my offer of Rs. 150,000, it appeared for a time that the scheme would not fructify. But, fortunately through the willing co-operation of all concerned, a way was found out by which the scheme could be put through to fruition. It was this. With the sum of Rs. 13,500 standing to the credit of the Hostel fund, I undertook to build the Hostel through my contractors according to the plans approved and laid down by Government.

In conclusion, I take this opportunity of thanking Dr. C. S. Patel for being chiefly instrumental in the final materialisation of the scheme and also Lt.-Col. S. L. Bhatia, the Dean of the College, for the manner in which from the outset he inspired Dr. Patel and others in respect of the proposed hostel and for his constant support and co-operation in all stages of the scheme, without which, it will be no exaggeration to say the scheme would not have reached the successful termination that it has."

To a query by our representative whether by his undertaking the construction of the Hostel, he hopes to bring the cost of the Hostel building within his donation of Rs. 150,000 and Rs. 13,500 of the Hostel Fund, Mr. Bhatt said that he was not quite sure in his mind that the cost will be Rs. 267,000; however, he was prepared to see that the Hostel was built, come what may

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BENGAL CHEMICAL : : CALCUTTA
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LIBERALISM IN U. S. A.

(Continued from Page 6).

everyone understands, that the six new judges will be drawn from his own supporters.

What then? Then Liberalism may have a fair chance. Through that phase America must pass. Even the working class has yet to learn that political democracy is not enough.

The behaviour of Big Business will now make a profoundly interesting study. It was loyal to this democratic Constitution because the Supreme Court sat in its omnipotence at Washington to guard property against the votes of the People.

If the Supreme Court is packed and a spate of reformist legislation flows past it unchecked, what will happen? Will the captains of industry and finance bow to a Constitution that works? They may turn to Fascism.

* * * *

In discussing the Moscow trial last week, I pointed out that a witness claimed to have met Trotsky at the Hotel Bristol, in Copenhagen, but that no such hotel exists.

It seems, however, that there is a Cafe Bristol close to the Grand Hotel. Some confusion may then be excusable.

But this reply fails to cover the other inaccuracy: that this witness claimed to have met Trotsky son with his father. Yet the son was not in Copenhagen.

These details call for an impartial investigation.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 4 POINTS UP

Bullion Steady And Wheat Better But Base Metals Quiet

Bombay, Feb 23

On Tuesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY

New York cotton was very steady despite the uncertainty about loan cotton releases.

BULLION STEADY

London gold and silver ruled steady.

WHEAT BETTER

Wheat was slightly better. Rubber was good. Base metals were quiet.

SECURITIES IN REQUEST

The London Stock Exchange generally displayed better tendency on scattered support. Giltedged securities were also in request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, Feb 23

Previous closing	12.42
To-day's opening	12.47
Difference	plus 05
To-day's closing	12.46
Difference	plus 04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, Feb 23

Previous closing	7.01
To-day's opening	7.03
Difference	plus .02
To-day's closing	7.04
Difference	plus .03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May Rs. 221

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Feb 23

Cotton displayed considerable activity on strength abroad which induced good local buying and foreign purchases although speculative enterprise continued to be checked by the uncertainty over loan cotton releases.

Trading in May began at 12.47 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and some local and foreign buying with May gradually rising to 12.50 but at this stage the enquiry was slow although the undertone kept steady.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.46 with a rise of 4 points for May delivery

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Feb 23

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (12.57/12.57) 12.61/12.60
May (12.44/12.42) 12.47/12.46
July (12.31/12.30) 12.34/12.32

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb 23

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American March (7.02) 7.04
American May (7.02) 7.03
Egyptian March (9.73) 9.73
Egyptian May (9.97) 9.98

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Feb 23

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 222 and Rs. 221-12 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 222.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Feb 23

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-1 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/4) 1-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3 1/2) 2-3 1/2

JUTE

New Crop February March (£18 7/8 value) £18 7/8 value
Dunlop February (£22) £22
Lightning February (£20 1/4) £20 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/2 buyers) 10 9/32 buyers
Forward April June (10 9/16 paid and buyers) 10 11/32 buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay February March (£13 5/8 sellers) £13 9/16 sellers
Linseed Calcutta February March (£13 3/4 sellers) £13 3/4 sellers.
Linseed La Plata January (£11 5/8) £11 9/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal March (£14 9/16 sellers) £14 paid and buyers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb 23

Liverpool wheat opened steady with March at 100 7/8 and May 103. The market was fairly active on continued continental enquiry coupled with better outside cables but subsequently the demand slowed in the absence of sustained encouraging cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Feb 23

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.33. The market was fairly steady on scattered commission house buying influenced by better outside cables.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

Bombay, Feb 23

May 1937 Delivery

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 6 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 6 6
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	payment
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 6 9

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Feb 23

Previous closing	4.89 13/32
To-day's opening	4.89 3/8
To-day's closing	4.89 5/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Feb 23

Previous closing	4.89 5/16
To-day's opening	4.89 5/16
To-day's closing	4.89 3/8
Difference	—.00 1/16

FRANC RATE

London, Feb 23

Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105.13
To-day's closing	105.13
Difference	nil

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb 23

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.89 5/16 and then eased to 4.89 9/32 but subsequently the rate displayed steadier tendency on scattered support.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.89 3/8

Franc opened at 105.13 but thereafter eased slightly due to the lack of buying power to 105.14.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 105.13.

CROSS RATES

London, Feb 23

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8)	1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.942)	7.942
New York on Bombay (37.00)	37.00
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 7/8)	0.91 7/8
London on Milan (92.96)	92.96
London on Shanghai (1-2 9/16)	1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2)	1-2

DISCOUNTS

London, Feb 23

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

LONDON METALS

London, Feb 23

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£248 buyers £249 sellers. Erratic) £249 buyers £250 sellers. Irregular.
Lead (28 1/4 buyers £28 3/8 sellers. Strong) £30 1/4 buyers. Irregular.
Electrolytic Copper (£75 to £78) £69 to £71 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Feb 23

The following cable information was received here to-night from London. "Speculators bought. China sold. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Feb 23 Latest Prices.	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 1/16d.	20 1/8d.
Forward	20 1/16d.	20 1/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Feb 23

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-2-1 1/2) £7-2-1 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Feb 23

11-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	50 4 0
Silver 1st settlement	49 4 0
Silver 2nd settlement	49 7 0
Gold ready	35 3 0
Gold 1st settlement	35 2 9
Gold 2nd settlement	35 2 9
Sovereigns	22 5 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Feb 23

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	5 7 6
Wheat September	5 6 0
Linseed May	7 6 9
Linseed September	7 10 9

Wheat and Linseed steady.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Feb 23

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 93-5 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 92-12-6.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

Opening	Rs. 93 2 0
Highest	Rs. 93 8 0
Lowest	Rs. 92 8 0
Closing	Rs. 92 12 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Feb 23

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £90 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Feb 23

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£97 1/4) £97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90 1/4) £89
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 1/2) £110
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114 1/4) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 1/4) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£113) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/4) £102

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£106 7/8) £106 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76) £74 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£101 3/4) £101 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107) £106 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£111 1/4) £111
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 3/4) £101 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 1/2) £108 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Feb 23

3-30 p.m.

After being dull and easier markets generally favourably influenced by rallying disposition of giltedgeds. Copper shares and home industrials were firmer.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-7 1/2) 17-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (82-6) 83-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (13-6) 13-4 1/2
Musical Industries (24-7 1/2) 24-6
Princhin Johnson (52-6) 51-6
Imperial Chemical (39-1 1/2) 38-6
Woolsworth Ordinary (78-9) 78-9
Realisation 1930 (99-6) 99-6
Dunlop Rubber (32-9) 32-6
Unilever Ordinary (43-0) 42-7 1/2
Ford Motors (32-1 1/2) 31-6
Cables and Wireless (£8 1/8) £7 7/8
British American Tobacco (123-9) 122-6
Carreas A (£8 1/4) £8 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (151-3) 150-0
P and O S N Company Deferred (35-0) 34-0
Distillers (104-1 1/2) 105-9
Bredford Dyers (10 3/8) 10 1/8
British Celanese (10 3/8) 9 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (50-6) 50-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-4 1/2) 52-8
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-4 1/2) 12-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (38-6) 37-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (75-1 1/2) 73-3
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (60-0) 60-0
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-0) 21-3
Donaro Tea (50-6) 50-6
Empire of India (32-6) 32-9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (44-3) 44-6
Gula Kelampong (57-6) 57-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (43-0) 43-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (63-9) 63-9
Burma Corporation (18-9) 18-6
Rio Tintos (£29 7/8) £29 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (76-0) 75-6
Rand Mines (£8 7/8) £8 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/4) £14 3/4
Gedule New (£10 1/2) £10 3/8
New Modders (£30 5/8) £31 1/4
Sub Nigel (£12 1/2) £11 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (38-1 1/2) 37-6
Union Corporation (£10 3/4) £10 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (63-9) 60-0
Anglo Iranian (125-7 1/2) 120-0
Burma Oil (117-6) 113-9
Musical Eagle (25-1 1/2) 25-1 1/2
Shell Transport (£143 1/8) £138 1/8
Royal Dutch (£50 1/8) £49 1/4

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£58 3/4) £57 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£28 5/8) £28
L N E R Defd (£5 1/4) £5 1/8
Southern Dutch (£22 5/8) £22 1/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£124) £124
London Transport 'C' Stock (£94) £93

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Feb 23

The following were to-day's opening rate:—

General Motor (dol 66 3/4) dol 65 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 63 1/2) dol 65
U S Steel Common (dol 114) dol 113 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 147 3/4) unquoted.

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Recovery In Mexican Eagles

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Feb 23

The Stock Exchange opened weak. A subsequent, though slight, improvement in giltedged securities was reflected in other departments, and several appreciable recoveries were recorded especially among Kaffirs and leading industrials. Mexican Eagles also recovered a part of yesterday's setback.

Among commodities, base metals were easier on profit taking following yesterday's strength. Sugar was firmer in anticipation of the April Conference. Rubber was firmer and then easier in sympathy with New York.

Wall Street was actively irregular.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, Feb 23

Closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind	March	22	5 6
	May	21	13 6
Panjab	March	18	14 6
	May	18	14 3
Dessi American	March	23	4 9
	May	23	8 9

Tone: Steady but quiet.

Wheat	March	30	13 0
July		28	10 9

Tone: Unstoady.

Toria	February	38	7 6
	March	38	10 6
	May	39	5 9
Gram	July	20	14 0
Cottonseed	March	16	12 9
	May	17	4 3

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 22-2-37	5726000	6226000
Receipts yesterday 22-2-37	—	21000
Exports to date 22-2-37	3900000	4479000
Stock at Ports 19-2-37	2280000	2465000
Stock at Interior Towns 19-2-37	1924000	2124000
Stock at Liverpool 19-2-37	920000	716000
Visible Supply 19-2-37	5768000	6244000
Quantity in sight 19-2-37	10920000	10618000
Quantity out of sight 19-2-37	8404000	7480000

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Feb. 23.

March	74.30 plus 40
April	74.60 plus 20

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Feb. 23.

April	245.00 plus 50
May	244.50
June	245.00 plus 50
August	245.40 —.10

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 23-2-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —003 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.8 derees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 66.4 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 82.7 degrees 0.9 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 69.0 degrees 0.7 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 69 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NNE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 100 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 11 milss per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 4

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 23-2-1937.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 77.1 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.07 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.88 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

B. P. C. C. ELECTIONS

Polling Booths And Hours

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:

That the general election of 25 delegates by the primary members in the City of Bombay will take place on Sunday, the 28th February, 1937, in all the seven Wards.

The elections will be conducted by the B. P. C. C. through their own polling officers and scrutineers.

The polling hours will be from 7-30 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the morning and from 2-30 p.m. to 7 p.m. (S.T.) in the afternoon.

The polling booths for the various Wards are as follows:

"A" Ward—"A" Ward Dist. Congress Committee Office, 28, Manordas Street, Fort.

"B" Ward—Malharbai Hall, Barbhai Moholla, Nagdevi.

"C" Ward—(Will be announced later).

"D" Ward—The People's Jinnah Hall and Congress House Compound.

"E" Ward—Mariamma Temple Compound, Bazar Road, opp. 9th Kamatipura Lane.

"F" Ward—The Bombay Physical Culture Institute, Compound, Opp. Ganesh Maidan, Lalbag.

"G" Ward—The Kshatriya Hall, near Dhuru Hall, Chhabildas Road, Dadar.

The system of voting is by the process known as "Cumulative."

RAILWAY BUDGET DEBATE

(Continued from Page 7.)

tributed to the dictates of Whitehall.

Mr. N. M. Joshi condemned the wastage of money on undertakings which did not pay, such as remodelling the railway stations at Lucknow and Poona.

Mr. K. Santanam (Madras) rising amid cheers to make his maiden speech, said that all might agree as to the need of control, but the real trouble came when the question arose as to what control meant. In the last analysis there could be no real control, unless there was real responsibility.

STOP EXTRAVAGANCE.

Mr. Santanam, proceeding, said that when the Congress came into power, they hoped to enforce a five hundred rupees limit, but until that was done the Railway could fix the maximum at one thousand.

Mr. Chapman Mortimer, next spoke.

Sir Raghavendra Rao replied to the debate.

The House divided and the motion was carried by 56 votes against 37.

The President adjourned the House till to-morrow.—A.P.

SAPRU X'RAYS MORGAN REPORT

(Continued from Page 1.)

conceded by the Instrument of Accession?

Sir T. B. Sapru's reply was that beyond the Instrument of Accession, the sovereignty of States was unaffected.

(2) Is the Instrument of Accession the final and complete limitation on the authority of the Federal Courts and the Privy Council?

Sir T. B. Sapru's answer was in the affirmative.

WHEN ACT IS CHANGED.

(3) Has Parliament power to legislate amending the protected provisions of the Act without in substance affecting Federation, as established under this Act?

Sir Tej Bahadur replied that the States were acceding to Federation as established under this Act; therefore any fundamental change in the protected provisions of the Act would be putting an end to Federation established under this Act; therefore the Instrument of Accession would have spent itself, and the agreement between States and Crown in that behalf would necessarily come to an end. The omnipotence of Parliament is not denied, but amendment of protected provisions would necessarily mean termination of the existing understanding.

(4) Can the Instrument of Instruction be disregarded by the Secretary of State, rendering thereby protection afforded to the States in special powers of the Governor-General nugatory?

Sir T. B. Sapru replied in the negative. It would be no violent assumption on the part of the States to think that the Secretary of State would act honestly, and that he would conform to the high traditions of public integrity. In the event of any such instructions being disregarded by the Secretary of State, there would be enough remedies to bring him to book beyond one of impeachment, which in these days might be considered by some as obsolete.

A few other questions were also referred to Sir T. B. Sapru to which his answers were very convincing and satisfactory.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru did not share the apprehension of Mr. Morgan with regard to some of the provisions of the Act.—

NO ANALOGY

In reference to the question of secession, Sir T. B. Sapru says that whether the Dominions under the Statute of Westminster of 1931 possess the right of secession or not does not seem to be a very relevant question in dealing with the Indian Constitution. The fact is that India is not a Dominion yet. Even with regard to the true scope and import of the Statute of Westminster, there is some difference of opinion among lawyers.

At best, to argue from the Dominions to India seems to me to be merely academic and is apt to introduce confusion into the correct legal ideas about relationship of Indian States with the Crown. Assuming that a Dominion has the right of secession, it simply means that it has the right to sever its connection with the British Empire.

NOT CONTEMPLATED

I can scarcely conceive of Indian States entertaining any such idea. All that secession in their case can mean is the desire to go out of Federation. The whole Constitution is based on the assumption that Federation will consist of Indian States and if, after a few years, they decide to walk out of it, it may virtually mean the break down of the whole Constitution as embodied in the Act. I do not think that this was contemplated by Parliament or by other parties to Federation, namely the British Indian Provinces, or to put it otherwise by the Crown on behalf of the provinces.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Feb 23

B I S N ss Cranfield of 3213 reg tons, Captain P A C James arrived on 22nd instant from Rangoon, Colombo, Trivandrum, Cochin and Calicut with passenger, rice, timber and general cargo.

Scindia ss Jalajyoti of 2698 reg tons, Captain J G Connor arrived from Bassein via Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, Calicut and Badagra with general cargo.

Iraq Govt Dredg. Onger of 1053 reg tons, Captain O P Reir arrived from Basra in ballast.

T M ss Cape Nelson of 2338 reg tons, Captain J O Byars arrived from Cardiff via Oran, Portsaid and Merbat with cargo of coal.

Ralli Bros ss Lawre Laure of 3610 reg tons, Captain I Esphisito arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton.

B I S N ss Warfield of 3805 reg tons, Captain C A Vaughan arrived from Middlesbrough via Antwerp, Bondon, Portsaid, and Portsudan with general cargo.

B I S N ss Barala of 1899 reg tons, Captain E Shepherd arrived from Koweit via Bushire, Bahrein, Dubai, Bunder Abbas, Muscat, Karachi, Bedi Bunder, Mangrol and Verawal with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

N Y K ss Mayebashi Maru of 4321 reg tons, Captain K Mitsui sailed for Kobe via Karachi and Singapore with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Gamaria of 3232 reg tons, Captain D S Johnson sailed for Karachi via Bhavnagar and Kathiawar Coast Ports with same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 23-2-37.

S S City of Eastsburne (F F C) for American Ports via Colombo and Madras.

S S Conte Verde (L T) for Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo.

S S Watchfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports

S S Baralg (M M) for Colombo, Calcutta and Coast Ports.

S S Talamba (M M) for Calcutta

S S Kenkon Maru (M B K) for Karachi, Madras, Moji, Osaka, Kobe, Yokohama and Nagoya.

S S Golconda (M M) for Colombo, Pondicherry, Calcutta and Chittagong via Malabar Coast Ports.

Vessels In Docks

ALEXANDRA DOCK

4 Warfield 3805 Karachi 26-2 M M
5 Castalia 4171 U Kingdom 27-2 Grahams Tdg.
7 Weissenfels 4852 Antwarp 25-2 Lionel E
9 Shunko Maru 5027 Karachi 1-3 O S K
12 Mantai Maru 4259 Japan 23-2 O S K
14 Liverpool Maru 4271 Japan 26-2 O S K

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Nizam 3334 Calcutta 23-2 T M
3 Baroda 1888 P Gulf 24-2 M M
4 Varsova 1955 P Gulf 25-2 M M
5 Sophie Marie 677 Karachi 23-2 Merchant S N.
6 Victoria Marie 882 M Coast 23-2 M S N Co
10/11 Cranfield 3213 Rangoon N F M M
15 Janaki 530 M Coast 23-2 Malabar S Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

F Alavi 2161 Jeddah 25-2 T M

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Comorin 25-2 P & O
Burdwan 3-3-37 M M
Strathmore 4-3-37 P & O
Kaisar-i-Hind 11-3-37 P & O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Macindoe 23-2-37 Finlay
City of Canterbury 27-2-37 Killick
C/O Kobe 28-2-37 J Finlay
Elysia 8-3 Graham Trading

FROM GERMANY

Leibenfels 26-2-37 Lionel E

FROM NEW YORK

City of Eastbourne 24-2-37 F F

FROM GENOA

Conte Verde 24-2-37 L Triestino

FROM TRIESTE

Hilda 20-2 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Ginyo Maru 1-3-37 N Y K
Shunko Maru 23-2-37 O S K
Hague Maru 27-2-37 O S K
Koshim Maru 11-3 O S K
Tokiwa Maru 18-3 N Y K
Kofuku Maru 20-3 N Y K
Buyo Maru 22-3 OS K
Borneo Maru 26-3 O S K

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 27-2 P and O.

FROM JAVA

Silverpine 27-2-37 Vol Bros

FROM CALCUTTA

Gurna 25-2-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Crenfild 23-2 M M

FROM BASRA

Barala 25-2-37 M M
Varela 27-2 M M
Barpeta 4-3 M M
Vasna 7-3 M M

FROM KARACHI

Fraunfels 27-2-37 L Edward
Mayebashi Maru 26-2-37 N Y K

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Chitral 13-3 37 P and O
Kaisar-I-Hind 20-3-37 P and O
Mooltan 27-2 P & O
Naldera 20-3 P & O
Strathmore 6-3-37 P & O

FOR GERMANY

Weissenfels 25-2 L Edward
Watchfels 3-3-37 L Edward
Rotenfels 1-3-37 L Edward

FOR LIVERPOOL

Silverpine 3-3-37 V Bros
Castalia 27-2-37 Grahams
City of Benares 8-3-37 Killick
Britania 11-3 G Trading

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 25-3 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 2-3 L Triestino

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Hayes 22-3-37 F F Campbell
Pres Wilson 21-3-37 F F Campbell
City of Eastbourne 26-2-37 F F
Reliance 27-2 V Brothers
Silver Pine 3-3 V Brothers

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Calcutta Maru 28-2-37 N Y K
Mantai Maru 28-2-37 O S K
Liverpool Maru 28-2-37 O S K
Conte Verde 24-2 L Triestino
Victoria 16-3-37 L Triestino
Shunko Maru 9-3 O S K
Genyo Maru 22-3 N Y K
Hague Maru 14-3 O S K

FOR BASRA

Baroda 24-2 M M
Varsova 25-2-37 M M
Bankura 3-3 M M

FOR SYDNEY

Comorin 25-2 P & O

FOR KARACHI

Mayebashi Maru 23-2-37 N Y K
Weissenfels 23-2-37 Lionel E

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 31-3-37 M M
Takliwa 3-3-37 M M
Kanya 17-3-37 M M

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Dandolo 19-2-37
S S Castalia 19-2-37
S S Fairfield City 22-2-37
S S City of Rayville boats American cotton 20-2-37
S S Mayebashi Maru boats American cotton 20-2-37
S S Oostcappelle 20-2-37
S S Netravati 20-2-37
S S Golconda 20-2-37
S S Nizam 22-2-37
S S Gamaria 22-2-37
S S Sophie Marie 22-2-37
S S Parvati 22-2-37
S S Sonavati 22-2-37

EXPORTS

S S Castalia for Montreal: 29 bales rugs Cox and Kings;

For Liverpool Manchester: 274 bales cotton N Rajaram.

For Glasgow: 83 drums groundnut oil A Oomerbhoy; 1400 bags groundnut oil V Shivji.

For Marseilles: 415 bales cotton H Nensey

For Manchester: 25 bales cotton t waste C Jairam; 96 bundles cotton waste and ropes M Narotamdas; 100 bales cotton waste B Karsondas.

For Liverpool: 16 bales raw wool M Nissim; 15 bales raw wool V Omerbhoy; 1290 bags groundnut oil cake A Oomerbhoy.

S S Wachtfels for Istambul: 112 bags mandi powder A El Ejil.

For Stockholm: 60 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Salonica: 105 bags henna powder D Abraham; 70 bags cotton Ralli Bros.

For Hamburg: 73 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 60 bags mandi powder A El Ejil; 562 bags gum N Muljee; 6910 bags gr oil cake H Rowji; 91 bales cow hides D Abraham; 155 bales hemp raw The S Calcutta Com; 220 bales cottonfly V P Mastai; 170 bales cottonfly N Karkani; 380 bales cotton Vol Bros.

For Amsterdam: 204 bags gum N Muljee; 484 bags gum T Laxmidas.

For Oslo; 3961 bags groundnut oil cake The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Rotterdam: 50 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 39 bags gum N Muljee; 1200 bags I seed The Swastik General Trad; 450 bales cotton Vol Bros; 1333 bags gr seed M Bhutta;

For Malona: 40 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills; 87 bags f seed D Abraham.

For Antwerp: 55 bales cotton G M Vyas; 15 bags old leather pickers G Kasambhai; 7600 pckts myrabollams C Manilal; 120 bags gum N Muljee; 6910 bags groundnut oil cake H Rawji; 525 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 1500 tons manganese ore Cox and King.

For Antwerp Rotterdam Hamburg: 5550 bags groundnut oil cake H Rawji.

S S Manila for Ghent: 360 bales cotton The Bombay Co; 62 bales cotton Langley;

For Antwerp: 220 bales cotton Bombay Co; 108 bales cotton S. Karamshi; 172 bales cotton Langley.

S S Laura Lauro for Portsaid: 24070 bags groundnut oil cake Ralli Bros; 2597 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Shunko Maru for Kobe: 250 bales cotton K Devchand; 400 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 400 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 200 bales cotton P Madhavani; 900 bales cotton Langley; 700 bales cotton A Khimji; 200 bales cotton Nisho Co; 600 bales cotton A Podar; 607 bales cotton M Amersy; 100 bales cotton H Nensy; 100 bales cotton Habib and Sons; 1600 balec cotton N Nagsee; 400 bales cotton Kotak Co; 200 bales cotton A Clayton; 200 bales cotton S J David; 100 bales cotton B Factory; 400 bales cotton S R Tulshan.

For Osaka: 50 bales cotton K Devchand; 1000 bales cotton T M Kaisha; 200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 200 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton Kotak.

For Nagasaki: 100 bales cotton N Rajaram.; 1000 bales cotton T M Kaisha; 1500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

S S Liverpool Maru for Nagasaki: 200 bales cotton Vol Bros.

For Kobe Osaka: 800 bales cotton Vol Bros.

For Osaka: 500 bales cotton T M Kaisha; 300 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 100 bales cotton Kotak.

For Kobe: 100 bales cotton N Nagsee; 100 bales cotton A Khimji; 100 bales cotton B Harakchand; 500 bales cotton S Karamshi; 105 bales cotton N Fulehally; 200 bales cotton N Manilal; 100 bales cotton S R Tulshan; 150 bales cotton G K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton R Kanji; 100 bales cotton S Kar; 200 bales cotton G Dossa; 100 bales cotton A Podar.

For Yokkaichi: 150 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS

S S Clan Alpine, Agents J Finlay from Liverpool etc.: 294 cases cotton; 90 bales cotton; 34 cases silk yarn; 26 cases cotton fents; 64 cases cotton yarn; 111 nos cisterns; 524 cases machinery and parts; 127 cases elect goods; 48 ds zinc chloride; 57 cases stout; 20 barrels salamonica; 20 cases ale; 62 bundles boot protectors; 68 cases biscuits; 31 bales s bars; 200 bales s circles; 100 nos steel tyres; 15 cases earth. colour; 956 bales g c sheet; 475 bales old newspapers; 254 cases aliz dyes; 25 cases whisky; 2212 tons china clay; 105 pieces pans; 150 cases soap powder; 640 bdles steel sheet; 1100 drums caustic soda; 74 drums chrolide of lime; 100 drums calcium chloride; 40 cases carbonate of ammonia; 100 cases mureate of ammonia 25 bags soda crystals; 1900 bags soda bicarb; 12697 bags soda ash; 94 bags silcate of soda; 400 drums bleaching powder; 76 drums lubricating oil; 524 cases machinery; 200 kegs hydro sulphate of soda; 373 crts tiles; 44 nos galv empty d/s; 40 cases colour.

From Glasgow: 101 bags machinery and parts; 25 bundles standard projectors; 75 bales paper; 50 cases stocks; 530 cases beer; 507 cases whisky; 186 casks coal pitch; 75 cases ginger wine; 5000 nos fire bricks; 79 bundles r tyres and tubes; 70 nos s axles; 46 packages valves and fitting; 300 nos c i cisterns; 38 nos tubes; 158 cases san e'ware.

Great Activity In Lancashire Cloth Trade

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET CHEERFUL

Scarcity Of Contracts

Bombay, Feb. 23.

Yesterday American market were closed but the Liverpool cotton futures market was cheerful on reports of better business in Lancashire and scarcity of sellers. The undertone of the market was good and Japanese spinners were buying long staple cotton.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

Prices sagged on March Liquidation and moderately increased hedging against purchases of loan cotton. Fears that any restrictive agricultural Legislation may be enacted too late to affect this years acreage checked fresh outside buying. Resistance developed when the average spot quotation eased one point below the minimum basis at which the loan cotton could be released, with trade buying and less hedge pressure resulting in moderate rallies.

Apparently some difference of opinion prevails within the Commodity Credit Corporation regarding the sales policies. Mr. Oscar Johnston is represented as advocating more attractive release terms to stimulate world consumption and to reduce loan stocks with other officials wishing to obtain the maximum prices to minimize the C.C.C. losses.

Estimates of acreage increase range from 10 to 15 per cent with intensive cultivation indicated. Meanwhile, sentiment is mixed and market movements either way are not anticipated pending developments in Washington.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton market opened at a rise of 2 points with May 6.99. There was trade calling with local buying in near positions which disclosed shortage of contracts. Later on there was Continental and local buying against uppers but later reacted on an Anglo-American House hedging. The market closed at a net rise of 5 to 4 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 5 points at 7.30d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was steady with a moderate enquiry. Uppers futures closed 2 to 9 points up with spot 21 points up at 10.26. Uppers futures closed 7 to 3 points higher with Spot Cotton 10 points up at 8.18d. per lb.

LANCASHIRE BUSINESS

A Liverpool firm writes:—

Cloth.—Both Spinners and Manufacturers have reported an eagerness to buy, which has kept prices on the upgrade. So keen have many buyers been to make sure of supplies that, for the first time for years, they have actually been competing against one another and forcing prices up. Very few makers are now able to give early delivery, but anyone who is in a position to do so can command a premium. A further all-round stiffening of prices has been a feature of the week's trading and indications are that the maximum point has by no means been reached.

There has been a slight decline in demand so far as India is concerned. Some of the leading shippers have made good provision in a variety of cloth. Some of these have been bought speculatively at prevailing prices, and the goods have still to be marketed on the other side. Demand, however, seems far from being satisfied.

The most disappointing section of the trade has been that engaged in the production of dhooties. Moderate quantities of white yarn and mull styles have been sold for Calcutta. These goods have certainly not been booked with the same freedom as other cloths. Karachi has again been by far the best centre with useful purchases of medium and fine mulls, twills, sateens and fancies and at least one large line of dyed shirtings.

The up-country markets have bought many small lots of dyed goods and fancies, and a quiet business—mostly in the lighter classes of goods—has been registered for Bombay and Madras Colombo has been an active buyer of white shirtings, dhooties and fancy prints, and a varied and considerable business has been negotiated for Java. The Straits Settlement have also operated on a more generous scale and a fair number of minor transactions in poplins and fancies have taken place for Hong Kong.

Demand from Egypt has covered all the customary cloths and the quantities booked have been large. In the case of tanjibs, overtures have been made for exceptional lines but only a portion of these have gone through. There has been good buying of heavy bleaching cloths, prints and brocades for shipment to West Africa, and several South American States have given out important contracts for dyeing cloth. split poplins, printers and warp satins.

Yarn.—There has been a great demand for American Yarn, particularly in the coarser counts, and buyers have willingly paid the increased prices. Sales in all counts have been considerably in excess of production.

On the Egyptian side some heavy weights of fine counts have been booked. Export transactions have been on moderate extent.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. Feb. 10 May Highest (10 a.m.)	12.44 plus 06
N. Y Feb 10 Lowest (10-29 a.m.)	12.40 plus 02
Liverpool Feb. 22 May Highest	7.04 plus 07
Liverpool Feb. 22 May Lowest	6.99 plus 02

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool:—"Market more cheerful owing to the activity of trade. Japanese spinners thought to be buying long staple cotton our opinion is that the "long" interest is about liquidated."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Very narrow trading market continues volume moderate, awaiting March notice day.

New York.—Estimated 400 thousand loan certificates purchased from producers not yet all repossessed. Conditions in West Texas causing comment.

New York.—Spot houses large buyers March. Look for heavy tenders to be stopped quickly. Expect further tightening nears over distants. Goods market quiet and firm.

New York.—Outlook is uncertain. Absence of speculation. Prefer buying on declines only.

Liverpool.—Market steady. London and Egyptian buying. Shortage of contracts. American and Bombay selling. Bearish temporary.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:

Cotton:—Believe American, upper, Giza markets due for appreciation. Sakeis particularly strong on Alexandria buying. Understand Japanese shipments released being paid for in Gold.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 22.

February	7.02 plus 05
March	7.02 plus 05
April	7.01 plus 04
May	7.01 plus 04
June	6.98 plus 04
July	6.86 plus 04
August	6.80 plus 04
September	6.69 plus 04
October	6.61 plus 04
November	6.56 plus 04
December	6.56 plus 04
January	6.55 plus 04
February	6.54 plus 04
Middling Spot	7.30 plus 05

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 22.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS.—	
February	9.66
March	9.66
May	9.91
July	9.97
September	9.97
F.G.F. Spot	10.28

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 22.

BROACH.—	
Full Good (good staple)	5.59
Fine (good staple)	5.74
Superfine (good staple)	5.89
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.61
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.76
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.91
BENGAL.—	
Good	4.59
Fully Good	4.69
Fine	4.81

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 23.

Following encouraging Liverpool advices the local market opened to-day at Rs. 222 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 221/12 on scattered selling. Later on there was improved buying and prices advanced to Rs. 222/4. The undertone of the market was good and general sentiment is now turning on the bull side.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 2 points and prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 223/4 for Broach A/M. Later on there was scattered realising and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M	222	0	0
Broach J/A	225	4	0
Oomra March	204	12	0
Oomra May	205	0	0
Oomra July	205	8	0
Bengal March	179	8	0
Bengal May	179	4	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Feb 23

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	187	184	181	178	
Punjab	187	184	181	178	
Oomra No. 3	213	210	207	204	...
C P No. 1	225	222	219	216	...
C P No. 2	217	214	211	208	...
Broach No. 2	225	223	221	219	
Khandesh	206	203	200	197	...

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, Feb 23

50 Toyopoddar Mill Palej Broach Rate
96 H Bharmal Pandarkoda old 205
76 A Damodar Sirpur 7 1/2 off
100 Ralli Bros Mulkapur 197
44 Ralli Bros Banusa 196 1/2
130 Japan T and Co Wun 217 1/2
123 A Damodar Khamgaon 5 off
105 Narshi Nagshi Yeotmal 2 on
78 Narshi Nagshi Digras 2 1/2 on
113 Narshi Nagshi Neemuch 194
49 Narshi Nagshi Neemuch 193 1/2
103 K Devchand Bhilwara 34 off
90 K Devchand Bhiwani Mandi 34 off
53 K Devchand Aurangabad 202 1/2
116 Samji Karamshi Bir 6 off
104 Samji Karamshi Muktsar 176

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Feb 23

Bengal Superfine	185/87
Bengal Fine	182/84
C P 1	218/20
C P 2	211/13
Arvi	211/13
Ellichpur	208/10
Berar	206/08
Khamgaon	207/09
Mulkapur	207/09
Khandesh	204
Jalna/Sailu	204
Burwah Sanavad	207/11
Broach Fine	221/23
Punjab American	217/27
Sind N T	257/62
Punjab 289 F	272/82
Jagadia Ankleshwar	252/54

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Feb 23

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	20-2-37.	This year.
Khandesh	861	187,414
Central India	1,743	251,288
Barsi and Nagar	719	127,155
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	60,601
Berar	2,027	431,559
Central Provinces	232	93,102
Total Oomras	5,582	1,151,119
Dholera	579	25,796
N W Provinces	...	5,843
Rajputana	473	42,469
Sind Punjab	687	251,628
Broach	3,602	60,831
Coompta and Dharwar	60	11,850
Westerns Northerns	9	13,767
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	2,844
Persian	...	10
American	...	3,794
Egyptian and African	428	142,236
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	11,420	1,692,326

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 18 Feb

In full-pressed bales	20-2-37.	This year.
Europe	1,025	206,268
Japan and China	5,275	746,414
Coast Ports	...	10,072
Up-country by Rail	...	128,236
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	36,313
Total	6,300	1,127,303

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 19th February	12,249
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	1,680,906
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,249,753
Increase	431,153

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 222—Liverpool May 7.01 Rs. 83 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1937 225—Liverpool July 6.96 Rs. 78 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Feb. 20.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 219 3/4; Highest 221; Lowest 219 3/4; Closing 220 3/4
Broach July/Aug. Op. 223; Highest 224; Lowest 223; Closing 223 3/4.
Oomra March Op. 203; Highest 203 1/2 Lowest 203; Closing 203 1/2.
Oomra May Op. 203; Highest 203 3/4; Lowest 203; Closing 203 3/4.
Oomra July Op. 203 1/2; Highest 204 1/4; Lowest 203 1/2; Closing 204 1/4.
Bengal March Op. 178 3/4, Highest 179 Lowest 178 1/4; Closing 179.
Bengal May Op. 178 1/4; Highest 178 3/4; Lowest 178 1/4; Closing 178 3/4.
T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-3-37) Rs. 5 1/2.
T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 6 3/4.
T/Mandi for Broach July/A. (30-6-37) Rs 14 3/4.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 23.

Yesterday London gold prices were unchanged at £7-2-1 1/2. London-Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 105.13. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted at 4.89 5/16. London silver was unchanged at 20 1/16d. Business was very small and the market was steady. There were buyers at fixed rates but sellers asked 1/16th. over fixed prices. New York silver market was closed and Montreal futures were unchanged to 5 points up. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 9/16. As pointed out before we are bearish for silver and we do not think it advisable to have purchases of silver. The local market was quiet but steady with a restricted turnover as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
GOLD—			
Ready	35	3	0
Magh	35	3	0
Fagan	35	3	0
SILVER—			
Ready	50	5	0
Magh	49	4	0
Fagan	49	7	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Feb. 22.

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	20 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Feb. 22.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce £7-2-1 1/2

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Feb 23

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£69 0 0
Standard copper 3 months	£69 5 0
Electrolytic copper	£79 0 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	14 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	13.50 cents.
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 47 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 63 0 0

Tone: Strong.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Feb 23

Our market was quiet but steady and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Liverpool market is under the influence of March liquidation while demand for Linseed is moderate.

Linseed May	7 7 0
Linseed September	7 11 0
Wheat May	5 6 9
Wheat September	5 5 6

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Feb 23

Groundnuts February—	
Opening	40 14 0
Highest	40 14 0
Lowest	40 12 0
Closing	40 12 0
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	42 3 0
Highest	42 7 6
Lowest	41 14 0
Closing	41 14 6
Castorseed May—	
Opening	36 2 6
Highest	36 4 0
Lowest	36 0 6
Closing	36 1 6
Cottonseed May—	
Opening	20 7 3
Highest	20 11 0
Lowest	20 7 0
Closing	20 10 3

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Feb 22

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled February £14-10-0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Feb 22

March 100 5/8d.
May 102 3/4d.
July 104 1/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Feb 22

Market closed.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Feb 23

Java ready	13 2 0
February March shipment	4 4 6
July September shipment	4 8 6
Kesar ready	11 5 0
Saraya ready	10 14 0
Spot Java	F. 5.35

SUGAR STATISTICS

Estimated world's production for 1936-37 was 27,748,000 tons against 27,128,000 tons last year. The world's consumption last year was 28,031,000 tons while stocks have been reduced to 376,000 tons against 1,390,000 tons in 1934-35 and 29,85,000 tons in 1933-34.

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Feb. 22.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. Feb- sellers	£11/11/3
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers	£13/15/0
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers	£14/0/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers	£13/15/3
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Feb-Mar. sellers	£13/12/8

LONDON RUBBER

London, Feb. 22.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribber per lb. sellers 10 9/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Feb. 22.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 8 7/8

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 22.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.89 5/16
Paris	105.13
Berlin	12.16 1/2
Madrid	71.50
Amsterdam	8.93 1/2
Brussels	29.02
Milan	92.96
Berne	21.44
Prague	140.20

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 23.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	98/8
3 per cent 1951/54	100/8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	93/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	104/4
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	116/12
3 per cent U P Bonds	96/8
5 per cent 1938/44	106/14
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	109/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	105/10
TAX FREES	
3 per cent 1945/55	117/8
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	111
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	105/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	107/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107
5 per cent M Deb 1959	117
6 per cent M Deb 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 93/2 and after declining to Rs. 93 improved to Rs. 93/6.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Feb. 23.

B C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273 3/4
Banks selling T T	271 3/4
Banks buying T T	269 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	788
Banks buying T T	603
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	76 3/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 3/4
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 5/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 22nd instant	Closed
Japan/London— 23rd instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London— 23rd instant	8.89
Hongkong/London— 23rd instant	1/3
Shanghai/London— 23rd instant	1/2 9/16
London/Paris 22nd instant	105 13
London/Belgium 22nd instant	29.02
London/Switzerland 22nd instant	21.44
London/Berlin 22nd instant	12.16 1/2
London/Stockholm 22nd instant	19,39 1/2
London/New York 22nd instant	4.89 5/16
London/Amsterdam 22nd instant	8.93 1/2
London/Italy 22nd instant	92.96

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold 22nd instant	£7-2-1 1/2
Silver London Ready 22nd instant	20 1/16
Silver London Forward 22nd instant	20 1/16
Silver New York Ready 22nd instant	45
London Discounts 3 months 22nd instant	19/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months 22nd instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Steady.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Feb. 22.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76
3 1/2 per cent	90
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	113 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	112 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	97
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	101 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	101 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, Feb. 22.

Bank Bills 3 months market rae 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, Feb. 22.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£76
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	90
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£101 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£101 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	111 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£108 1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£16 1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£113 1/2
National Bank of India	£47 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LINSEED OIL

London, Feb. 22.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. March sellers	26/10 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Feb-Aug. sellers	27

Tata Steel Shares Firm

BOMBAY DYEINGS STEADY

Market Displays Good Tone

BOMBAY: February 23.

Following bullish foreign advices, the local Share Bazar ruled very steady with a fairly active buying in Steel Shares.

When Tata Steel Dfds. crossed the previous highest closing level, there was considerable realising. The offerings were well absorbed and the market closed at about the highest level.

There was a good deal of budly business all round in the Bazar. Professional support was lacking, but the Market displayed good tone.

With reports of better business in cloth, there was slightly better enquiry for Cotton Textile shares. Bombay Dyeings gained few points, while other shares in this Section ruled steady.

Hydro-Electric shares moved within narrow range without any important business. But increased Mill activity is bound to attract the attention of Operators if prices decline further.

In view of Budget uncertainty the market is likely to be irregular this week, but in view of strong situation of industries, we think it safe to lean on the long side.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 895 and declined to Rs. 882 on realising. Later on there was improved demand, and prices rallied to Rs. 891-4. Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 280 and New Greats were done at Rs. 172.

Cement Shares fluctuated within a narrow range and Bundis changed hands at Rs. 40. Indians were steady at Rs. 530 and Shahabads were placed at Rs. 510.

Tata Power Shares opened at Rs. 1,515 and improved to Rs. 1,520, but later declined to Rs. 1,508. Andhras were stagnant at Rs. 1,705, while Hydros were quiet at Rs. 184-6.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,410 and soon improved to Rs. 1,422, but realisings depressed prices to Rs. 1,415. At this level they were very steady and finally closed at a rise of Rs. 45 at Rs. 1,435, a new high level. Ordinary Shares also improved to Rs. 302-8.

Bombay Burmas were quietly steady at Rs. 643.

Budly differences were fairly wide and Dfds. were quoted at a premium of Rs. 10 for the next settlement.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY: February 23.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 14)	305	0
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	891	4
100 CENTURY	206	4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	265	10
100 COLABA (nil)	146	4
100 Coorla	110	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	370	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-12	0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	117	8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	207	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	48	12
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	90	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	280	10
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	647	8
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	915	0
250 Model	52	8
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	111	4
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	172	8
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	50	0
100 Phoenix (10)	318	12
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	62	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,300	0
50 SIMPLEX (Re. 1-2)	80	10
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	235	10
100 Swan (nil)	85	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1325	0
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	117	8
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	0
500 Imperial (Rs. 50)	1,515	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	370	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	140	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	XD 132	0
5 Union (As. 4)	5	13
CEMENTS		
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	40	0
100 Coimbatore	199	6
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	135	10
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	530	0
40 Katni 'Def. (Rs. 83-8-9)	2,343	12
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	383	12
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	305	0
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	29	12
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 13-8)	510	0
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	163	12
INSURANCE.		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1012	8
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	XD 15	12
15-75 New India (Re. 1-4)	44	0
20 Mercantile	46	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,335	0
10-50 Universal Fire	5	4
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	14
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	185	0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1705	0
10 Aimer (As. 4)	14	0
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 3-8)	150	5
100 Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	0
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	270	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
100 T. HYDRO (Rs. 5)	184	6
1000 T. POWER (Rs. 40)	1508	12
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	922	8
100 C. Province	97	8
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0
100 Gujarat	94	8
100 Mandra Bhon	102	0
100 Pachora Jamner	97	8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102	0
500 Tapti Valley (17-8)	780	0
MININGS.		
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	48	8
30 TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs. 7-8)	1435	0
75 T. STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	302	8
MISCELLANEOUS.		
100 ALCOCK (Rs.)	281	4
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	170	0
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900	0
250 B. STEAM (Rs. 15)	285	0
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	639	6
50 Do. Contry (Rs. 5)	215	0
50 B. TELEPHONE (2-8)	115	0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	13	5
2sh. Indian Copper	5	3
10 Indian Iron & Steel	42	4
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	147	8
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	55	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	550	0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	525	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	622	8
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	22	0
30 PREMIER CON. (Rs. 1-1)	95	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	21	8
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,565	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	305	0
7 p.c. Bom. Trams (T.F.)	56	8
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	537	8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	10
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	100	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	101	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	160	10
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1,595	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	198	12
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	160	0
7 p.c. Vishnu	692	8
DEBENTURES.		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	102	12
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	111	0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	4
7 p.c. Sholapur	84	12
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	110	12

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Feb. 23.

Century (197/8) 200 204 206
Bom. Dyeing (877/4) 895 882 890 882 890 887 891
Kohinoor (277/8) 281 280
Central India (263/2) 265
New Great (168/12) 171 172 171 172
Simplex (80/10) 81 80/10
Swadeshi (232/8) 232 235
Bundi (40) 39/14 40
I. Cement (527/8) 528 530
Punjab (29/14) 30 29/12
Shahabad (508/12) 507 510
Andhra (1702/8) 1700 1705
Tata Hydro (183/7) 185 184/6
Tata Power (1512/8) 1515 1520 1510 1512 1510 1508
T. Steel Dfd. (1390) 1410 1422 1415 1425 1420 1430 1427 1432 1430 1435
T. Steel Ord. (297) 299 302/8 301/8 302/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (180) 180
Bellapur (171/14) 172 170
B. Steam (284/6) 284 285
B. Burma (639/6) 646 647 648

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Feb. 20.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Ame. Power and Light Com.	14
Ame. Forn Power Com.	13
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	79
Columbia Gas	18
United Power and Light	9
Int. Tel. and Tel.	14
American Tel. and Tel.	177
Western Union Telg.	78 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	28
Canadian Pacific Rly.	17
Great North Pfd. Rly.	49
New York Central Rly.	45 3/4
Southern Pacific Rly.	53
N. Y. N. Hartford H. R. R.	24
Brazilians Traction	29
Bethelehem Steel	94
Republican Steel	37 1/2
United States Steel	114
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	18
Amr. Car Foundry	64
Anaconda Copper Mining	64
Int. Nickel of Canada	72
Chrysler	130
General Motors	66 1/4
General Electric	60 1/2
Socony	18 3/4
Chase Bank	80 1/2
National City Bank	57
Sun Life of Canada	725
Youngstown Sheet	86
Amr. Super Power	2

Some preholiday profit-taking but steels, metals, strong. Rails steady. Holiday was on Monday.

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TRADE TENDENCIES

Messrs M and B Stern state:—

The Italian remobilisation plans and Germany's refusal to attend the raw materials conference at Geneva are considered to be a disquieting factor in the European political outlook. The Liverpool market yesterday advanced on trade demand disclosing a continued shortage of contracts.

Out of the total stocks in Liverpool of 9 lakhs bales there are only about 2 1/2 lakhs American of which only a few thousand bales are tenderable. The hedges in Liverpool against outside growths are estimated in some quarters at about 4 lakhs bales. Garside cables:

"The world's production estimated 29,681,000 bales, world's consumption may nearly equal this figure. World's business rising, loan sales to date estimated 350,000 bales. Farmers' planning larger acreage. Cloth slower America and abroad."

Our Head Office cabled on Saturday as follows:—

"Temporary lack of outside interest but ready to respond any constructive news: prefer purchases Liverpool."

LINSEED

Linseed was steady on Broomhall's cable reading:—

"Demand small. Sellers pressing influenced by favourable reports. Indian crop. Anticipate revival demand, think steady."

Stocks of linseed in U. S. A. on 31st December 1936 were 80,193 tons compared with 119,663 tons same time last year and linseed-oil 79,817,307 lbs. against 112,405,721 lbs. The Indian Government final forecast for Groundnuts is 2,803,000 tons compared with 2,258,000 tons last year.

WHEAT

Our H. Office cable:—"March liquidation holding market: We favour purchases this level."

Broomhall cables:—"Market quiet, pause in Continental demand. Think steady."

SUGAR

The strength of the statistical position can be gleaned from the following figures:—Estimated world's production for 1936-37—27,748,000 tons against 27,128,000 tons last year.

The world's consumption last year was 28,031,000 tons whilst stocks have now been reduced to 376,000 tons against 1,390,000 tons in 1934-35 and 2,985,000 tons in 1933-34. Our H

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The Bombay Chronicle

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Election Of Hon. E. R. Rao Challenged

Leaders' Sensational Statement

Grave Allegations: Inquiry Demanded

ALLEGED TAMPERING OF POLLING BOXES

Sensational allegations are made by prominent leaders of the Central Provinces against the election of the Hon'ble Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, the Home Member and Ex-Governor, and the defeat of Pundit Biharilal Agnihotri, his Congress rival.

The charges are made in a statement issued to the press under their signature which concludes thus: "We are making this statement deliberately and are prepared to shoulder the responsibility for our allegations and charges."

"It is needless to add", they conclude, "that if such serious offences are allowed to pass unnoticed democracy will be a farce and it would be useless for any non-official to stand as a candidate against an official."

The charges made are these:—

(1) That there was official interference with elections before polling took place.

(2) That Pundit Krishna Kant Malaviya and other leaders, who were present at polling at Bilaspur, openly declare that 90 per cent. of the votes were cast in favour of the Congress candidates.

(3) In majority of polling booths the presiding officer refused Congress election agents to affix their seals to the ballot-boxes of Hon. Mr. Rao.

(4) Congress agents' attempts to seal their own boxes were frustrated in many cases by the presiding officer.

(5) There were rumours before and after the election that ballot-boxes had been tampered with.

(6) When polling boxes relating to Sakavia, where Congress was expected to secure 70 per cent. votes, was opened, Congress supporters were shocked to learn that only 132 votes were for Congress and 1,264 for Mr. Rao.

(7) When Baritow boxes were brought the latch of the Congress box was found so loose that it fell down as soon as the seal was removed. Hinges gave proof of tampering. The bottom of the box had a big crevice.

(8) Congress boxes were found empty in constituencies where the Congress is strongest. Where the fight was even, Congress had a bare majority.

(9) On these the signatories demand an impartial committee of inquiry to investigate the matter.

Pundit Agnihotri, it is reported intends to file an election petition before a regular Court of Law.

Bombshell From Bilaspur

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

BILASPUR (C. P.): February 21.

The whole of the town of Bilaspur presented a gloomy and deserted appearance when it was publicly known that Mr. Kunj Behari Lal Agnihotri, Advocate, the Congress nominee for the Bilaspur Rural Constituency had been defeated by the Hon. Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, Home Member to the C. P. Government under circumstances that are considered mysterious.

The supporters of Mr. Rao tried in vain to break the monotony and gloom of the town by taking out a thin procession with the cries of "Rao Saheb Ki Jai," but were given a cold shoulder by the public which damped all their enthusiasm.

The voters from the interiors are constantly pouring into the house

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 3.)

Malaviya To Enter Assembly

Congress And Nationalist Parties To Be United

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 23.

It is understood that Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya may be invited to enter the Assembly when Govind Vallabh Pant resigns his seat in April next.

This move is connected with the efforts now in progress for the fusion Congress and Congress Nationalist parties.

One result of coming Convention in Delhi next month will be the merging of these two parties into one body both in the Delhi Assembly and provincial legislatures and Pundit Malaviya's return to active parliamentary work.

PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY CALLED BY POLICE

Echo Of Bomb Explosion At Sonepat

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

Reports received here indicate that several more searches were carried out in different places in connection with the recent bomb explosion at Sonepat.

At Rhotak, the house of Mr. Harnam Singh Vatsa, a student and younger brother of Mr. Manga Ram Vatsa, General Secretary of the Punjab Congress Socialist Party, was searched by the Police for one hour. But nothing incriminating is said to have been recovered.

The houses of Messrs. Kokhar Mal, Shambu Dutt Vaid, Lala Ram Rachamal Bazaz and Harnam Singh Vakil at Sonepat were searched yesterday morning.

Several Congress workers of Sonepat including the President and Secretary of the Local Congress Committee were called to the Dak Bungalow by the Police authorities in this connection.—United Press.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FIND IN TRAVANCORE

TRIVANDRUM: February 20.

The report has been received of the discovery of a few Neolithic pottery and iron implements at Vellimalai, in South Travancore, about 38 miles from Trivandrum. Two broken burial urns were unearthed, in one of which two iron implements resembling axes were found. The State Archaeological Superintendent who visited the spot, it is understood, has been able to discover the existence of half a dozen more burial urns on the spot, and it is hoped that their excavation will take place soon. The iron implements have been brought to the Trivandrum Museum, where they are being exhibited in the Pre-Historics Section.—A. P.

NO DISORDER DURING BAKR-ID IN BIHAR

Danger Zones Protected By Elaborate Police Management

PATNA, Feb. 23.

The first day of "Bakr-Id" passed off peacefully at Patna and Dinapore.

From reports received so far from various parts of the Province, it appears no disturbances occurred anywhere.

There was some apprehension of breach of peace at Jamalpur, Monghyer District, over the proposed procession with a sacrificial animal, but the District authorities having taken timely precautions by promulgating a Restraint Order under Section 144, nothing untoward happened.

Towns of Barh, Patna District, Sasaram, Shahabad District, Aurangabad, Gaya District and Motihari, Champaran District, were considered to be danger zones and elaborate police arrangements had been made at these places.—United Press.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST AGAINST OFFICE

Jayaprakash Denies Reports In Favour Of Acceptance

(From A Correspondent.)

PATNA, Feb. 23.

Interviewed regarding reports published in press about the Congress Socialists in the United Provinces being ready to join Congress Ministries if they are forced, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Congress Socialist Leader said that the reports are obviously baseless.

The Congress Socialist Party's policy has consistently been one of uncompromising opposition if the Congress accepting ministerial offices under the new slave Constitution. That policy still continues and I cannot conceive of any change in it.

There can be no question for any member of the Congress Socialist Party joining the Congress ministry even if the Congress unfortunately decides to accept office.

C. P. CONGRESSMEN MEET TO DECIDE OFFICE ACCEPTANCE

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 23.

With a view to eliciting views of Provincial Congressmen and arrive at a definite decision in regard to the issue of office acceptance, Captain Awadesh Pratap Singh, President of Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee, has called an emergent meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee on March 7 at Jubbulpore.

He has also invited newly elected Congress members of the Assembly to submit their views on the question.

Mahakoshal members, it is understood, will later confer with Maharashtra and Vidharbha colleagues at an inter-provincial convention which is likely to be held at Nagpur in the middle of March.—United Press.

ALLAHABAD'S 'NO' TO OFFICES

City Congress Committee's Recommendation To P. C. C.

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 23.

The Allahabad City Congress Committee at a meeting held today under the presidency of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, adopted the following resolution:

"Having considered the question of acceptance or non-acceptance of offices, the Allahabad Congress Committee is of the opinion that it would be improper and opposed to the clearly expressed policy of the Congress for Congressmen to accept Ministry in the new Assembly. The Committee therefore, recommends to the Provincial Congress Committee to decide that Congress representatives in the Assembly should not accept Ministries".—A.P.

ALLAHABAD D. C. C. AND OFFICES

Tandon Contradicts Press Reports

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 23.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the message in a certain newspaper that the Allahabad District Congress Committee has decided in favour of office acceptance, Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon said: "The message is absolutely incorrect. What the Committee did at its last sitting was to appoint a Sub-Committee to make recommendation on the subject. This Sub-Committee has held three sittings and four out of five members have to-day signed a report recommending that office should not be accepted. They base their recommendation on the Congress objective of wrecking the Government of India Act, as clearly affirmed in several resolutions of the Congress and A.I.C.C. and in the Election Manifesto. The District Congress Committee is meeting to-morrow to consider the Sub-Committee's recommendations.

"In this connection, I would also say that the hurry and anxiety which certain busy bodies are manifesting in distributing ministerial and other offices amongst the Congressmen in the U. P. is, to say the least, unseemly.—A.P.

COMMITTEE TO DEFEND ELECTION CASES

PESHAWAR, Feb. 23.

A Frontier Province Election Cases Defence Committee with Dr. Khan Sahib as Chairman, has been formed and an appeal has been issued for subscriptions.

This Committee is a sequel to the Government decision to start proceedings under Section 124-A against certain Punjab Congress Workers in connection with the Frontier election campaign. Mr. Bhanuram, M. L. A. and Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, Barrister will act as defence counsel.—A. P.

Assembly Interpellations

Stamp Duty On Inland Bill Exchange

Provincial Govts. To Be Consulted On Abolition

NEW DELHI: February 23.

Sir James Grigg replying to Mr. Bajoria in the Assembly admitted that the Royal Commission on Currency and the Central Banking Committee recommended the abolition of stamp duties on inland Bills of exchange, but the Banking Committee recommended that the initial step should be the reduction of stamp duty on all Bills of less than one year's usance to uniform the rate of two annas per thousand rupees.

The Reserve Bank of India in their report on Agricultural Credit Department has recommended that schedule one to Stamp Act should be amended so as to reduce duty on Bills of less than one years usance to two annas per thousand rupees.

The Government have received representations from commercial bodies urging abolition of Stamp Duties on inland Bills exchange and the matter, has been taken up with Provincial Governments who are to be consulted as their revenues are affected.

Auditors In Govt. Service.

Replying Mr. Bhagchand Soni Sir Mahomed Zafrullah said the experience of auditors in the Government service in different commercial and quasi commercial undertakings is not recognised for purposes of enrolment on register of accountants maintained under auditors certificate rules.

Since the present rules came into force eleven Government servants had applied but none was accepted for enrolment. Five of these applicants possessed requisite theoretical qualification but none satisfied necessary requirement relating practical training.

As regards permitting Government servants who possess necessary recognised technical qualifications and have sufficient audit experience in the Government Commercial and Quasi commercial Concerns are to be registered as auditors, Sir Mahomed said in such matters Government are guided by advice of the Indian Accountancy Board which was already considered the matter more than one occasion and has not found it advisable in the interests of accountancy profession and investing public to recommend grant of any such concession.

Any person possessing requisite qualifications can get himself enrolled on Register of Accountants irrespective of whether he is a Government servant or not.

PROTECTION OF SILK & PIECEGOODS NOT INADEQUATE

Commerce Member's Reply To Mathradas Visanji

NEW DELHI: Feb. 23.

"The Government of India are not satisfied that the measure of protection accorded to the indigenous silk and piecegoods industry under the Indian Tariff Textile Protection Amendment Act is inadequate" said Sir Zafrullah Khan, The Commerce Member in reply to Mr. Mathradas Vissanji's question in the Assembly to-day.

Sir Zafrulla Khan admitted that complaints had been made to Government that the protection was inadequate and representations to that effect had been received from the Indian Merchants Chamber in Bombay from time to time and also from the Mysore Chamber of Commerce and the Bombay Silk Mills and the Shri Vishnu Silk Mills, Bombay.

QUESTION.

Will Government please state whether they are aware of the fact that during the last six months there has been a considerable rise in the price of raw silk, thus increasing the cost of production for the Indian Silk piecegoods industry?

ANSWER.

There has been some increase in the average declared value of raw silk imported during the six months July to December, 1936, as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, but there has also been a corresponding increase in the average declared value.

MODEL MILL DISPUTE

Textile Union's Plea For Conciliation Board

NAGPUR, Feb. 23.

Their readiness to resume work if the mills reopened was expressed in a resolution passed this morning at a meeting of the Model Mill workers, who further made it clear that they would bring to the notice of the management their grievances for redress after joining duty.

It may be recalled that over 3,000 men have been idle for more than one and a half months following declaration of a lock-out by the mill authorities. The lock-out was sequel to the refusal of the operatives of the Weaving Department to resume, after having struck work for seven days, demanding working of all the looms, to which the management could not agree owing to economic depression and lack of sufficient demand.

Now, a definite cleavage has occurred among the workers, a large section of whom are pressing the mill authorities to reopen the mill.

The other group, led by the Textile Union Officials, are urging for an assurance of non-victimisation of strikers and satisfactory consideration of their grievances before the workers could resume. The Union passed a resolution urging appointment of a Conciliation Board to settle the dispute.

It is likely that the mill authorities would reopen the mill on March 1, 1937, as a majority of the workers are willing to resume duty and then place their demands for consideration of the mill authorities.—A. P.

Zetland Congratulates Nizam

HYDERABAD Deccan Feb. 23.

Lord Zetland, Secretary of State for India, has sent the following cable to H. E. H. the Nizam: "Hearty congratulations on Your Exalted Highness' Silver Jubilee and best wishes for future".

The Nizam has replied: "Grateful for kind congratulations and good wishes on occasion of my Silver Jubilee".—A.P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— "The Green Ribbon"

AS SOON AS IT'S DARK, WE'RE GOING BACK THERE!
WE WON'T FIND A THING! - I LOOKED THE WHOLE PLACE OVER BEFORE THEY CAUGHT ME!
1-18
WE'RE NOT GOING BACK TO INVESTIGATE! WE'RE GOING BACK TO MAKE A FEW ARRESTS!
ON WHAT GROUNDS? WE CAN'T PROVE THEY SWITCHED HORSES!
MAYBE NOT --- BUT WE CAN ARREST THEM FOR KEEPING YOU PRISONER! ---- I'M LOOKING FOR ONE MAN--- AND I THINK HE'S THERE!
I'M GETTING TIRED OF THIS GUARD DUTY! LET'S ---
SHHH! THERE'S TWO GUYS SNEAKING UP THE PATH!
LYMAN ANDERSON

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